REPORT COVER PAGE

Report Title: Region 9 Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division Inspection Report

Compliance Evaluation Inspection on August 17 2023 and August 18 2023 Focused Compliance Inspection on January 16 2024

Date of Report: April 30 2024

Agency: US Environmental Protection Agency **Division**: Enforcement and Compliance Assurance

Branch: Air, Waste and Chemicals

Facility Address: 3250 Scott Blvd Santa Clara, California, 95054

Tenant and Operator: Apple Inc ("Aria")

Owner: Cushman & Wakefield

FRS ID: 110001168254

RCRA LQG ID: CAR000278176 (prior CAT000623983)

TRI ID: 95051NTRSL3250S

SIC: TRIS 3674 Semiconductors and Related Devices

Bay Area Air Quality Management District Permit No. 22839 ("Semiconductor fab").

San Jose-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility Permit No. SC-461B ("Semiconductor – New

Source").

Property APN: 216-29-117

Zoning: Light Industrial (with existing Planned Development for 1,800 residential units on the northern property line, and Light Industrial on the western, southern, and eastern property lines). There is a pending 4/2024 Planning application requesting to add 166 new residential units on the eastern property line.

General Plan Phase III: Low Intensity Office / R&D (with High Density Residential on the northern, western, and southern property lines; and Low Intensity Office / R&D on the eastern property line).

Notes: The US EPA report was released per FOIA Request (No. 2024-EPA-04320) on June 21 2024. This "report cover page" summary was written by Ashley Gjovik (not US EPA).

COVER PAGE CONT.



3250 Scott Blvd and surrounding buildings.

COVER PAGE CONT.

Documents provided by the US EPA in response to FOIA Request No. 2024-EPA-04320:

Redacted - Apple CEI Final Dated 043024.pdf

Attachment A - Apple Photograph Log - Redacted.pdf

Attachment B - SB01 Air Permit 22839.pdf

Attachment C - SB01 Industrial Wastewater Permit.pdf

Attachment D - Tiered Permitting Unit - AWN System.pdf

Attachment E - Tiered Permitting Unit - HMR System.pdf

Attachment F - Tiered Permitting Unit - Solvent Tank System.pdf

Attachment G - SB01 Water with Solvents Profile.pdf

Attachment H - Permit Modification Application Plant 22839 13Sep23 Signed.pdf

Attachment L - IPA SDS.pdf

Attachment R - Improperly Characterized Activated Carbon Shipments.pdf

Redacted Attachment I -SDS.pdf

Redacted Attachment J - SDS.pdf

Redacted Attachment K - SDS.pdf

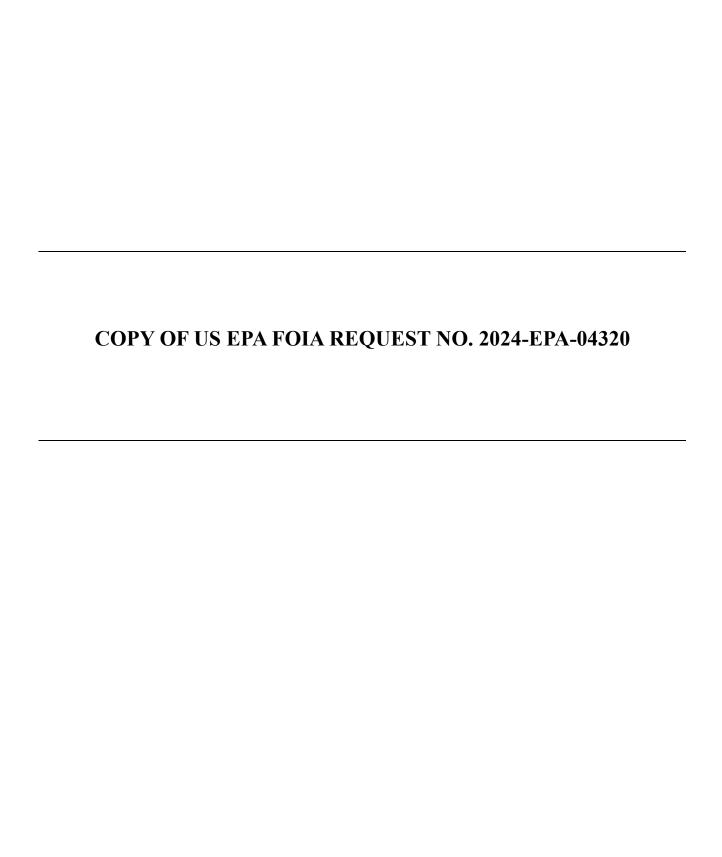
Redacted Attachment M - SDS.pdf

Redacted Attachment N - SDS.pdf

Redacted Attachment O - SDS.pdf

Redacted Attachment P - SDS.pdf

Redacted Attachment Q - CH1505500 Mixed Flam liquid SB01.pdf





Ashley Gjovik ashleymgjovik@protonmail.com

Re: Freedom of Information Act Request No. 2024-EPA-04320

Final Response

Dear Ashley Gjovik:

This letter concerns the above-referenced Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request, received by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) on May 21, 2024, in which you requested the recent inspection report for RCRA compliance at 3250 Scott Blvd., in Santa Clara, California.

Final Response

EPA has now concluded its search for records responsive to your FOIA request. A portion of the record is available through the EPA FOIAXpress Public Access Link (PAL) at https://foiapublicaccessportal.epa.gov/.

To access the records, please go to the Sign In link in the upper right-hand corner of the PAL and log in to your FOIAXpress account, if you have one. If you are not a FOIAXpress user and want to create an account, please contact FOIA_HQ@epa.gov to request an account invitation email.

The records are also available in EPA's virtual public Reading Room. To access the records, select the *Reading Room* link at the top of the PAL. Enter "*04320" for the FOIA Case Number, click on *Search*, and locate the records associated with FOIA Request No. 2024-EPA-04320.

EPA is withholding information under Exemption 4 of the FOIA, 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). EPA has determined that the withheld material may contain Confidential Business Information, which is exempt from disclosure under Exemption 4. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 2.204(d)(1), your request is being initially denied, with respect to these portions of the records, because further inquiry by EPA is required before a final determination can be made.

For those records that have been partially redacted, EPA has identified the basis for the redaction directly on the released record. EPA has considered the foreseeable harm standard when reviewing records and applying FOIA exemptions.

With respect to our withholdings under Exemption 4, please advise EPA if you believe EPA should conduct a final confidentiality determination. We will contact you to confirm your continued interest in receiving a final confidentiality determination. If appropriate, we will also provide you with a fee estimate and request an assurance of payment. Once we have confirmed your continued interest in the information and received any necessary assurance of payment, we will consult with all relevant third parties in connection with the information that has been withheld. The Office of Regional Counsel in EPA Region 9 will then issue a final confidentiality determination on whether the material qualifies for confidential treatment or may be released.

If EPA is assessing fees related to the processing of your FOIA request, an invoice with billing and payment instructions will be sent to you in separate correspondence.

Final Appeal Rights and Contact Information

This letter concludes our response to your request. As noted above, we have not yet made a final determination on the releasability of the material we have withheld under Exemption 4. We will be in contact with you regarding our review of this information. Therefore, you do not need to appeal the withholding of information under Exemption 4.

To the extent you would like to appeal any other issue, you may appeal this determination in writing within ninety (90) calendar days from the date of this letter by one of the following methods:

- 1.) Visit EPA's FOIA submission website (https://foiapublicaccessportal.epa.gov/), sign into your account by clicking Sign In, and select Submit Appeal;
- 2.) U.S. Mail sent to the following address: National FOIA Office, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue NW (2310A), Washington, DC 20460; or
- 3.) Overnight delivery service to National FOIA Office, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania NW, Room 7309C, Washington, DC 20460.

The Agency will not consider appeals received after the 90-calendar-day limit. Appeals received after 5:00 p.m. EST will be considered received on the next business day. The appeal should include the FOIA tracking number listed above. For quickest possible handling, the appeal letter, and its envelope, if applicable, should be marked "Freedom of Information Act Appeal."

If you need any further assistance or would like to discuss any aspect of your request, you may seek assistance from EPA's FOIA Public Liaison at hq.foia@epa.gov or call (202) 566-1667. You may also seek assistance from the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS). You may contact OGIS in any of the following ways: by mail, Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740-6001; email: ogis@nara.gov; telephone: (202) 741-5770 or (877) 684-6448; or fax: (202) 741-5769. For all media inquiries, please contact press@epa.gov.

Please contact J. Andrew Helmlinger at helmlinger.andrew@epa.gov or (415) 972-3904 should yo
have any questions concerning this matter.

Sincerely,

Amy C. Miller-Bowen, Director Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division

OFFICIAL US EPA RCRA REPORT FOR 3250 SCOTT BLVD, SANTA CLARA

Report Title: Region 9 Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division Inspection Report

Compliance Evaluation Inspection on August 17 2023 and August 18 2023 Focused Compliance Inspection on January 16 2024

Date of Report: April 30 2024

Agency: US Environmental Protection Agency **Division**: Enforcement and Compliance Assurance

Branch: Air, Waste and Chemicals



Region 9 Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division INSPECTION REPORT

Inspection Date(s):	August 17 – 18, 202	3 and	Inspection(s) Announced: No	
mspection bute(s).	January 16, 2024	.5 and	inspection(s) Aimouniced. No	
Time #1:	Entry #1: 10:05 am	(August 17, 2023)	Exit #1: 2:29 pm (August 18, 2023)	
Time #2:	Entry #2: 9:20 am (J	<u> </u>	Exit #2: 4:50 pm (January 16, 2024)	
Media:	RCRA		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Regulatory Program(s)	RCRA Subtitle C: Ha	zardous Waste Progr	am;	
Company Name:	Apple, Inc.			
Facility or Site Name:	Same			
Facility Location(s):	3250 Scott Blvd,			
(city, state, zip code)	Santa Clara, CA 950)54		
Mailing Address:	1 Apple Park Way, N			
(city, state, zip code)	Cupertino, CA 9501	•		
Geographic	37.378670 / -121.97	37.378670 / -121.971840 [www.latlong.net]		
Coordinates:				
County:	Santa Clara County			
Facility/Site Contact:	Tom Huynh		EHS Manager	
	tom huynh@apple	.com		
	(408) 595-0947			
Facility/Site Identifier:	EPA ID Number: CA	R 000 278 176 and C	AT 000 623 983	
Generator Status:	EPA inspected one Apple, Inc. (Apple) facility located at 3250 Scott Blvd in			
	Santa Clara, CA (EPA ID Number CAR 000 278 176). This facility operates as			
	Large Quantity Generator (LQG) of RCRA and non-RCRA hazardous waste			
	(NRHW) in the State of California. This facility also operates as a Small			
	Quantity Handler of Universal Waste Batteries.			
	According to RCRA Info, Apple's Santa Clara location was also assigned a second EPA ID Number (i.e., CAT 000 623 983) in September of 1986. This			
	second EPA ID Number is related to a historic clean-up, initiated by one of the previous owners of the site, Synergy Semiconductor. On November 6, 2020,			
	Apple notified EPA that this specific cleanup activity and the EPA ID Number			
	associated with the cleanup (i.e., CAT 000 623 983), are no longer active			
	under RCRA.			
NAICS:	334111 [Electronic Computer Manufacturing].			
SIC:	3571 [Electronic Computers].			
Facility/Site Personnel F	Participating in Inspe	ction:	-	
Tom Huynh, PE	Apple, Inc.	EHS Manager	tom huynh@apple.com	
			(408) 595-0947	
	1	1		

Kevin Sung	Apple, Inc.	EHS Engineer	kevin sung@apple.com
Keviii Julig	Apple, IIIe.	LIIS LIIGINCCI	(408) 908-0167
Grace Fisk	Apple, Inc.	EHS Engineer	gfisk@apple.com
Grace risk	Арріе, піс.	LIIS LIIgilleei	gnsk@apple.com
Sameei Al Khafaji	ACT Enviro	Field Chemist	salkhafaji@actenviro.com
			(408) 548-5050
Demonte Rose	ACT Enviro		
Allen Sherlock	Apple, Inc.		
Joe Loft	Apple, Inc.	Facilities Engineer	
Other Personnel Partic	cipating in Inspection:		
Frederick Chun	Santa Clara Fire	Assistant Fire	fchun@santaclaraca.gov
	Department	Marshall / CUPA	(408) 615-4961
		Manager	
Inspector(s):			
		() 1	Digitally signed by CHRISTOPHER
	CHRISTOPHE		
Christopher Rollins		U	Date: 2024.04.25 09:43:36 -07'00'
(Lead Inspector)	US EPA, Region 9	Environmental	rollins.christopher@epa.gov
	Mail Code: ENF 2-2	Protection	(415) 947-4166
Anuka King	US EPA, Region 9	Specialist Physical Scientist	king anuka@ona gov
Alluka Kilig	Mail Code: ENF 2-2	Physical Scientist	king.anuka@epa.gov (415) 972-3470
Marie Anthony Dolon		Dhysiaal Caiantist	
Mark Anthony Relon	US EPA, Region 9 Mail Code: ENF 2-2	Physical Scientist	relon.markanthony@epa.gov (415) 972-3252
	Ividii Code. ENF 2-2		(413) 972-3232
Peer Review:			
	MARK ANTH		Digitally signed by MARK
	RELON		ANTHONY RELON
Mark Anthony Relon		U	Date: 2024.04.29 17:31:53 -07'00'
	US EPA, Region 9	Physical Scientist	relon.markanthony@epa.gov
	Mail Code: ENF 2-2		(415) 972-3252
			Digitally signed by Maginesta Kasay
	Morimoto		Digitally signed by Morimoto, Kaoru Date: 2024.04.30 08:42:42 -07'00'
Kaoru Morimoto	US EPA, Region 9	Assistant	morimoto.kaoru@epa.gov
	Mail Code: ENF 2	Director, Air,	(415) 972-3306
		Waste &	
		Chemicals Branch	

SECTION I – INTRODUCTION

Purpose of the Inspection

The purpose of the inspection was to determine Apple, Inc.'s (Apple) compliance with applicable federal environmental statutes and regulations, and in particular, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), as amended, the hazardous waste regulations provided in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Chapter 40, Parts 260 - 266, 268, 270, 273, and 279, the California Health and Safety Code (HSC), Division 20, Chapter 6.5; and the California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 22, Division 4.5.¹

Opening Conference

August 17, 2023

On August 17, 2023, EPA Region 9 Inspector Christopher Rollins, arrived at Apple's 3250 Scott Blvd facility in Santa Clara, CA at 10:00 am. Frederick Chun, Assistant Fire Marshall for the Santa Clara Fire Department (the CUPA)² was already onsite. EPA's participation in the inspection was unannounced. However, the CUPA inspector had previously scheduled a Large Quantity Generator (LQG) and Business Plan inspection with the facility three weeks prior.

Upon our arrival at the main entrance, both EPA and the CUPA were greeted by Apple's environmental staff. The inspectors were introduced to Tom Huynh (EHS Manager), Kevin Sung (EHS Engineer) and Grace Fisk (EHS Engineer) of Apple at 10:05 am.

After introductions, the inspectors were escorted to a small table located outside of the facility to begin the Opening Conference. The EPA inspector (Christopher Rollins) presented his federal credentials to the Apple representatives and informed the facility that this RCRA hazardous waste inspection was based on a Tip and Complaint from the public.

EPA also informed Apple, that the agency would be evaluating the facility's RCRA operations and reviewing the facility's records to confirm compliance with the LQG requirements. Once EPA answered some of the facility's questions regarding the Tip and Complaint the inspector gave an overview of the inspection process to all those present.

¹ All citations in this report that refer to the California Code of Regulations (CCR) refer to Division 4.5 of Title 22 of the current California Code of Regulations. EPA is enforcing California hazardous waste management program requirements as approved and authorized by the United States on August 1, 1992 (see 57 Fed. Reg. 32726, July 23, 1992), September 26, 2001 (66 Fed. Reg. 49118, September 26. 2001), and October 7, 2011 (see 76 Fed. Reg. 62303, October 7, 2011). Corresponding Federal citations are provided as a convenience in brackets.

² CUPA stands for the Certified Unified Program Agency and is made up of local entities certified by CalEPA to implement and enforce six hazardous waste and hazardous materials regulatory management programs in California.

The inspection would consist of a general walk-through of the facility, which would include the facility's Central Accumulation Area (CAA)³, Satellite Accumulation Areas (SAAs), and Laboratories. EPA would also review the facility's storage records, hazardous waste manifests, and other operating records required under RCRA. EPA then donned personal protective equipment and began the facility walk-through⁴.

August 18, 2023

The following day, Inspector Rollins continued the RCRA inspection and arrived at the Apple facility at 8:15 am. The purpose of the second day of inspections was to review records and focus on the waste generation process onsite. EPA departed the site at 2:29 pm.

The CUPA's Frederick Chun did not participate in EPA's second day of inspections. However, EPA's Anuka King from Region 9's Risk Management Program managed under the Clean Air Act (i.e., 112 r Program) did accompany Inspector Rollins on the inspection.

January 16, 2024

A follow-up inspection was conducted by EPA Region 9 at the Apple site on January 16, 2024. The purpose of the follow-up inspection was to walk the B(4) Floor and review certain in order to understand Apple's processes, and the wastes generated from those processes.

EPA inspectors Christopher Rollins and Mark Anthony Relon participated in the follow-up inspection. No CUPA inspectors were present during this follow-up inspection, which began at 9:20 am and ended at 4:50 pm the same day.

Facility/Site Description

Apple's Santa Clara facility is a B(4) Research and Development (R&D) Facility. The facility has two buildings in the immediate area and has a total of approximately 300 - 350 employees. The Santa Clara site has been in operation since about 2016. Apple's main building (Building 1) operates 24 hours a day, 5 days a week (M-F) and generates primarily RCRA organic and corrosive hazardous wastes (i.e., solids and liquids) from various R&D operations onsite. Building 2 serves as an office building and generates no wastes.

The Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) issued Apple a Permit to Operate (Plant No. 22839) under the Clean Air Act on or about May 6, 2023 (Attachment B). The permit

³ As of May 30, 2017, EPA refers to less than 90-day hazardous waste accumulation areas (for Large Quantity Generators) and less than 180-day hazardous waste accumulation areas (for Small Quantity Generators) as Central Accumulation Areas (reference 81 FR 85732 and 81 FR 85743).

⁴ The observations of each walk-through inspection and the records review findings are captured in "Section II – Observations, Potential Violations and Areas of Concern" of this inspection report. Only those observations that were recorded and/or documented as potential violations or areas of concern were noted in Section II.

allows the facility to use solvents and corrosives at their Solvent Sink Stations, Solvent Vapor Stations, in their Wipe Cleaning Operations, and in their and Solvent Base Operations. These same chemicals once spent are potentially regulated under RCRA as federal and/or state regulated hazardous wastes. Apple's BAAQMD permit is expected to expire on May 1, 2024.

On November 20, 2020, Apple obtained an Industrial Wastewater Discharge Permit (Permit No. SC-461B) from the San Jose-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility (Attachment C) and manages an Acid Waste Neutralization (AWN) Tank System and a Heavy Metals Rinsate (HMR) Tank System that were issued under the State of California's "Permit By Rule," provisions [Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations (CCR) § 67450.2]. As such, the facility is authorized to treat corrosive hazardous wastes in its AWN Tank System, separate out heavy metals using the facilities HMR Tank System, and discharge the treated wastewater directly to the sanitary sewer (Attachments D & E).

The facilities AWN Tank System includes four tanks, comprising of equalization and pH adjustment tanks. Apple's HMR Tank System includes two lift stations (SLW2/HMR-LS and HMR-LS), two equalization tanks (HMR-TNK-2 and HMR-TNK-4), a pH adjuster tank (HMR-TNK-3), a vacuum distillation evaporator (VDE-1), and a heavy metal concentrate tank (HMC-TNK-2). Apple's AWN Tank System and HMR Tank System are also covered under the State of California's "Permit by Rule" provisions.

Apple also manages a 1,700-gallon RCRA hazardous waste solvent tank that is also regulated under California's "Permit by Rule"⁵ provisions (Attachment F). The spent solvent waste accumulated in the facility's spent solvent tank is generated from various R&D B(4) operations upstream. During the August 17, 2023 inspection, EPA documented that Apple's 1,700-gallon solvent tank vents to a 55-gallon canister of activated carbon. At the time of the inspection, the canister of activated carbon was not permitted under the Clean Air Act. Nor was the canister being managed by Apple under RCRA's air emission regulations.

The facility's solvent waste tank system is comprised of a 67-gallon double-walled solvent waste lift station (SW-LS) that pumps solvent wastes within the building; a solvent waste collection cabinet (SW-CC)⁶ with two 55-gallon containers used historically for storage; a 1,700-gallon double-walled storage tank (SW-TNK-2); and a solvent waste transfer station (SW-TFS-1). The

⁵ The State of California's "Permit By Rule" Provisions are codified under 22 CCR § 67450.2.

⁶ Currently, the solvent waste collection cabinet is no longer in service and does not directly contact or store solvents pumped through the system.

solvent waste transfer station is used to transfer solvents from the storage tank to a vacuum truck or tote for the purposes of disposal.

The specific waste streams observed and/or documented onsite consist primarily of spent solvent waste, corrosive wastes, corrosive solvent mixtures, sludges and solid lab debris. Based on the facility's 2021 Biennial Report the facility reports generating federally regulated hazardous waste with EPA waste codes D001, D002, D003, D004, D011, D035, F003 and F005.

According to the California Environmental Reporting System (CERS), Apple was last inspected by the CUPA on October 26, 2020 and December 23, 2020. No RCRA violations were documented during these inspections.

EPA checked the agency's RCRAInfo database and according to that database, R9 doesn't appear to have inspected this location prior to the Agency's August 17, 2023 inspection.

SECTION II – OBSERVATIONS, POTENTIAL VIOLATIONS AND AREAS OF CONCERN

Observation(s)	Photograph(s)	Potential Violations
Observation #1 (Aug 2023): EPA		Potential Violation #1 (Aug 2023):
observed nineteen closed 5-gallon		EPA observed nineteen closed 5-
containers of liquid waste stacked		gallon containers of corrosive liquids
against the wall in Apple's	D/4)	(D002 Waste) in Apple's Bunker
Building 1 East - Compartment 1	B(4)	Area. Two of the containers were
Indoor CAA Shed (The Bunker		not properly dated to indicate how
Area). The labels on the majority		long the waste had been stored
of the nineteen containers		onsite or marked to identify the
identified the contents of each	Photo 1a (P8170006.JPG)	contents as hazardous under RCRA.
waste stream as containing	(, , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ ,	
corrosive liquids (D002 Waste).		In addition, eleven of the hazardous
		waste container labels were not
The nineteen containers were		clearly visible for inspection, and
stacked in a pile three containers	5/4)	one container was stored onsite for
high, four containers across, and	B(4)	greater than 90-days, with an ASD of
two containers in depth. Two of		March 2, 2023. These waste streams
the 5-gallon containers on the		all appear to be RCRA regulated hazardous waste.
very top of the pile (Photo 1a), were missing their hazardous		Hazardous waste.
waste labels and not properly	Discuss 41s (D0400000 IDC)	Sections §§ 66262.34(a)(1)(A) and
marked with Accumulation Start	Photo 1b (P8180009.JPG)	66262.34(f)(1) – (3) of Title 22 of the
Dates (ASDs), as required while in		California Code of Regulations (CCR)
storage at the CAA.		states that generators who
303.450 40 616 57 0 11		accumulate hazardous waste on site
According to Apple, the two		without a permit or grant of interim
containers missing their labels and		

ASDs were placed in the Bunker Area the morning of EPA's inspection. The staff maintaining the area would later return to properly mark and date the waste in accordance with RCRA. These 5-gallon containers were required to be properly labeled and dated prior to arriving at the CAA.

The inspectors also observed that eight of the nineteen 5-gallon containers stacked in the back of the pile and three of the containers stacked in the front of the pile were not clearly visible for inspection, without physically moving each of the containers. In addition, one of the nineteen containers of corrosive waste stacked in the back of the pile was stored onsite for greater than 90days (Photo 1c). The ASD on this container was listed as March 2, 2023, and the contents for this container were marked as

The next day, Apple did mark the two unlabeled containers, properly identifying the contents of the waste streams as corrosive waste (D002 Waste). The facility recorded the ASD of August 17, 2023 on each container.

Apple managed this area as a less than 90-day hazardous waste accumulation area. Prior to EPA's inspection, no Apple employees were actively working in the Bunker Area, filling or emptying any of the containers while they were in storage.

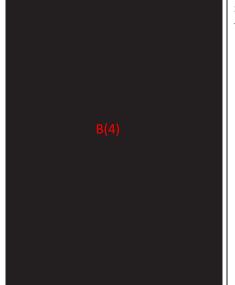


Photo 1c (P8180010.JPG)

status shall comply with the following:

- The date upon which each period of accumulation begins shall be clearly marked and visible for inspection on each container and portable tank;
- (2) The date the applicable accumulation period specified in subsection (a) or (d) of this section begins, for purposes of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, shall be clearly marked and visible for inspection on each container and tank;
- (3) Each container and tank used for onsite accumulation of hazardous waste shall be labeled or marked clearly with the words, "Hazardous Waste." Additionally, all containers and portable tanks shall be labeled with the following information:
 - A) Composition and physical state of the wastes;
 - B) Statement or statements which call attention to the particular hazardous properties of the waste (e.g., flammable, reactive, etc.);
- C) Name and address of the person producing the waste [40 CFR § 262.17(a)(5)(A) (5)(C)].

Section § 66262.34(c) of Title 22 of the CCR states that a generator who accumulates hazardous waste for more than 90 days is an operator of a storage facility and is subject to the requirements of chapters 14 and 15 of this division and the permit

⁷ Later it was determined by EPA that the correct name for this waste stream was "B(4) ." According to Apple's Safety Data Sheet, this chemical substance was manufactured in Japan and has no pH or Flash Point value established for this product.

The Bunker Area is located downstream from Apple's initial waste generation activities.



RTC Photo

Observation #2 (Aug 2023): EPA observed one open 5-gallon container marked as "Adhesive Liquids and Tape" in Apple's Bunker Area (Photo 2a). According to the label on the container, the waste was being managed as both a flammable and toxic waste (Photo 2b). At the time of the inspection, EPA could not determine whether this waste was federal, or state only regulated waste.

The container had an ASD of July, 22, 2023 and appeared to have too many metal canisters of flammable liquid waste inside of the container that prevented the lid from closing properly.



Photo 2a (P8170013.JPG)

requirements of chapter 20 of this division unless the generator has been granted an extension to the 90-day period or meets the requirements of subsection (d) or (e) of this section [40 CFR § 262.17(b)].

The facility returned to compliance with these potential violations on or about September 8, 2023.

Specifically, Apple labeled and dated the two unknown 5-gallon containers of waste, processed the 5-gallon container of "B(4)" waste through the Acid Waste Neutralization (AWN) System, and manifested the empty container off for disposal on Manifest 018419007 FLE (See RTC Photo).

Lastly, according to Apple, the facility changed its storage procedures so that all of the labels on the 5-gallon containers in the Bunker Area are now stored with their labels pointing outward.

Potential Violation #2 (Aug 2023): EPA observed an open 5-gallon container of "Adhesive Liquids and Tape" in Apple's Bunker Area. It was later determined that this waste stream was California Only waste and therefore not regulated by EPA.

Section § 66265.173(a) of Title 22 of the CCR states that a container holding hazardous waste shall always be closed during transfer and storage, except when it is necessary to add or remove waste.

The facility returned to compliance with this potential violation on August 18, 2023, when Apple closed the container in accordance with California's regulations (See Photo 2c).

Apple managed this area as a less than 90-day hazardous waste storage area. Prior to EPA's inspection, no Apple employees were actively working in the Bunker Area, filling or emptying any of the containers that were in storage.

The Bunker Area is located downstream from Apple's initial waste generation activities.



Photo 2b (P8170014.JPG)



Photo 2c (P8180013.JPG)

Observation #3 (Aug 2023): EPA observed a closed 5-gallon container marked as "Silicone" waste in Apple's Bunker Area (Photo 3a). According to the label on the container the waste was being managed as a toxic waste. At the time of the inspection, EPA could not determine whether this waste was federal, or state only regulated waste.

In addition, the container appeared to be stored onsite for greater than 90-days. The ASD on this container was recorded as March 16, 2022 on the label.

Apple managed this area as a less than 90-day hazardous waste



Photo 3a (P8170015.JPG)

Potential Violation #3 (Aug 2023): EPA observed a closed 5-gallon container of "Silicone" waste in Apple's Bunker Area. Based on the container's ASD the waste was stored onsite for more than 90-days (ASD = March 16, 2022), without a RCRA permit as required by State law.

It was later determined that this waste was California Only waste (NRHW), and therefore not regulated by EPA.

Section § 66262.34(c) of Title 22 of the CCR states that a generator who accumulates hazardous waste for more than 90 days is an operator of a storage facility and is subject to storage area. Prior to EPA's inspection, no Apple employees were actively working in the Bunker Area, filling or emptying any of the containers that were in storage.

The Bunker Area is located downstream from Apple's initial waste generation activities.



RTC Photo

Observation #4 (Aug 2023): EPA observed different sized waste containers on the floor in Apple's Bunker Area (Photo 4a).

Specifically, EPA observed six 1-gallon containers of "Specifically, a small container of "Boric Acid," and three unknown containers of waste in this area.

According to Apple, the waste containers on the floor were expired waste that were placed in the Bunker Area the morning of August 17, 2023, and just hadn't been marked as hazardous waste or dated, prior to EPA's arrival. These waste containers were required to be properly labeled and dated prior to arriving at the CAA.

Apple managed this area as a less than 90-day hazardous waste storage area. Prior to EPA's inspection, no Apple employees were actively working in the Bunker Area, filling or emptying



Photo 4a (P8170016.JPG)

the requirements of chapters 14 and 15 of this division and the permit requirements of chapter 20 of this division unless the generator has been granted an extension to the 90-day period or meets the requirements of subsection (d) or (e) of this section.

The facility returned to compliance with this potential violation on or about September 8, 2023.

Specifically, Apple removed the one dispenser tube inside of the container used to dispense adhesives (See RTC Photo) and disposed of the material as NRHW on Manifest 018419007 FLE.

It was later determined that this waste was a mixture of NRHW and RCRA regulated hazardous waste. Therefore, some of the waste is regulated by EPA.

Section § 66262.11 of Title 22 of the CCR states that a person who generates a waste, as defined in section 66261.2, shall determine if that waste is a hazardous waste [40 CFR § 262.11].

The facility returned to compliance with this potential violation on or

any of the containers that were in storage.

The Bunker Area is located downstream from Apple's initial waste generation activities.

Observation #5 (Aug 2023): EPA observed one open 55-gallon container marked as "Mega Posit," waste in Apple's Bunker Area (Photo 5a). The label on the container indicated that the waste was being managed as a corrosive liquid (Photo 5b).

According to Apple, the container's bung cap was left open in order to prevent the container from building up too much pressure while in storage. EPA informed the facility that the container must always remain closed during storage, and recommended that the facility purchase a closure device, for future use, to allow the container to periodically vent pressure while in storage.

Apple managed this area as a less than 90-day hazardous waste storage area. Prior to EPA's inspection, no Apple employees were actively working in the Bunker Area, filling or emptying any of the containers that were in storage.

The Bunker Area is located downstream from Apple's initial waste generation activities.



Photo 5a (P8170020.JPG)



Photo 5b (P8170021.JPG)

about September 8, 2023. Specifically, Apple properly containerized, labeled and dated the waste containers in this area in accordance with RCRA.

Potential Violation #5 (Aug 2023): EPA observed one open 55-gallon container marked as "Mega Posit," waste in Apple's Bunker Area. The waste was being managed as a corrosive liquid (D002 Waste).

According to Apple, the container was left open in order to prevent the container from building up too much pressure while in storage. This waste stream appears to be a RCRA regulated hazardous waste.

Sections §§ 66262.34(a)(1)(A) and 66265.173(b) of Title 22 of the CCR states that a container holding hazardous waste shall not be opened, handled, transferred or stored in a manner which may rupture the container or cause it to leak. Re-use of containers for transportation shall comply with the requirements of the U.S. Department of Transportation regulations, including those set forth in 49 CFR section 173.28 [40 CFR § 262.17(a)(1)(iv)(A)].

The facility returned to compliance with this potential violation on or about September 8, 2023.

Specifically, Apple closed the 55-gallon container of "Mega Posit," while in storage (See Photo 5c) and then placed the waste through the Acid Waste Neutralization (AWN) System.

Moving forward, Apple states that the "Mega Posit" will no longer be managed in a 55-gallon container



but in a 5-gallon container and poured directly into the AWN Tank System.

Observation #6 (Aug 2023): EPA observed one 1,700-gallon stainless-steel solvent waste tank (SW-TNK-2) inside Building 1 of Apple's facility (Photo 6a). The stainless steel, double-walled tank is used for the accumulation of spent solvent waste generated from R&D operations onsite, and is filled continuously on a 24 hour, 5-days a week basis (M-F).

Based on Apple's records, the spent solvent waste was being managed as a NRHW liquid (CA-133 – Attachment G). Specifically, the waste was identified as "Water with Solvents," directly on the hazardous waste label posted on Apple's solvent waste tank (Photos 6a and 6b).

Previous waste profiles and manifests identify Apple's spent solvent waste as containing either F-Listed waste (D001 and F003 waste) or ignitable waste (D001 waste). Both of the previous waste streams are federally regulated. Therefore, if regulated as a D001 or F003 waste, Apple would be required to store,



Photo 6a (P8170051.JPG)

Potential Violation #6 (Aug 2023):
EPA observed a 1,700-gallon
stainless-steel, double-walled
solvent waste tank (SW-TNK-2)
inside Building 1 of Apple's facility.
The contents of the hazardous
waste tank were being managed as
a NRHW liquid (CA-133 Waste). To
date, Apple has not provided
evidence regarding how the spent
solvents were determined to be
California Only waste.

After EPA's inspection it was determined that the source of the spent solvent waste entering the solvent waste tank is characteristic for ignitability and should be, at a minimum, managed as a D001 hazardous waste stream at the point of origination.

Moreover, Apple appears to have been improperly treating the waste entering this hazardous waste unit, without a permit by diluting the solvent waste with water and other wastes.

Under RCRA, diluting hazardous waste whether intentionally or unintentionally to remove a wastes'

manifest and dispose of the solvents based on specific Land Disposal Restrictions (LDR) listed under 40 CFR Part 268 of RCRA. At the time of the inspections Apple did not provide adequate documentation verifying why the facility is currently managing their solvent waste as California Only Waste (CA-133).

Later, it was determined by EPA (See Potential Violations #9 and #10) that the source of the waste that is being placed in the solvent waste tank meets the definition of ignitable waste (D001 Waste). As such, the tank is regulated as a RCRA hazardous waste storage tank.

At the time of EPA's inspection, the spent solvent tank was in operation, not being repaired or solvents removed while in service, and the tank was not being managed under any exemptions.



Photo 6b (P8170052.JPG)

characteristics is considered a form of treatment. It is improper to treat hazardous waste without a permit unless the type of treatment is covered under an exemption.

Apple does not have a permit to treat its solvent waste in the 1,700-gallon solvent waste tank. Nor does the facility appear to meet an exemption from treatment under RCRA.

Section § 66262.11 of Title 22 of the CCR states that a person who generates a waste, as defined in section 66261.2, shall determine if that waste is a hazardous waste [40 CFR § 262.11].

Section § 66270.1(c) of Title 22 of the CCR states that a permit is required for the "transfer," "treatment," "storage," and "disposal of any waste which is hazardous waste pursuant to section 66261.3 and as defined in section 66260.10 [40 CFR § 270.1(c)].

These potential violations are still outstanding.

Potential Violation #7 (Aug 2023):
EPA observed a 55-gallon canister of
"Activated Carbon" on the roof of
Building 1. At the time of the
inspection, Apple's canister of
"Activated Carbon" was not covered
under the facility's Clean Air Act
permit as an air emissions device.
Nor was the device included or
referenced in Apple's October 2022
Hazardous Waste Tank System
Assessment.

Later it was determined that Apple has been managing their "Activated Carbon" as a NRHW since at least December 14, 2020. However, Apple

Observation #7 (Aug 2023): EPA observed one 55-gallon canister of "Activated Carbon" on the roof of Building 1 (Photo 7a). The container was connected to Apple's 1,700-gallon spent solvent tank (SW-TNK-2). The device was used to capture Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) released from the spent solvent tank located directly below. This device was not described or referenced in Apple's October 2022 Hazardous Waste Tank System Assessment.

According to Apple, the device was covered under a Clean Air Act



Photo 7a (P8170062JPG)

application submitted to the BAAQMD. The use of "Activated Carbon" canisters to remove VOCs can be regulated under both the Clean Air Act and RCRA. At the time of EPA's inspection, BAAQMD had not received Apple's Clean Air Act Permit application to regulate the container as a device under the Clean Air Act⁸.

On September 13, 2023, Apple applied for a Permit Modification to BAAQMD requesting that the facility's 55-gallon canister of "Activated Carbon" be added as an abatement device for the facility's 1,700-gallon solvent waste tank (Attachment H).

Observation #8 (Jan 2024): EPA observed three chemicals being used in Tool 8-02C in B(4) B(4) of Apple's Area (Photo 8a). The three chemicals used were " (Flashpoint = 90° F)", Flashpoint = 52.5°F)", and " (pH = 13.2)". Once spent, the ' " and " " wastes are managed as ignitable (D001 Waste) solvents and pumped into 5-gallon carboy containers that are located under the grated floor in B(4) (Attachments I – K). The spent solvent containers are then transferred to Apple's Bunker Area for long-term storage.

However, the "B(4)" chemical is not used as a solvent in the process but is accumulated in the same 5-gallon carboys used to



Photo 7b (P8170061.JPG)



Photo 8a (IMG_5542.JPG)

does not appear to have performed a waste determination on the spent "Activated Carbon," between 2020 and 2023, to justify why it has been managing the waste as NRHW. Further review of this waste stream and the process by which it is managed is required to determine if the "Activated Carbon" is a hazardous waste or not at disposal.

Section § 66262.11 of Title 22 of the CCR states that a person who generates a waste, as defined in section 66261.2, shall determine if that waste is a hazardous waste [40 CFR § 262.11].

This potential violation is still outstanding.

Potential Violation #8 (Jan 2024): EPA observed the chemical "B(4) being used in Tool 8-02C in 3(4 (4) - B(4) of Apple's Area. Based on the SDS (Attachment K), "B(4)" has a pH of 13.2 prior to use. Under RCRA, a spent liquid with a pH of greater than 12.5 may be regulated as a corrosive waste (D002 Waste) when disposed of and therefore should be evaluated for its corrosive properties upon disposal. Apple does not appear to have performed a waste determination on the spent waste and this waste stream appears to be a RCRA regulated hazardous waste.

Moreover, Apple does not appear to have a permit to treat its solvent or corrosive waste in the 5-gallon carboy units. Nor does the facility appear to meet an exemption from treatment, under RCRA.

⁸ A copy of Apple's Clean Air Act permit application was requested, and it was documented that Apple applied for the device to be covered under the Clean Air Act on September 13, 2023, after EPA's initial RCRA inspection.

store the spent solvents. Based on the SDS, "B(4)" has a pH of 13.2 prior to use. Under RCRA, a spent liquid with a pH greater than or equal to 12.5 is considered a corrosive waste (D002 Waste). Apple does not appear to have performed a waste determination on the 5-gallon carboys, to verify whether the mixture of spent solvents (D001 Waste) and the "B(4)" waste, are also hazardous for corrosivity at the point of origination.

At the time of EPA's inspection, Apple was managing the 5-gallon carboy containers (D001 Waste) used to accumulate the solvent waste, as SAA containers. These containers are attached to Apple's solvent tools and are filled on a continuous basis.

Under RCRA, SAA containers and containers under 26.4-gallons (0.1 m³) are exempt from the RCRA air emission requirements for containers. Therefore, the containers and the equipment in contact with solvents greater than 10% ppmw are not subject to the monitoring, tagging or record keeping requirements for hazardous waste units under Subparts BB and CC of RCRA.

Observation #9 (Jan 2024): EPA observed two solvent baths of "Isopropyl Alcohol" (100%) being used in Apple's Solvent

B(4) (Tool 8-112) and Solvent (Tool 6-15) tools

located in the facility's B(4) – B(4) Area (Photos 9a – 9d). Signs were posted on the outside of the tools, documenting what specific solvents were being used in each

Section § 66262.11 of Title 22 of the CCR states that a person who generates a waste, as defined in section 66261.2, shall determine if that waste is a hazardous waste [40 CFR § 262.11].

Section § 66270.1(c) of Title 22 of the CCR states that a permit is required for the "transfer," "treatment," "storage," and "disposal of any waste which is hazardous waste pursuant to section 66261.3 and as defined in section 66260.10 [40 CFR § 270.1(c)].

Please note, diluting hazardous waste whether intentionally or unintentionally to remove a wastes' characteristics is considered a form of treatment. Under RCRA it is improper to treat hazardous waste without a permit unless the type of treatment is covered under an exemption.

These potential violations are still outstanding.

B(4)

Photo 9a (IMG_5554.JPG)

Potential Violation #9 (Jan 2024):
Apple failed to perform a waste determination for its spent "Isopropyl Alcohol" waste generated from the facility's Solvent (Tool 8-112) and (Tool 6-15) tools located

in the facility's B(4) — B(4)

Area. For both of these tools,

"Isopropyl Alcohol" once spent may be regulated as a D001 ignitable

tool. At the time of EPA's inspection, the "Isopropyl Alcohol" solvents were not being managed as a waste but as a product.

Under RCRA, once a solvent is classified as spent, Apple is required to perform a waste determination to determine whether the materials are hazardous in nature at the point of origination.

Furthermore, according to Apple's SDS for "Isopropyl Alcohol", the chemical contains highly flammable liquids and has a flash point of 53.6°F, prior to use (Attachment L). Under RCRA, a spent solvent waste with a flash point of less than 140°F is considered characteristically hazardous for ignitability (D001 waste) and therefore should be tested to confirm if the waste is hazardous due to its ignitability.

In addition, Apple also does not appear to have properly characterized its " B(4) waste, to verify whether this waste is corrosive (D002 Waste) at the point of origination. According to the SDS for "B(4)" there is no data available on the pH for this chemical product prior to use (Attachment M). Under RCRA, Apple is required to properly characterize the pH of the liquid to determine whether the liquid is characteristically hazardous for corrosivity (D002 Waste) upon disposal.

B(4)

Photo 9b (IMG_5555.JPG)



Photo 9c (IMG_5556.JPG)



Photo 9d (IMG_5557.JPG)

waste at the point of origination. This waste stream appears to be a RCRA regulated hazardous waste upon disposal.

Apple also failed to properly characterize its "B(4) " waste to verify whether this waste is corrosive (D002 Waste) at the point of origination. It is unknown whether this waste stream is RCRA regulated hazardous waste upon disposal.

Section § 66262.11 of Title 22 of the CCR states that a person who generates a waste, as defined in section 66261.2, shall determine if that waste is a hazardous waste [40 CFR § 262.11].

Please note, diluting hazardous waste whether intentionally or unintentionally to remove a wastes' characteristics is considered a form of treatment. Under RCRA it is improper to treat hazardous waste without a permit unless the type of treatment is covered under an exemption.

This potential violation is still outstanding.

Observation #10 (Jan 2024): EPA observed at least two solvent baths of "Isopropyl Alcohol" (100% and 98-100%) and one bath of "\\" (< 100%), being used in conjunction with Apple's Solvent (Tool 8-133), (Tool 8-134), tools located in the facility's Area (Photos 10a – 10c). Signs were posted on the outside and the Solvent Spray Processor indicating what specific solvents were being used in each tool. At the time of EPA's inspection, the "Isopropyl Alcohol" and ()() solvents were not being managed as a waste but as a product.

Under RCRA, once a solvent is classified as spent, Apple is required to perform a waste determination to verify whether the wastes generated are hazardous in nature at the point of origination.

Furthermore, according to Apple's SDS for "Isopropyl Alcohol (Attachment L)" and "CATTACH (Attachment N)", the chemicals are highly flammable liquids with flash points of 53.6°F and > 109°F respectively, prior to use. Under RCRA, a liquid waste with a flash point of less than 140°F is considered characteristically hazardous for ignitibility (D001 waste) and therefore should be tested to confirm if the wastes are hazardous due to ignitability.

Apple also does not appear to have properly characterized its "B(4)" and "B(4)

B(4)

Photo 10a (IMG_5565.JPG)

Photo 10b (IMG_5567.JPG)

B(4)

Photo 10c (IMG 5568.JPG)

Apple also failed to properly characterize its "B(4)" and "B(4)" wastes to verify whether these wastes are corrosive (D002 Waste) at the point of origination.

All four of these waste streams appear to be RCRA regulated hazardous waste upon disposal.

Please also note, diluting hazardous waste whether intentionally or unintentionally to remove a wastes' characteristics is considered a form of treatment. Under RCRA, it is improper to treat hazardous waste without a permit unless the type of treatment is covered under an exemption.

Section § 66262.11 of Title 22 of the CCR states that a person who generates a waste, as defined in section 66261.2, shall determine if that waste is a hazardous waste [40 CFR § 262.11].

This potential violation is still outstanding.

wastes, to verify whether these wastes are corrosive (D002 Waste) at the point of origination. According to the SDS for **B(4)

B(4) (Attachment O)", the pH has not been evaluated, prior to use and the product contains < 4% of Tetramethylammonium Hydroxide, a known corrosive. In addition, the B(4) "chemical has a pH between 11.5 and 12.5, prior to use (Attachment P). Under RCRA, a pH greater than or equal to 12.5 is considered a corrosive waste upon disposal.

Observation #11 (Jan 2024): EPA observed that Apple's solvent waste vents are connected to the facility's 5-gallon carboy spent solvent containers in Apple's

(Photo 11a). These same solvent waste vents are also connected to each of the facility's solvent tools and spray units onsite.

According to Apple, each solvent vent in the Area is further connected to the facility's overall solvent exhaust system which carries VOCs from each **B(4)** to "Activated Carbon" boxes located on the roof of Building 1 (Photo 11b). The purpose of the "Activated Carbon" boxes is to capture any VOCs introduced to the solvent exhaust system, prior to the vapors being released directly to the atmosphere through the two general exhaust stacks (Photo 11c).

Based on the information provided to EPA, it does not appear that the facility has properly tested the "Activated Carbon" for the purposes of



Photo 11a (IMG 5548.JPG)



Photo 11b (IMG_5589.JPG)



Photo 11c (IMG 5591.JPG)

Potential Violation #11 (Jan 2024):
EPA observed several "Activated
Carbon" boxes on the roof of
Building 1. Specifically, each of the
B(4) in the B(4) Area vent
directly to an "Activated Carbon"
box which is responsible for filtering
out VOCs that are generated onsite.

At the time of the inspection, Apple's "Activated Carbon" boxes were not covered under the facility's Clean Air Act permit as an air emissions device. Nor were the devices included or referenced in Apple's October 2022 Hazardous Waste Tank System Assessment.

Later it was determined that Apple has been managing their "Activated Carbon" as a NRHW since at least December 14, 2020. However, Apple does not appear to have performed a waste determination on the spent "Activated Carbon," between 2020 and 2023, to justify why it has been managing the waste as NRHW. Further review of this waste stream and the process by which it is managed is required.

Section § 66262.11 of Title 22 of the CCR states that a person who

disposal. Apple manages its "Activated Carbon" waste as NRHW.

Apple also does not appear to have included all of the solvent waste streams when calculating the breakthrough times for the "Activated Carbon" boxes to ensure that no VOCs are released into the atmosphere onsite.

Apple's current BAAQMD Permit, does not reference the "Activated Carbon" boxes (i.e., Abatement Device No. A-13). Nor does it discuss the overall management of the boxes.

Based on Apple's 02/23/24 response letter to EPA, the facility confirmed that the devices are part of a pending application for a BAAQMD air permit modification. Additional review of Apple's test results pertaining to its "Activated Carbon" waste are needed to determine if the waste is regulated as a hazardous waste.

Observation #12 (Jan 2024): EPA observed eleven closed 5-gallon containers of liquid waste stacked against the wall in Apple's Bunker Area (Photo 12a). The labels on these eleven containers identified the contents as corrosive liquids (D002 Waste).

The labels on three of the eleven containers were not clearly visible for inspection without physically moving each of the containers (Photo 12a). The ASDs on each container appeared to be less than the 90-day storage time frames for long-term storage (Photo 12b).

generates a waste, as defined in section 66261.2, shall determine if that waste is a hazardous waste [40 CFR § 262.11].

This potential violation is still outstanding.



Photo 12a (IMG_5592.JPG)

Potential Violation #12 (Jan 2024): EPA observed eleven closed 5-gallon containers of corrosive liquids (D002 Waste) in Apple's Bunker Area. Three of the container labels were not clearly visible for inspection.

This waste all appeared to be RCRA regulated hazardous waste.

Sections §§ 66262.34(a)(1)(A) and 66262.34(f)(1) of Title 22 of the CCR states that generators who accumulate hazardous waste on site without a permit or grant of interim status shall comply with the following:

(1) The date upon which each period of accumulation begins

Apple managed this area as a less than 90-day hazardous waste accumulation area. At the time of EPA's inspection, an Apple employee was actively working in the Bunker Area, but did not appear to be filling or emptying the containers.

The Bunker Area is located downstream from Apple's initial waste generation activities. Apple's 5-gallon corrosive waste containers are not tested at the point of origination but managed as corrosive waste (D002 Waste) once transferred to the Bunker Area for long-term storage.

Observation #13 (Jan 2024): EPA observed twelve additional closed 5-gallon containers of liquid waste stacked against the opposite wall in Apple's Bunker Area (Photo 13a). The labels on these twelve containers identified the contents as flammable liquids (D001 Waste).

The labels on eight of the twelve 5-gallon containers stored in the Bunker Area were not clearly visible for inspection, without physically moving each of the containers (Photo 13a). The ASDs were written on each container and appeared to be stored in the Bunker for less than 90-days (Photos 13b and 13c).

Apple does manage this area as a less than 90-day hazardous waste accumulation area. At the time of EPA's inspection, an Apple employee was actively working in the Bunker Area, but did not appear to be filling or emptying the containers.



Photo 12b (IMG_5603.JPG)

shall be clearly marked and visible for inspection on each container and portable tank [40 CFR § 262.17(a)(5)(A) – (5)(C)].

This potential violation is still outstanding.



Photo 13a (IMG 5594.JPG)



Photo 13b (IMG 5598.JPG)

Potential Violation #13 (Jan 2024): EPA observed twelve closed 5-gallon containers of flammable liquids (D001 Waste) in Apple's Bunker Area. Eight of the twelve container labels were not clearly visible for inspection.

This waste all appeared to be RCRA regulated hazardous waste.

Sections §§ 66262.34(a)(1)(A) and 66262.34(f)(1) of Title 22 of the CCR states that generators who accumulate hazardous waste on site without a permit or grant of interim status shall comply with the following:

(1) The date upon which each period of accumulation begins shall be clearly marked and visible for inspection on each container and portable tank

[40 CFR § 262.17(a)(5)(A) – (5)(C)].

This potential violation is still outstanding.

The Bunker Area is located downstream from Apple's initial waste generation activities. Apple's 5-gallon solvent waste containers are not tested at the point of origination but managed as ignitable waste (D001 Waste) once transferred to the Bunker Area for long-term storage.



Photo 13c (IMG_5600.JPG)

AREAS OF CONCERN

Apple's CAA (The Bunker Area)

- Apple's Bunker Area appears to be too small to handle the volume and frequency of hazardous waste containers being generated onsite. EPA recommends that Apple expand the area currently being used to accumulate hazardous waste in the CAA longterm – Corrected by 01/16/24.
- Some of Apple's hazardous waste containers that enter the less than 90-day Bunker Area for long-term storage, are not properly labeled or dated prior to being stored in the facility's CAA – Corrected by 02/23/24.
- All hazardous waste containers that are stored in Apple's less than 90-day Bunker Area shall have labels that are clearly visible for inspection without having to physically move the containers.

Apple's B(4) Area

• EPA observed red SAA containers (Step Cans) in Apple's B(2) Area, inside and outside Room 1025. The containers were marked as having as its contents, "Wipes and or PPE contaminated with IPA, Acetone, Ethanol and Butylacetate." According to Apple, this waste description for the facility's solid waste stream is incorrect and they will remove the words "Ethanol" and "Butylacetate" from the waste description but continue to manage the contents as RCRA regulated hazardous waste – Corrected by 02/23/24.

Apple's B(4) Area

EPA observed a red SAA container (Step Can) in Apple's B(4) Area (Room 1021). The container was marked as having as its contents, "Wipes and or PPE contaminated with IPA, Acetone, Ethanol and Butylacetate." According to Apple, this waste description for the facility's solid waste stream is incorrect and they will remove the words "Ethanol" and "Butylacetate" from the waste description but continue to manage the contents as RCRA regulated hazardous waste – Corrected by 02/23/24.

Chemical Pass-Through Area

EPA observed red SAA containers (Step Cans) in Apple's Chemical Pass-Through Area.
 The containers were marked as having as its contents, "Wipes and or PPE contaminated with IPA, Acetone, Ethanol and Butylacetate." According to Apple, this waste description for the facility's solid waste stream is incorrect and they will remove the words "Ethanol" and "Butylacetate" from the waste description but continue to manage the contents as RCRA regulated hazardous waste – Corrected by 02/23/24.

Apple's B(4) 2 Area

• EPA observed a red SAA container (Step Can) in Apple's B(4) 2 Area. The container was marked as having as its contents, "Wipes and or PPE contaminated with IPA, Acetone, Ethanol and Butylacetate." According to Apple, this waste description for the facility's solid waste stream is incorrect and they will remove the words "Ethanol" and "Butylacetate" from the waste description but continue to manage the contents as RCRA regulated hazardous waste — Corrected by 02/23/24.

Apple's B(4) / B(4) Area

• EPA observed a red SAA container (Step Can) in Apple's B(4) Area. The container was marked as having as its contents, "Wipes and or PPE contaminated with IPA, Acetone, Ethanol and Butylacetate." According to Apple, this waste description for the facility's solid waste stream is incorrect and they will remove the words "Ethanol" and "Butylacetate" from the waste description but continue to manage the contents as RCRA regulated hazardous waste – Corrected by 02/23/24.

Apple's B(4) / B(4) Area

- EPA observed a red SAA container (Step Can) in Apple's B(4) Area. The container was marked as having as its contents, "Wipes and or PPE contaminated with IPA, Acetone, Ethanol and Butylacetate." According to Apple, this waste description for the facility's solid waste stream is incorrect and they will remove the words "Ethanol" and "Butylacetate" from the waste description but continue to manage the contents as RCRA regulated hazardous waste Corrected by 02/23/24.
- EPA observed that the sign posted on Solvent Tool 8-113 (B(4)) in Apple's B(4) Area needs to be updated to remove the chemical "SEAN" from the posted sign, which according to Apple is no longer being used in the facility's semiconductor process.

Records Review

Record(s)	Year(s)	Observation(s) and Potential Violations
Manifests:	2020 - 2023	Potential Violation #14: According to Apple's records, the facility shipped 83 shipments of waste designated as "Water with Solvents" (CA-133 Waste) to the World Oil Recycling facility located at 2000

N. Alameda St in Compton, CA (EPA ID No. CAT 080 013 352) between 06/29/22 and 12/08/22. This waste was being sent off for the purposes of disposal and appears to have been improperly characterized as NRHW liquid by Apple. The waste actually appears to be an ignitable waste (D001 Waste) under RCRA (See Potential Violation #6). Apple also shipped approximately 145 shipments of waste designated as "Water with Solvents" (CA-133 Waste) to the World Oil Recycling facility in Compton, CA between 01/05/23 and 12/22/23. This waste was being sent off for the purposes of disposal and appears to have been improperly characterized as NRHW liquid by Apple. The waste appears to be an ignitable waste (D001 Waste) under RCRA (See Potential Violation #6). Because Apple appears to have improperly characterized this waste stream, the facility did not include the proper federal waste codes on the manifest that best describes the waste being shipped off-site, a potential violation under RCRA. Section § 66262.23(a)(1) of Title 22 of the CCR requires the generator of any hazardous or extremely hazardous waste to be transported off-site or into California shall complete the generator and waste section and sign the manifest certification according to the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest, EPA Form 8700-22 and EPA Form 870-2A) and instructions [40 CFR § 262.20(a)(1)]. This potential violation is still outstanding. 2020 - 2023 LDR Forms: Potential Violation #15: According to Apple's records, the facility shipped 83 shipments of waste designated as "Water with Solvents" (CA-133 Waste) to the World Oil Recycling facility located at 2000 N. Alameda St in Compton, CA (EPA ID No. CAT 080 013 352) between 06/29/22 and

12/08/22. This waste was being sent off for the purposes of disposal and appears to have been improperly characterized as NRHW liquid by Apple. The waste actually appears to be an ignitable waste (D001 Waste) under RCRA (See Potential Violation #6).

Apple also shipped approximately 145 shipments of waste designated as "Water with Solvents" (CA-133 Waste) to the World Oil Recycling facility in Compton, CA between 01/05/23 and 12/22/23. This waste was being sent off for the purposes of disposal and appears to have been improperly characterized as NRHW liquid by Apple. The waste actually appears to be an ignitable waste (D001 Waste) under RCRA (See Potential Violation #6).

Failure to properly characterize this waste may have resulted in the improper treatment and disposal of this waste stream under the Land Disposal Restriction (LDR) requirements of RCRA.

Prior to World Oil Recycling's May 5, 2022 Waste Profile Sheet was created for Apple's "Water and Solvents" waste (Attachment G), Apple was managing its spent solvent waste as both an ignitable waste and as a F-Listed waste stream (D001 and F003 Waste - Attachment Q). Under RCRA, the improper characterization and disposal of a hazardous waste are strictly prohibited.

As such, because Apple was venting the VOCs from its spent solvent tank, through the "Activated Carbon" canister, then the "Activated Carbon" generated prior to May 5, 2022, should also have been managed as an F-Listed waste stream. Apple does not appear to have managed its "Activated Carbon" as a hazardous waste, prior to May 5, 2022.

		Apple shipped at least 3 manifests of improperly characterized "Activated Carbon" waste (Attachment R) off-site as NRHW. Failure to properly characterize this waste may have resulted in the improper treatment and disposal of this waste stream under the Land Disposal Restriction (LDR) requirements of RCRA. Specifically, the facility shipped RCRA regulated waste (D001 and F003 waste) off as NRHW on 12/14/20 (Manifest 014565900 FLE), 11/05/21 (Manifest 015769563 FLE) and 02/02/22 (Manifest -15769825 FLE). Section § 66268.7 of Title 22 of the CCR requires a generator of hazardous waste to determine if the waste has to be treated to meet applicable treatment standards before it can be land disposed [40 CFR § 268.7]. These potential violations are still outstanding.
Biennial Reports:	2019 and 2021	Reviewed.
Exception Reports:	2020 - 2023	Not Reviewed.
Weekly Inspections:	2023	Potential Violation #16: LQGs are required to conduct weekly inspections of their CAAs as well as document that those weekly inspections were conducted, under RCRA. Apple does not appear to have either performed weekly inspections or maintained records documenting that the weekly inspections were performed in 2023. Apple is missing 15 weekly inspection logs for calendar year 2023. Specifically, the facility is missing inspection logs for the weeks of 02/20/23, 05/19/23, 05/26/23, 06/02/23, 06/09/23, 06/16/23, 06/23/23, 06/30/23, 07/07/23, 07/14/23, 07/21/23, 07/28/23, 08/04/23, 08/11/23, and 08/18/23. Section § 66265.174 of Title 22 of the CCR states that the owner or operator shall

		inspect areas used for container storage or transfer, at least weekly, looking for leaking containers and for deterioration of containers and the containment system caused by corrosion or other factors [40 CFR § 262.17(a)(1)(v)]. This potential violation is still outstanding.
Subpart BB Monitoring Equipment Calibrations:	2020 - 2023	Potential Violation #17: EPA reviewed Apple's Field Service Reports, monitoring data and the facility's Subparts BB and CC Emissions Monitoring Procedures. Based on EPA's review, Apple did not properly calibrate its Eagle 2 Multigas Detector with PID sensor, a total of 34 times [34 Times = 4 Times (2020) + 12 Times (2021) + 12 Times (2022) + 7 Times (2023)] between 2020 and 2023. Between 09/01/20 and 07/31/23, Apple only calibrated its Multigas Detector on one occasion (i.e., 11/24/20) before use, on the same day of use, when monitoring for VOC emissions onsite. Specifically, Apple documented that it calibrated the RKI Eagle 2 Multigas Detector with PID Sensor on 06/25/19, 11/25/19, 07/08/20, 11/24/20, 06/17/21, 07/5/22, 01/12/23, and 06/20/23. The only calibration day that matches the days of monitoring between 09/01/20 and 07/31/23 is the calibration performed on 11/24/20. Failure to calibrate a monitoring device before use, on the same day of use is a potential violation under RCRA.
		Section § 66265.1063(b)(3) of Title 22 of the CCR states that leak detection monitoring, as required in Sections 66265.1052 through 66263.1062, shall comply with following requirements: (1) Monitoring shall comply with Reference Method 21 in 40 CFR, part 60, incorporated by reference in Section 66260.11 of this chapter. (2) The detection instrument shall meet the performance criteria of Reference Method 21.

		(3) The instrument shall be calibrated before use on each day of its use by the procedures specified in Reference Method 21. (4) Calibration gases shall be: (A) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); (B) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of approximately, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane [40 CFR § 265.1063(b)(3)]. This potential violation is still outstanding.
Subpart BB Monitoring Records:	2020 - 2023	Reviewed.
Daily Tank Inspections:	2023	Potential Violation #18: EPA reviewed the 2023 daily tank inspection records for Apple's 1,700-gallon solvent waste tank. Based on the documents submitted, the facility doesn't appear to have performed daily inspections of Apple's 1,700-gallon spent solvent tank every day that RCRA hazardous waste (D001 Waste) was stored in the tank. Between 01/01/23 and 08/18/23, Apple appears not to have performed daily inspections 48 times over the weekend in 2023. Specifically, the facility is missing daily inspection records for 01/07/23, 01/08/23, 01/14/23, 01/15/23, 01/21/23, 01/22/23, 02/04/23, 02/05/23, 02/25/23, 02/26/23, 03/04/23, 03/05/23, 03/11/23, 03/12/23, 03/18/23, 03/19/23, 04/01/23, 04/02/23, 04/08/23, 04/09/23, 04/15/23, 04/16/23, 06/03/23, 06/04/23, 06/10/23, 06/11/23, 06/13/23, 06/18/23, 06/24/23, 06/25/23, 07/01/23, 07/02/23, 07/08/23, 07/09/23, 07/22/23/07/23/23, 07/09/23, 07/22/23/07/23/23, 07/29/23, 07/30/23, 08/12/23, and 08/13/23. After the inspection, EPA determined that Apple's solvent waste tank should have been regulated as a hazardous waste unit

		waste (D001 Waste) in 2023 (See Potential Violation #6). Under RCRA, daily inspections are required to be performed on hazardous waste tanks subject to the Subpart J requirements, anytime a RCRA hazardous waste is being accumulated in a RCRA hazardous waste tank, including weekends and holidays. Section § 66265.195(a) of Title 22 of the CCR states that the owner or operator shall inspect, where present, at least once each operating day [40 CFR § 265.195(a)].
Subpart CC Applicability:	2020 - 2023	This potential violation is still outstanding. Potential Violation #19: After EPA's
- Spent Solvent Waste Tank (1,700-gallons) - Solvent Waste Lift Station (67-gallons)	2020 - 2023	inspection, it was determined that the source of the spent solvent waste entering Apple's 1,700-gallon solvent waste tank is characteristic for ignitability and should be, at a minimum, be managed as a D001 hazardous waste stream at the point of origination.
		As such, Apple failed to properly evaluate the facility's spent solvent waste tank (SW-TNK-2) and the solvent waste lift station (SW-LS) to determine if the hazardous waste management units are subject to the RCRA air emission standards under RCRA.
		Section § 66265.1083(b) of Title 22 of the CCR states that the owner or operator shall control air pollutant emissions from each hazardous waste management unit in accordance with standards specified in sections 66265.1085 through 66265.1088 as applicable to the hazardous waste management unit, except as provided for in subsection (c) of this section [40 CFR § 265.1083(b)].
Fueles Training December	2024 2022	This potential violation is still outstanding.
Employee Training Records: - Allan Sherlock - Demonte Rose - Sameei Al Khafaji	2021 - 2023	Reviewed.

Consolidated Emergency Response/Contingency Plan:	01/21/22	Reviewed.
Spill Reports:	2020 - 2023	Not Applicable.
San Jose-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility Industrial Wastewater Discharge Permit: - Permit No. SC-461B	11/20/20 – 11/19/25	Reviewed.
Bay Area Air Quality Management District – Permit to Operate: - Air Permit No. 22839	05/06/23 – 05/01/24	Reviewed.

Closing Conference

On August 17, 2023, August 18, 2023 and January 16, 2024, Apple's representatives participated in Closing Conferences with EPA Region 9. The EPA inspectors reviewed the inspection activities and summarized some potential violations and areas of concern.

Inspector Rollins gave an estimated date as to when Apple might receive the final RCRA hazardous waste inspection report. EPA thanked the facility for its hospitality and full cooperation. The overall inspection was concluded on January 16, 2024 at 4:50 pm.

SECTION III – LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A - Apple Photograph Log

Attachment B - SB01 Air Permit 22839

Attachment C - SB01 Industrial Wastewater Permit

Attachment D - Tiered Permitting Unit – AWN System

Attachment E - Tiered Permitting Unit – HMR System

Attachment F - Tiered Permitting Unit - Solvent Tank System

Attachment G - SB01 Water with Solvents Profile

Attachment H - Permit Modification Application_ Plant 22839

Attachment I - (B(4) SDS

Attachment J - B(4) SDS

Attachment K - B(4) SDS

Attachment L - IPA SDS

Attachment M - B(4) (B(4)) SDS

Attachment N - , UHP SDS

Attachment O - B(4) SDS

Attachment P - B(4) (B(4)) SDS

Attachment Q - CH1505500 Mixed Flam Liquid SB01

Attachment R - Improperly Characterized Activated Carbon Shipments

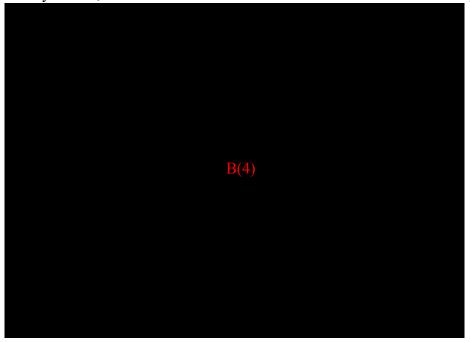


Region 9 Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division RCRA INSPECTION REPORT PHOTOGRAPH LOG

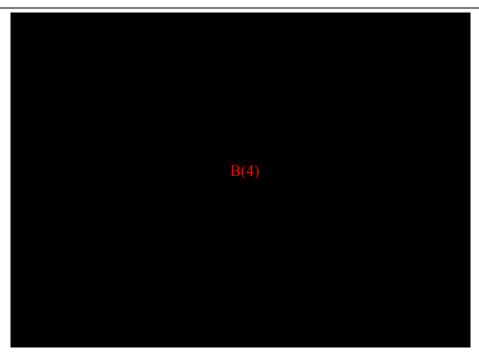
Apple, Inc. - 08/17/2023, 08/18/2023 and 01/16/2024



Photograph 1a (P8170006.JPG - 08/17/23): A photo of nineteen 5-gallon containers of corrosive waste in Apple's Building 1 East, Compartment 1 Indoor CAA Shed (The Bunker Area). Two containers were unlabeled and undated, eleven of the container labels were not clearly visible, and one container was stored on-site for more than 90-days.



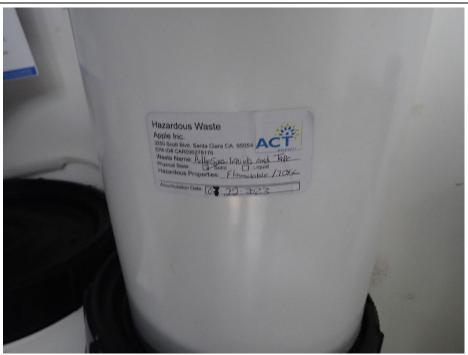
Photograph 1b (P8180009.JPG - 08/18/23): A photo of the two unlabeled and undated containers with new RCRA hazardous waste labels placed on them. The Accumulation State Dates (ASDs) on the containers were dated 08/17/23.



Photograph 1c (P8180010.JPG - 08/18/23): A close-up photo of a 5-gallon container of corrosive liquids in Apple's Bunker. The container was marked "B(4)" and the ASD on the container was 03/02/23. The correct name was later determined to be "B(4)".



Photograph 2a (P8170013JPG - 08/17/23): A photo of an open 5-gallon container of "Adhesive Liquids and Tape" waste in Apple's Bunker Area. The lid of the container was not secured, and the waste was being managed as non-RCRA hazardous waste.



Photograph 2b (P8170014.JPG - 08/17/23): A close-up photo of the hazardous waste label on the 5-gallon container of "Adhesive Liquids and Tape" waste in Apple's Bunker Area. The ASD on the label was documented as 07/22/23.



Photograph 2c (P8180013.JPG - 08/18/23): A close-up photo of the closed 5-gallon container of "Adhesive Liquids and Tape" waste in Apple's Bunker Area. The container was closed on 08/18/23.



Photograph 3a (P8170015.JPG - 08/17/23): A photo of a 5-gallon container of "Silicone" waste in Apple's Bunker Area. The container was closed but had an ASD of 03/16/22, more than 90-days from the date of EPA's inspection. This waste was regulated as a non-RCRA hazardous waste.



Photograph 4a (P8170016.JPG - 08/17/23): A photo of several containers of expired chemicals on the floor of Apple's Bunker Area. According to the facility representative, the containers were placed in the Bunker Area that morning and hadn't been properly labeled with a hazardous waste label or dated, prior to EPA's arrival.



Photograph 5a (P8170020.JPG - 08/17/23): A photo of an open 55-gallon container of "Mega Posit" in Apple's Bunker Area. At the time of the inspection, the cap was laying on top of the opening of the container (not as depicted here). According to Apple, the container was left opened in order to prevent the container from expanding and bulging.



Photograph 5b (P8170021.JPG - 08/17/23): A close-up photo of the label on the open 55-gallon container of "Mega Posit" waste in Apple's Bunker Area. The label was starting to peel off of the container while inside the Bunker Area.



Photograph 5c (P8180012.JPG - 08/18/23): A photo of the cap placed back on the container, officially closing the container. This container was documented as closed on 08/18/23.



Photograph 6a (P8170051.JPG - 08/17/23): A photo of Apple's 1,700-gallon stainless-steel hazardous waste tank. The tank was marked with the words, "Hazardous Waste" and used for the accumulation of spent solvent waste. At the time of the inspection, the solvents were being managed as California Only Waste.



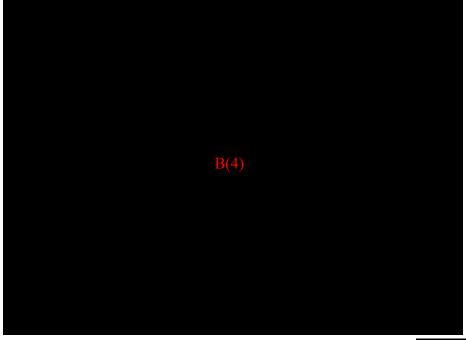
Photograph 6b (P8170052.JPG - 08/17/23): A photo of The hazardous waste label on the 1,700-gallon solvent waste tank in the Bunker Area. At the time of the inspection, the waste was marked as "Water with Solvents" and managed as California Only Waste.



Photograph 7a (P8170062.JPG - 08/17/23): A photo of a 55-gallon container filled with "Activated Carbon" and located on the roof of Building 1. This drum is used to capture the VOC emissions from Apple's 1,700-gallon spent solvent waste tank. The container was not labeled or identified in Apple's air permit or their RCRA tank assessment.



Photograph 7b (P8170061.JPG - 08/17/23): A photo of three vents connected to Apple's 55-gallon container filled with "Activated Carbon". The two vents on the left are emergency vents for the double-walled tank. The vent on the right is the main vent.



Photograph 8a (IMG_5542.JPG - 01/16/24): A photo of Tool 8-01C in B(4)

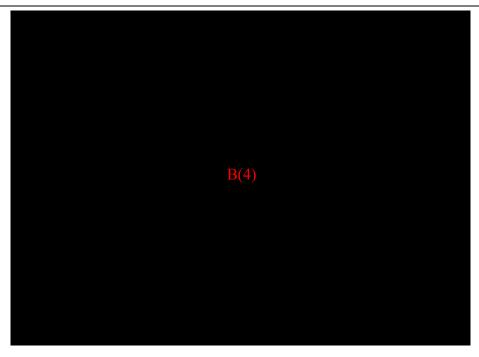
B(4) of Apple's B(4) Area. The tool utilizes three chemicals that once spent are managed as a flammable waste (D001 Waste) onsite.



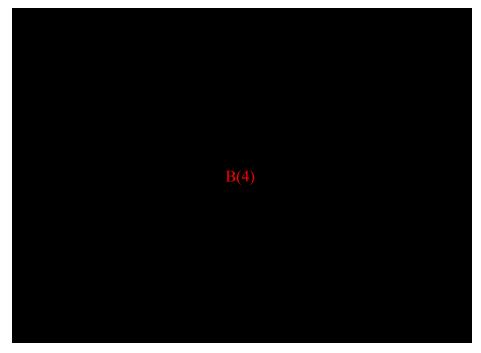
Photograph 9a (IMG_5554.JPG - 01/16/24): A close-up photo of the two chemicals that are used in Tool 8-112 located in **B(4)** — **B(4)** Area. The label identifies that there is one solvent and one corrosive chemical being used in this tool when in operation.



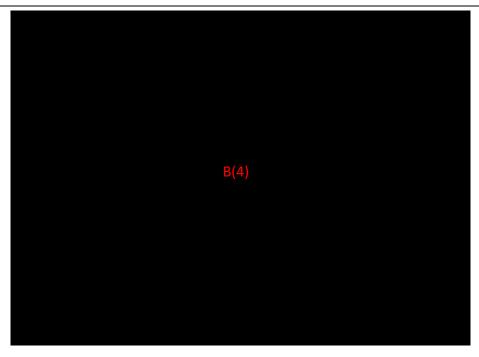
Photograph 9b (IMG_5555.JPG - 01/16/24): A photo of the solvent and water baths inside of Tool 8-112 located in B(4) Area.



Photograph 9c (IMG_5556.JPG - 01/16/24): A close-up photo of the three chemicals that are used in Tool 6-51 located in **B(4)** Area. The label identifies that there are two solvents and one corrosive chemical being used in this tool when in operation.



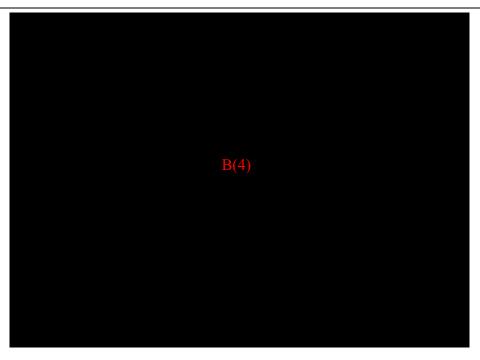
Photograph 9d (IMG_5557.JPG - 01/16/24): A photo of the solvent and water baths inside Tool 6-15 located in B(4) Area.



Photograph 10a (IMG_5565.JPG - 01/16/24): A close-up photo of the four chemicals that are used in Tool 8-133 located in the **B(4)** Area. The label identifies that there are two solvents and two corrosive chemicals being used in this tool when in operation.



Photograph 10b (IMG_5567.JPG - 01/16/24): A close-up photo of two chemicals posted on a sign near Tool 8-134 located in the B(4) Area. The label identifies that there are two solvent chemicals being used in this tool when in operation.



Photograph 10c (IMG_5568.JPG - 01/16/24): A close-up photo of three chemicals posted on a sign near the 8-29 B(4) located in the B(4) Area. The label identifies that there is one solvent and two corrosive chemicals being used in this tool when in operation.



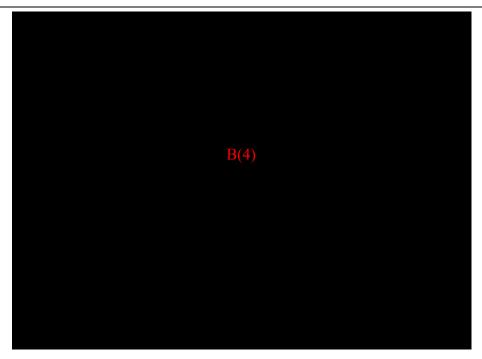
Photograph 11a (IMG_5548.JPG - 01/16/24): A photo of Apple's solvent waste vent in the B(4) Area of the facility's B(4) Area connecting to Apple's solvent exhaust piping system. The solvent waste vent connects to piping on each of the 5-gallon carboy containers located in the grated floor in the room.



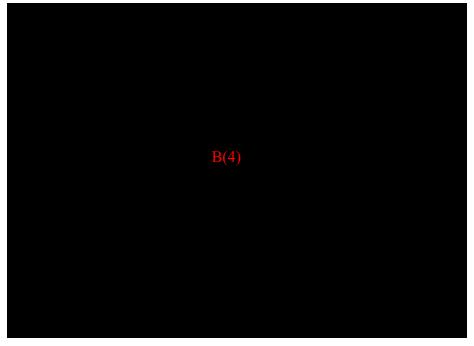
Photograph 11b (IMG 5589.JPG - 01/16/24): A photo of Apple's solvent exhaust system on the right (B(4)) emerging from the ceiling in the B(4). Area and connecting to the larger exhaust system piping on the roof. The "Activated Carbon" box for B(4) is located on the left side of the photo, which is used to vent VOCs.



Photograph 11c (IMG_5591.JPG - 01/16/24): A photo of Apple's solvent exhaust piping connecting to one of the main general exhaust systems on the roof of Building 1. The general exhaust system vents the air directly to the atmosphere.



Photograph 12a (IMG_5592.JPG - 01/16/24): A photo of eleven 5-gallon containers of corrosive waste (D002 Waste) in Apple's Bunker Area. The labels on three of the eleven 5-gallon containers were not clearly visible for inspection, without physically moving each of the containers.



Photograph 12b (IMG_5603.JPG - 01/16/24): A close-up photo of Apple's 5-gallon container of "B(4)" waste. This waste is managed as a corrosive waste (D002 Waste) and has an accumulation start date of 01/09/24.



Photograph 13a (IMG_5594.JPG - 01/16/24): A photo of twelve 5-gallon containers of mixed solvent waste in Apple's Bunker Area. The labels on eight of the twelve containers were not clearly visible during the inspection. The waste from these containers were accumulated upstream in Apple's B(4) Area.



Photograph 13b (IMG_5598.JPG - 01/16/24): A photo of one 5-gallon container of mixed solvents in Apple's Bunker Area. The container is marked as a flammable waste (D001 Waste) and has an accumulation state date of 01/16/24.



Photograph 13c (IMG_5600.JPG - 01/16/24): Another photo of a 5-gallon container of mixed solvent waste in Apple's Bunker Area. The container is marked as a flammable waste (D001 Waste) and has an accumulation state date of 01/11/24.





PERMIT EXPIRATION DATE

MAY 1, 2024

PLANT# 22839

2

Apple, Inc 3250 Scott Boulevard Santa Clara, CA 95054

COPY SENT TO: Tom Huynh, EHS Lead Apple, Inc 1 Apple Park Way, M/S 319 5EHS Cupertino, CA 95014

Location: 3250 Scott Boulevard Santa Clara, CA 95054

[Schedule] PAID S# DESCRIPTION 1 Semiconductor fab 1722

Research and Development Facility (Research and Development Facility) [H]

Abated by: A2 Packed Bed Scrubber

> A5 Afterburner A10 Afterburner All Scrubber A4 Afterburner A9 Afterburner A3 Afterburner A8 Afterburner A7 Afterburner

A6 Afterburner Al Packed Bed Scrubber

Emissions at: P2 Stack

P4 Stack P3 Stack

P5 Stack P1 Stack

Standby Diesel engine, 2922 hp, EPA# ECEXL060.AAD, Cummins Emergency Standby Diesel Engine

[B]

1519

Emissions at: P6 Stack

The operating parameters described above are based on information supplied by permit holder and may differ from the limits set forth in the attached conditions of the Permit to Operate. The limits of operation in the permit conditions are not to be exceeded. Exceeding these limits is considered a violation of District regulations subject to enforcement action.





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S#	DESCRIPTION	[Schedule]	PAID
A10	Direct Flame Afterburner, 1277K BTU/hr max, Thermal Processing Unit(TPU)-4C Abated by: A9 Afterburner	Multifuel [exempt]	0
	A8 Afterburner A7 Afterburner A6 Afterburner A1 Packed Bed Scrubber Emissions at: P1 Stack		
A9	Direct Flame Afterburner, 1277K BTU/hr max, Thermal Processing Unit(TPU)-4B Abated by: A8 Afterburner A7 Afterburner A6 Afterburner A1 Packed Bed Scrubber	Multifuel [exempt]	0
A8	Emissions at: P1 Stack Direct Flame Afterburner, 1277K BTU/hr max, THermal Proessing Unit(TPU)-4A Abated by: A7 Afterburner	Multifuel [exempt]	0
A7	Direct Flame Afterburner, 1278K BTU/hr max, Thermal Processing Unit(TPU)-3B Abated by: A6 Afterburner	Multifuel [exempt]	0
A6	Direct Flame Afterburner, 1277K BTU/hr max, Thermal Processing Unit(TPU)-3A Abated by: Al Packed Bed Scrubber Emissions at: Pl Stack	Multifuel [exempt]	0

The operating parameters described above are based on information supplied by permit holder and may differ from the limits set forth in the attached conditions of the Permit to Operate. The limits of operation in the permit conditions are not to be exceeded. Exceeding these limits is considered a violation of District regulations subject to enforcement action.

PERMIT EXPIRATION DATE

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PLANT# 22839

S#	DESCRIPTION	[Schedule] PAID
A5	Direct Flame Afterburner, 1695K BTU/hr max, TPU-2A Abated by: A4 Afterburner	Multifuel 0 [exempt]
	A3 Afterburner Emissions at: P3 Stack P5 Stack	
A4	Direct Flame Afterburner, 1695K BTU/hr max, Thermal Processing Unit(TPU)-1B Abated by: A3 Afterburner Emissions at: P3 Stack P5 Stack	Multifuel 0 [exempt]
A3	Direct Flame Afterburner, 1695K BTU/hr max, Thermal Processing Unit (TPU)-1A Emissions at: P5 Stack	Multifuel 0 [exempt]
	2 Permitted Sources, 8 Exempt Sources	
	*** See attached Permit Conditions ***	

The operating parameters described above are based on information supplied by permit holder and may differ from the limits set forth in the attached conditions of the Permit to Operate. The limits of operation in the permit conditions are not to be exceeded. Exceeding these limits is considered a violation of District regulations subject to enforcement action.

PERMIT EXPIRATION DATE

MAY 1, 2024

PLANT# 22839

*** PERMIT CONDITIONS ***

Source# Subject to Condition Numbers

1 26031 2 22850

The operating parameters described above are based on information supplied by permit holder and may differ from the limits set forth in the attached conditions of the Permit to Operate. The limits of operation in the permit conditions are not to be exceeded. Exceeding these limits is considered a violation of District regulations subject to enforcement action.

PERMIT EXPIRATION DATE

MAY 1, 2024

PLANT# 22839

*** PERMIT CONDITIONS ***

COND# 22850 applies to S# 2

- 1. The owner/operator shall not exceed 50 hours
 per year per engine for reliability-related
 testing.
 [Basis: Title 17, California Code of
 Regulations, section 93115, ATCM for Stationary
 CI Engines]
- 2. The owner/operator shall operate each emergency standby engine only for the following purposes: to mitigate emergency conditions, for emission testing to demonstrate compliance with a District, State or Federal emission limit, or for reliability-related activities (maintenance and other testing, but excluding emission testing). Operating while mitigating emergency conditions or while emission testing to show compliance with District, State or Federal emission limits is not limited.
 [Basis: Title 17, California Code of Regulations, section 93115, ATCM for Stationary CI Engines]
- 3. The owner/operator shall operate each emergency standby engine only when a non-resettable totalizing meter (with a minimum display capability of 9,999 hours) that measures the hours of operation for the engine is installed, operated and properly maintained.
 [Basis: Title 17, California Code of Regulations, section 93115, ATCM for Stationary CI Engines]
- 4. Records: The owner/operator shall maintain the following monthly records in a District-approved log for at least 36 months from the date of entry (60 months if the facility has been issued a Title V Major Facility Review Permit or a Synthetic Minor Operating Permit). Log entries shall be retained on-site, either at a central location or at the engine's location, and made immediately available to the District staff upon request.

PERMIT EXPIRATION DATE

MAY 1, 2024

PLANT# 22839

*** PERMIT CONDITIONS ***

- a. Hours of operation for reliability-related activities (maintenance and testing).
- b. Hours of operation for emission testing to show compliance with emission limits.
- c. Hours of operation (emergency).
- d. For each emergency, the nature of the emergency condition.
- e. Fuel usage for each engine(s).
 [Basis: Title 17, California Code of Regulations, section 93115, ATCM for Stationary CI Engines]
- 5. At School and Near-School Operation:
 If the emergency standby engine is located on school grounds or within 500 feet of any school grounds, the following requirements shall apply:

The owner/operator shall not operate each stationary emergency standby diesel-fueled engine for non-emergency use, including maintenance and testing, during the following periods:

- a. Whenever there is a school sponsored activity (if the engine is located on school grounds)
- b. Between 7:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. on days when school is in session.

"School" or "School Grounds" means any public or private school used for the purposes of the education of more than 12 children in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, but does not include any private school in which education is primarily conducted in a private home(s). "School" or "School Grounds" includes any building or structure, athletic field, or other areas of school property but does not include unimproved school property.

[Basis: Title 17, California Code of Regulations, section 93115, ATCM for Stationary CI Engines]



PERMIT EXPIRATION DATE

MAY 1, 2024

PLANT# 22839

*** PERMIT CONDITIONS ***

COND# 26031 applies to S# 1

Plant 22839: Apple located at 3250 Scott Boulevard in Santa Clara, CA 95054 Application 26855: For S-1 "Research and Development (R&D) Fabrication Area" Abated by Scrubbers (A-1, A-2, and A-11) and Thermal Processing Units (A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, A-8, A-9, and A-10).

1a. The owner/operator of S-1 "Research and Development (R&D) Fabrication Area" shall not exceed the following gross usage limits at any solvent station during any consecutive twelve-month period:

Solvent Sink Station Chemical Gallons DuPont EKC 922 DuPont EKC 265 240 720 NMP AZ EBR AZ7030 48 Stripper Dow T1100

Solvent Vapor Station Chemical Gallons Isopropyl Alcohol (IPA) [Basis: Cumulative Increase]

1b. The owner/operator of (S-1) shall not exceed the following gross usage limits for wipe cleaning within the source during any consecutive twelvemonth period:

Wipe Cleaning Operations

Chemical Gallons Acetone 240 50% IPA, 50% Water 240 10% IPA, 90% Water 250 [Basis: Cumulative Increase]

1c. The owner/operator of (S-1) shall not exceed the following gross usage limits of any photoresist and solvent base developer during any consecutive twelve-month period: Photoresist

PERMIT EXPIRATION DATE

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*** PERMIT CONDITIONS ***

Chemical Gallons Hexamethyldisilazane (HMDS) 12 n-Resist AZ nl OF 2035 48 n-Resist Fujitsu PFi-89 24 BCB Cyclone 3022-46 24

Solvent Base Developer

Chemical Gallons

480 TatraMethyl Ammonium hydroxide (TMAH)

(Basis: Cumulative Increase)

1d. The owner/operator of (S-1) shall not exceed the following gross usage limits of any toxic inorganic liquids and organic/inorganic gases during any consecutive twelve-month period:

Inorganic Liquids

Chemical Gallons Ammonium Hydroxide (NH4OH) 24 Hydrochloric Acid 144 Sulfuric Acid 1,200 Organic/Inorganic Gases Gases

lb/year Arsine 78 Phosphine (PH3) 198 Boron Trichloride 1 Ammonia (NH3) 105,600 C4H8 (Octofluorocyclobutane) 1 CHF3 (trifluoromethane) CF4 (tetrafluoromethane) 1 SF6 (sulfurhexafluoride) Silane (SiH4) 19 Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) 1 Hydorgen Bromide (HBr) Chlorine 1 [Basis: Toxics]

2. The owner/operator may use an alternate coating(s), cleanup solvent(s), organic liquids, and organic/inorganic gases other than the materials specified in Part 1a through 1d and/or materials in excess of those specified in Part 1a through 1d, provided that the owner/operator can demonstrate that all of the following are satisfied:

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*** PERMIT CONDITIONS ***

a. Total POC emissions from S-1 do not exceed 1.151 tons in any consecutive twelve month period; b. Total NPOC emissions from S-1 do not exceed 0.79 tons in any consecutive twelve month period; and c. The use of these materials does not increase toxic emissions above any risk screening trigger level.

For the purposes of emission calculations, 30% of the gross usage at solvent stations shall be assumed to be emitted, 100% of Hexamethyldisilazane (HMDS) and 90% of the remaining photoresist gross usage shall be assumed to be emitted, unless the Air Pollution Control Officer has provided written approval to the owner/operator of this source to use other emission factors. [Basis: Cumulative Increase; Toxics]

- 1. The owner/operator shall not emit more than 1.15 metric tons of CO2e from the facility wide semiconductor operation in any consecutive 12-month period. To determine CO2e emissions, the owner/operator shall use ARB's semiconductor emission calculator that can be found at the following URL:
- http://www.arb.ca.gov/cc/semiconductors/calculator/
 calculator.htm.

[Basis: Title 17, CCR, Sections 95322 and 95323]

- 2. The owner/operator of a semiconductor operation shall submit a GHG emission report pursuant to the requirements in section 95324(b) to the BAAQMD Compliance and Enforcement Division for every calendar year by March 1 of the following year. This report shall quantify the monthly and annual emissions from the semiconductor operations. If the facility emits less than 800 metric tons/calendar year of CO2e, the facility may report emissions on an annual basis. [Basis: Title 17, CCR, Section 95324]
- 3. The owner/operator shall ensure S-1 is abated at all times of operation by the properly installed and properly maintained scrubbers (A-1, A-2, and A-11) and Thermal Processing Units (A-3, A-4, A-5, A-

PERMIT EXPIRATION DATE

MAY 1, 2024

PLANT# 22839

*** PERMIT CONDITIONS ***

- 6, A-7, A-8, A-9, A-10). The requirement to abate emissions in Part 5 shall not apply to emissions from solvent sinks, solvent vapor stations, photoresist operations, and wipe cleaning operations. [Basis: Cumulative Increase]
- 6. The owner/operator shall ensure the destruction efficiency of Thermal Processing Units (A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, A-8, A-9, and A-10) is at least 99% by weight. [Basis: Cumulative Increase]
- 7. The owner/operator shall ensure the destruction efficiency of scrubbers (A-1, A-2, and A-11) is at least 95% by weight. [Basis: Cumulative Increase]
- 8. The owner/operator shall ensure supplemental fuel used at Thermal Processing Units (A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, A-8, A-9, and A-10) is oxygen, hydrogen gas, and/or PUC quality natural gas. [Basis: Cumulative Increase]
- 9. The owner/operator shall maintain a minimum operating temperature of at least 1,400 degrees F in Thermal Processing Units (A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, A-8, A-9, and A-10) when organic and/or inorganic emissions are vented to the above abatement devices. Each of these Thermal Processing Units may be operated at temperatures lower than 1,400 degrees F if the owner/operator can demonstrate compliance with Parts 2 and 6 at the lower temperature(s) via District approved source testing required by this permit condition. [Basis: Cumulative Increase]
- 10. If the operating temperature(s) of the Thermal Processing Units established under Part 9 of this permit condition is changed as a result of using alternate coating(s), cleanup solvent(s), organic liquids, and organic/inorganic gases other than the materials specified in Part 1a through 1d and/or materials in excess of those specified in Part 1a through 1d, the owner/operator shall demonstrate compliance with Parts 2 and 6 at the revised operating temperature(s) via District approved

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*** PERMIT CONDITIONS ***

source testing within 30-days of re-establishing the operating temperature(s) of the Thermal Processing Units. Upon completion of the source test(s) and after the source test results are submitted to the District's Source Test Section for review in accordance with Parts 16 and 17, the owner/operator shall submit a permit application to the District requesting the operating temperature(s) for the Thermal Processing Units in Part 9 of this permit condition be revised.

[Basis: Cumulative Increase]

- 11. The temperature limit in Part 9 shall not apply during an "Allowable Temperature Excursion", provided that the temperature controller set point complies with the temperature limit. An Allowable Temperature Excursion is one of the following:
 - a. A temperature excursion not exceeding 20 degrees F; or;
 - b. A temperature excursion for a period or periods which when combined are less than or equal to 15 minutes in any hour; or.
 - c. A temperature excursion for a period or periods which when combined is more than 15 minutes in any hour, provided that all three of the following criteria are met.
 - 1. The excursion does not exceed 50 degrees F;
- 2. The duration of the excursion does not exceed 24 hours; and
 - 3. The total number of such excursions does not exceed 12 per calendar year (or any consecutive 12 month period). Two or more excursions greater than 15 minutes in duration occurring during the same 24-hour period shall be counted as one excursion toward the 12-excursion limit. [Basis: Regulation 2-1-403]
- 12. For each Allowable Temperature Excursion that exceeds 20 degrees F and 15 minutes in duration, the Permit Holder shall keep sufficient records to demonstrate that they meet the qualifying criteria described above. Records shall be retained for a minimum of two years from the date of entry, and





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MAY 1, 2024

PLANT# 22839

*** PERMIT CONDITIONS ***

shall be made available to the District upon request. Records shall include at least the following information:

- a. Temperature controller set point;
- b. Starting date and time, and duration of each Allowable Temperature Excursion;
- c. Measured temperature during each Allowable Temperature Excursion;
- d. Number of Allowable Temperature Excursions per month, and total number for the current calendar year; and all strip charts or other temperature records. [Basis: Regulation 2-1-403]
- 13. The owner/operator shall report any non-compliance with Part 9 of this condition to the Director of the Compliance & Enforcement Division at the time that it is discovered. The submittal shall detail the corrective action taken and shall include the data showing the exceedance as well at the time of occurrence. [Basis: Cumulative Increase, Regulation 2-5]
- 14. The owner/operator shall not emit more than 50 ppmv NOx @ 15% O2 (0.20 lbs/MMBTU) from Thermal Processing Units (A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, A-8, A-9, and A-10)

[Basis: RACT, Source Test Method 13A]

15. The owner/operator shall not emit more than 350 ppmv CO @ 15% O2 (0.80 lbs/MMBTU) from Thermal Processing Units (A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, A-8, A-9, and A-10)

[Basis: RACT, Source Test Method 6]

16. Within 60 days of starting up S-1, the owner/operator shall conduct District approved source tests to determine initial compliance with the parts 2, 6, 7, 14, & 15 of this permit condition. The owner/operator shall submit the source test results to the District's Source Test Section for review and approval within 60 days of the source test.

[Basis: RACT, Cumulative Increase]





PERMIT EXPIRATION DATE

MAY 1, 2024

PLANT# 22839

*** PERMIT CONDITIONS ***

17. The owner/operator shall submit and obtain approval of all source test procedures from the Manager of the District's Source Test Section prior to conducting any tests. The owner/operator shall comply with all applicable source testing requirements as specified in Volume IV of the District's Manual of Procedures. The owner/operator shall notify the Manager of the District's Source Test Section, in writing, of the source test protocols and projected test dates at least 7 days prior to testing.

[Basis: RACT, Cumulative Increase]

- 18. In order to determine compliance with this permit condition, the owner/operator shall maintain the following records and shall provide all of the information necessary to evaluate compliance, including the following on a monthly basis: [Basis: Record-keeping]
- a. Quantities of each type of coating and solvent used at this source.
 - b. If materials other than those specified in Part 1 are used or if a material is used in excess of the limits specified in part 1, emission calculations of POC/NPOC, Fluorides and toxic component contents of each material used to demonstrate compliance with Part 2.
 - c. Monthly usage and/or emission calculations shall be totaled for each consecutive twelvemonth period.
 - d. Quantities of each type of solvent recovered for disposal or recycling.
 - e. Net Usage of each type of solvent.
 - f. Copies of District approved source test results.

All records shall be retained on-site for two years from the date of entry and shall be made available for inspection to District staff upon request. The records may be in the form of computer-generated data, which is available to District personnel on short notice (rather than actual paper copies). These record-keeping requirements shall not replace the record-keeping requirements contained in any





This document does not permit the holder to violate any BAAQMD regulation or any other law.	PERMIT EXPIRATION DATE		
	MAY 1, 2024		
PLANT# 22839			
*** PERMIT CONDITIONS ***			
applicable District regulations. [Basis: Cumulative Increase, Toxics]			
Cumulative increase, loxics			
END OF CONDITIONS	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		



September 13, 2023

Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) Engineering Division 375 Beale Street, Suite 600 San Francisco, CA 94105

SUBJECT: Apple Inc. Plant #22839

RE: Application for Permit Modification for BAAQMD Plant #22839

REF: 0664430

Apple Inc. (Apple) currently owns and operates emission sources under BAAQMD Plant #22839, located in Santa Clara, CA. Apple is requesting an authority to construct and permit to operate for a 1,700 gallon solvent waste tank (S-NEW) at the facility. S-NEW is a horizontal aboveground tank receiving waste solvent and water from solvent spray benches and wet benches from S-1 (Semiconductor Fab Research and Development Facility).

With this application, Apple has included the following documentation:

- Appendix A: BAAQMD permit application forms;
- Appendix B: Facility site map and process flow diagram;
- Appendix C: Emission calculations;
- Appendix D: Safety data sheets; and
- Appendix E: Equipment specifications.

We appreciate BAAQMD's ongoing support. If you have any questions regarding the attached application, please call me at (408) 908-0167.

Sincerely,

Tom Huynh EHS Apple Inc.

Attachment: Application for Permit Modification for BAAQMD Plant #22839



September 13, 2023

Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) Engineering Division 375 Beale Street, Suite 600 San Francisco, CA 94105

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Tom Huynh

EHS

Apple Inc.

Attachment: Application for Permit Modification for BAAQMD Plant #22839

Appendix A: BAAQMD Permit Application Forms



BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

Application Cover Form - "P-101B form"

All fields are required unless otherwise noted. Please type or print. No information provided on this form can be marked trade secret.

Send to:
BAAQMD
Engineering Division
375 Beale St., Suite 600
San Francisco, CA 94105
Email: perrmits@baaqmd.gov

Phone: (415) 749-4990

1. Facility and ProjectInformation							
> If this facility does not have a current BAAQMD permit or active permit	t applica	ation (new facility	y), fill out the F	acility Cre	ation and Co	ntacts Form part of this form.	
> If this application is in response to a Notice of Violation from BAAQM	ID Comp	liance & Enforce	ment Division	, please en	ter the NOV	number here	
Facility Name					Facilit	y ID (except new facilities)	
Apple I	nc. F	acility ID	22839				
Application Title/ Project or Equipment Description							
Sol	lvent	Waste Ta	nk				
Equipment/Project Location in relation to facility location ((e.g., N	IW corner of	facility OR 3	338 Was	hington D	r.) (Optional)	
2. Application Contact							
First Name		Last Name					
Kevin					Sung		
Business Name of Contact (If different from facility)	ı		Co	ntact Tit	:le		
					EHS Engineer		
Address Line 1			Address Li	ine 2 (Op	tional)		
One Apple Park Way			MS 991-SB01				
City				State		Zip Code	
Cupertino				CA		95014	
E-mail Address							
kevin	_sun	ig@apple.	com				
Primary Phone (xxx-xxx-xxxx)	Alterna	ate Phone (Op	otional)		nber (Optional)		
408-908-0167							
3. Proximity to a School (K-12)							
Is the equipment/project located within 1,000 ft of the outer boundary of the nearest school? Yes No							
4. Additional Information: The following additional information is required to complete all permit applications and should be included with your submittal. Failure to provide this information may delay the review of your application.							
A facility map with street address or location and the property boundary, drawn roughly to scale, that locates the equipment and its emission points, completed data form(s), and a pollutant flow diagram for each piece of equipment. (See www.baaqmd.gov/forms/permits) Equipment/project description, manufacturer's data Discussion and/or calculations of air pollutant emissions from the equipment							
5. Small Business Certification (optional): If the facility identified in Part 1 qualifies as a small business as defined in Regulation 3, certify by checking boxes that your business meets all the following criteria. You may qualify for an application fee reduction.							
The business does not employ more than 10 persons and its gross annual income does not exceed \$750,000. And the business is not an affiliate of a non-small business. (Note: a non-small business employs more than 10 persons and/or its gross income exceeds \$750,000.)							
6. Green Business Certification (optional): If the facility identige Governments and implemented by participating counties, check the							
Green Business certificate included							

BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

Application Cover Form - "P-101B form"

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Send to:
BAAQMD
Engineering Division
375 Beale St., Suite 600
San Francisco, CA 94105
Email: perrmits@baaqmd.gov

Phone: (415) 749-4990

7. Accelerated Permitting (optional): The Accelerated Permitting Program entit	les you to install and ope	rate qualifying sources of air pollution and				
abatement equipment while your permit application is being processed . To qualify for this program, you must certify that your project will meet <u>all</u> of the following criteria. Please acknowledge each item by checking each box.						
Uncontrolled emissions of any single pollutant are each less than 10 lbs/highest day, or the equipment has been pre-certified by the BAAQMD.						
	ncontrolled emissions of taxic compounds do not exceed the trigger levels identified in Table 2-5-1 (see Regulation 2, Rule 5).					
The source is not a diesel engine.		c negaration 2, nate of				
The project is not a dieser engine. The project is not subject to public notice requirements (the source is either mo	ara than 1000 ft from the	a pagrast school or the source				
does not emit any toxic compound in Table 2-5-1 of BAAQMD Regulation 2, Rul	e 5).					
For replacement of abatement equipment, the new equipment must have an expollutants than the equipment being replaced.	qual or greater overall ab	patement efficiency for all				
For alterations of existing sources, the requested change does not result in an in	ncrease in emissions for a	all pollutants.				
Payment of all applicable permit application fees (the minimum permit fee to ir contact the Engineering Division for help in determining your fees.	nstall and operate each so	ource). See Regulation 3 or				
3. CEQA Please answer the following questions pertaining to CEQA (California Enviro	onmental Quality Act).					
A Has another public agency prepared, required preparation of, or issued a notice regarding preparation of a California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) document (initial study, negative declaration, environmental impact report, or other CEQA document) that analyzes impacts of this project or another project of which it is a part or to which it is related? If no, go to section 8B. Describe the document or notice, preparer, and date of document or expected date of completion:						
N/A	N/A					
B List and describe any other permits or agency approvals required for	List and describe any other permits or agency approvals required for this project by city, regional, state or federal agencies					
N/A	N/A					
C List and describe all other prior or current projects for which either of the following statements is true: (1) the project that is the subject of this application could not be undertaken without the project listed below, (2) the project listed below could not be undertaken without the project that is the subject of this application:						
N/A						
9. Trade Secret Information: Under the California Public Records Act, all information						
ecord and may be disclosed <u>to the public, unless you have asked BAAQMD to treat c</u> Section 402.7.	ertain items as trade seci	ret as specified in Regulation 2, Rule 1,				
Does this application contain Trade Secret information? Each page containing trade secret information must be labeled "trade secret provide a "public copy" with the information redacted. For each item asserted to be trade secret, you must provide a statement v						
10. Certification/Signature						
hereby certify that I am authorized to complete this form for the facility and that acknowledge that all documentation in this application submittal \underline{is} a matter of \underline{p}						
Name	Title					
Signature	Date (mm/dd/yy)	Phone (xxx-xxx-xxxx)				

BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

Application Cover Form - "P-101B form"

All fields are required unless otherwise noted. Please type or print. No information provided on this form can be marked trade secret.

Send to: BAAQMD Engineering D

Engineering Division 375 Beale St., Suite 600 San Francisco, CA 94105 Email: perrmits@baagmd.gov

Phone: (415) 749-4990

	erated Permitting (optional): The Accelerated Permitting Program entitle						
	ent equipment while your permit application is being processed. To qualify for	or this program, you mus	t certify that your project will meet <u>all</u> of				
	wing criteria. Please acknowledge each item by checking each box.		La constitue de la constitue d				
	ontrolled emissions of any single pollutant are each less than 10 lbs/highest of						
	ontrolled emissions of toxic compounds do not exceed the trigger levels iden	tified in Table 2-5-1 (see	Regulation 2, Rule 5).				
=	source is not a diesel engine.						
	project is not subject to public notice requirements (the source is either mor s not emit any toxic compound in Table 2-5-1 of BAAQMD Regulation 2, Rule		nearest school, or the source				
	replacement of abatement equipment, the new equipment must have an equipment that the equipment being replaced.	ual or greater overall abo	atement efficiency for all				
	alterations of existing sources, the requested change does not result in an inc	rease in emissions for a	Il pollutants.				
Paym	ment of all applicable permit application fees (the minimum permit fee to ins						
And the second second	eact the Engineering Division for help in determining your fees.	omental Quality Act)					
S. CEUA	Please answer the following questions pertaining to CEQA (California Environ						
Α	Has another public agency prepared, required preparation of, or issued Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) document (initial study, negative de CEQA document) that analyzes impacts of this project or another project go to section 8B. Describe the document or notice, preparer, and date of	eclaration, environment ct of which it is a part or	tal impact report, or other to which it is related? If no,				
	N/A						
B	List and describe any other permits or agency approvals required for this project by city, regional, state or federal agencies						
	N/A						
С	List and describe all other prior or current projects for which either of the following statements is true: (1) the project that is the subject of this application could not be undertaken without the project listed below, (2) the project listed below could not be undertaken without the project that is the subject of this application:						
	N/A						
9 Trade	Secret Information: Under the California Public Records Act, all information	on in your nermit applica	ation will be considered a matter of public				
	nd may be disclosed to the public, unless you have asked BAAQMD to treat ce						
Section 40							
pelnicksididilet	application contain Trade Secret information? Yes No						
when the state of the particular of	Each page containing trade secret information must be labeled "trade secre	t" with the trade secret	information clearly marked and you must				
_	provide a "public copy" with the information redacted.		11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1				
_	For each item asserted to be trade secret, you must provide a statement when the statemen	nich provides the basis fo	or vour claim.				
	The control of the co		7-7-				
10.Certi	ification/Signature						
	certify that I am authorized to complete this form for the facility and that a	II information contained	d herein is true and correct.				
	ledge that all documentation in this application submittal <u>is a matter of pu</u>						
Name		Title					
	TOM HUYUH MOT	EAS Manag	152				
Signatu	ure //	Date (mm/dd/yy)	Phone (xxx-xxx-xxxx)				
	-la Wuyll	09/14/23	408-595-0947				

DATA FORM T **Organic Liquid Evaporation** (tankage, loading and handling)

BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

375 Beale Street, Suite 600... San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 749-4990 FAX (415)-749-5030

1. Business Name: Apple Inc. Plant No: 22839 (if unknown, leave blank) 7/15/17 (approx) 2. SIC No: 3674 Date of Initial Operation Source No S- NEW 3. Name or Description Solvent Waste Tank 2) <u>42</u>7 1) 157 4. Code materials* in order of highest throughputs: 3) ____ 4) 170 5. Total throughput (all materials), last 12 months: thousand gal thousand bbl Dec-Feb 25 Mar-May 25 Jun-Aug 25 Sep-Nov 25 6. Typical % of total annual throughput: % % Check box if loading/handling facility; complete lines 7-11 and omit the remainder of this form. (Also complete one Form T for each storage tank) ☐ Bulk plant (marine) 7. • Usage type:

Bulk plant (truck/rail car) Other: N/A ☐ Aircraft/marine servicing 8. • How many nozzles/loading arms? N/A How many pumps? N/A• Make and model of nozzles/leading

9.	• Make and model of hozzles/loading arms. N/A
10.	● Nozzle/arm loads tank by: ☐ splash fill ☐ submerged fill ☐ part splash, part submerged
11.	 Upon loading, vapor space in tank(s) is:
12.	Annual Average: Storage vapor pressure 0.73 psia or tank temperature°F and RVPpsia
13.	Highest v.p. of all materials stored: 1.29 psia or high tank temperature°F and high RVPpsia
14.	Highest °API of all material stored: N/A o Lowest initial B.P. of all materials stored: 180.5 °F
15.	Tank Type: ☐ underground ☐ fixed roof ☐ internal floating roof ☐ floating roof ☐ other:
16.	Tank volume: 1.7 thousand gallons or thousand barrels
17	Tank Diameter: <u>5.89</u> <u>ft</u> height or length: <u>6.17</u> <u>ft</u> Check if applicable: ■ heated ■ insulated
Fixed	d Roof Tanks Only
18.	Maximum fill rate <u>: 600g</u> al/hr _ or bbl/hr
19.	Average height of vapor space: 2.3 ft Highest head space reactivity 50 %

■ Check box if emissions from this tank are controlled; complete lines 20 and 21. A NEW A 20. • Emissions vent to what source(s) and/or abatement device(s)? S 21. • Do all gauging/sampling devices have gas-tight covers? yes □ no

22. Paint color: Aluminum ■ White Light grey ☐ Medium grey Other

23. Paint Condition: qood poor

Floating Roof Tanks Only

nother: 24. Shell Type:

gunited ☐ riveted ☐ welded ____ Condition:

tight
loose ☐ double 25. Seal Type: single other:___

26. Maximum withdrawn rate: _____gal/hr or _____ bbl/hr

27. Do all gauging/sampling devices enter below liquid level and have gas-tight covers? \(\sim\) yes

Is emergency roof drain at least 90% covered? ☐ yes ☐ no 28. Roof type: ☐ pan ☐ pontoon ☐ other:

Date 9/12/2023 Tom Huynh Person completing this form



Date: 9/13/2023

	375 Beale St			QUALITY MAN cisco, CA 94105)
					_	for office	use only	
	atement Device he atmosphere.	: Equipment/prod	ess who	se primary purpos	e is to reduce	the quantity	of pollutan	t(s) emitted
1.	Business Name:	Apple Inc.				PI	ant No: 22	2839 /n, leave blank)
2.	Name or Descript	Activated	Carbo	n Canister	Ab	oatement Devic	,	,
3.	Make, Model, and	d Rated Capacity	Carbtro	ol G-1S Vapor	Phase Ca	anister 100	CFM	
4.	Abatement Device	e Code (See table*	56		Date of Init	ial Operation	7/15/17	(approx)
	With regard to air immediately ups	•	this abateı	ment device, what s	ources(s) and/	or abatement o	levice(s) are	ı
	s- NEW	S-	S-	S-		S-		
	S-	A-	— A-	S- A-		A-	— A-	
follo		andatory. If not,		oplication for an <i>A</i> Abatement Device				
		Pollutant		Weight Percen (at typical o			is Codes e Table**)	
7.	Particulate							
8.	Organics			90%)		7	
9.	Nitrogen Oxides	s (as NO ₂)						
10.	Sulfur Dioxide							
11.	Carbon Monoxi	de						
12.	Other:							
13.	Other:							
14.				s fuel; complete lind d attach to this form		36 on Form C (using the Al	oatement
15.		ir pollutant flow fror nediately downstre		ement device, wha	t sources(s), at	oatement devic	e(s) and/or e	mission
	S	A	A	A	P	F)- 	

(revised 5/18)

Person completing this form: Tom Huynh

*ABATEMENT DEVICE CODES

Code	DEVICE
Joue	ADSORBER (See Vapor Recovery)
	AFTERBURNER
1	CO Boiler
2	Catalytic
3	Direct Flame
4	Flare
5	Furnace-firebox
6	Other
	BAGHOUSE (See Dry Filter)
	CYCLONE (See Dry Inertial Collector / Scrubber)
	DUST CONTROL
68	Water Spray
_	DRY FILTER
7 8	Absolute
9	Baghouse, Pulse Jet Baghouse, Reverse Air
10	Baghouse, Reverse Jet
11	Baghouse, Shaking
12	Baghouse, Simple
13	Baghouse, Other
14	Envelope
15	Moving Belt
16	Other
17	DRY INERTIAL COLLECTOR
18	Cyclone, Dynamic Cyclone, Multiple (12 inches dia. or more)
19	Cyclone, Multiple (less than 12 inches dia.)
20	Cyclone, Simple
21	Settling Chamber, Baffled/Louvered
22	Settling Chamber, Simple
23	Other
0.4	ELECTROSTATIC PRECIPITATOR
24 25	Single Stage Wet
26	Single Stage, Wet Two Stage
27	Two Stage Two Stage, Wet
28	Other
	INCINERATOR (See Afterburner)
	INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE CONTROL
69	Catalyzed Diesel Particulate Filter
70	Non-Cat. Diesel Part. Filter w/ Active
74	Regeneration
71 72	Diesel Oxidation Catalyst Oxidation Catalyst
'2	KNOCK-OUT POT (See Liquid Separator)
	LIQUID SEPARATOR
29	Knock-out Pot
30	Mist Eliminator, Horizontal Pad, Dry
31	Mist Eliminator, Panel, Dry
32	Mist Eliminator, Spray/Irrigated
33	Mist Eliminator, Vertical Tube, Dry
34	Mist Eliminator, Other
35	Other NO CONTROL
66	NO _X CONTROL Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR)
67	Non-Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR)
73	Selective Non-Catalytic Reduction (NCR)

	DEVICE.
Code	DEVICE
	SCRUBBER
36	Baffle and Secondary Flow
37	Centrifugal
38	Cyclone, Irrigated
39	Fibrous Packed
40	Impingement Plate
41	Impingement and Entrainment
42	Mechanically Aided
43	Moving Bed
44	Packed Bed
45	Preformed Spray
46	Venturi
47	Other
	SETTLING CHAMBER (See Dry Inertial Collector)
	SULFUR DIOXIDE CONTROL
48	Absorption and Regeneration, for Sulfur Plant
49	Claus Solution Reaction, for Sulfur Plant
50	Dual Absorption, for H2S04 Plant
51	Flue Gas Desulfurization, for Fossil Fuel
	Combustion
52	Reduction and Solution Regeneration, for
	Sulfur Plant
53	Reduction and Stretford Process, for Sulfur
54	Plant
54	Sodium Sulfite-Bisulfite Scrubber, for H2S04 Plant
55	Other
55	
F.C.	VAPOR RECOVERY
56 57	Adsorption, Activated Carbon/Charcoal Adsorption, Silica
57 58	Adsorption, Silica Adsorption, Other
59	Balance
60	Compression/Condensation/Absorption
61	Compression/Refrigeration
62	Condenser, Water-Cooled
63	Condenser, Other
64	Other
	MISCELLANEOUS
74	Soil Vapor Extraction Abatement System
75	VOC Concentrator/Thermal Regenerator
76	Ethylene Oxide Catalytic Bed, Electric
65	Not classified above

**BASIS CODES

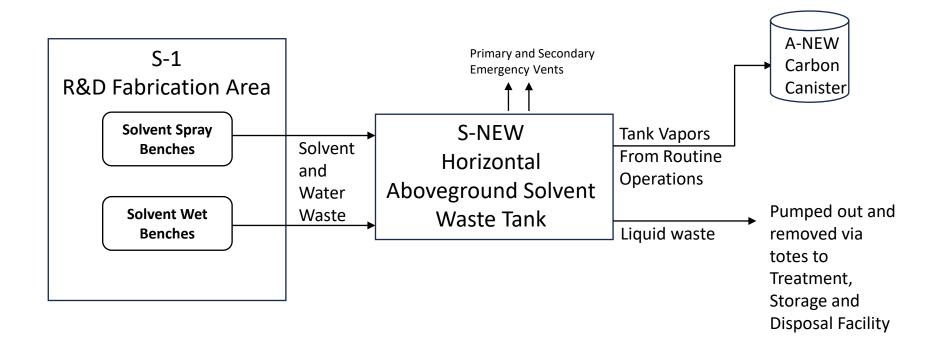
Code	Method
0	Not applicable for this pollutant
1	Source testing or other measurement by plant
2	Source testing or other measurement by
	BAAQMD
3	Specifications from vendor
4	Material balance by plant using engineering
	expertise and knowledge of process
5	Material balance by BAAQMD using engineering
	expertise and knowledge of process
6	Taken from AP-42 ("Compilation of Air Pollutant
	Emission Factors," EPA)
7	Taken from literature, other than AP-42
8	Guess

Appendix B: Facility Site Map and Process Flow Diagram

Figure 1 – Facility Map 3250 Scott Blvd, Santa Clara, CA 95054



Figure 2 - Basic Flow Diagram for Solvent Waste Tank 3250 Scott Blvd, Santa Clara, CA 95054



Appendix C: Emission Calculations

Table 1- Tank Properties

	Parameter	Unit	Solvent Waste Tank	
	r arameter		S-NEW	
	Tank Type		Horizontal, Rectangular, Fixed Roof	
	Shell Height	feet	6.17	
	Tank Length	feet	8.42	
	Shell Diameter	feet	5.89	
Dimensions	Working Volume	m ³	6.44	
	Working volume	gallons	1700	
	Net Throughput	gallons/year	170,000	
	Turnovers per Year		100	
	Insulated?		Yes	
	Vacuum Setting	psig	-0.50	
Breather Vent Settings	Pressure Setting	psig	0.50	
Ne	arest Major City		Santa Clara, CA	
Average B	ulk Liquid Temperature	F	86.0	
Minimum Bulk Liquid Temperature		F	68.0	
Maximum Bulk Liquid Temperature		F	104.0	
Number of Tanks			1	
С	hemical Stored		Solvent Waste	
Maximum f	Fill Rate (Based on Pump)	gal/hr	600	

Note: Shell diameter is calculated as the diameter of a vertical cross-section of the horizontal tank

1 gal = 0.00378541 m3

Table 2 - Chemical Properties

Chemical Component ¹	CAS	Mol wt (lb/lb- mole)	Component wt fractions	Component Liquid mole fractions	Vapor pressure constants -/-/		vapor i ressure at	Vapor Pressure at Minimum Temperature	Vapor Pressure at Maximum Temperature	
		molej	0.00	0.00			(psi)	(psi)	(psi)	
IPA	67-63-0	60.1	0.50	0.231	7.74	1357.43	197.34	1.13	0.60	2.01
Water	7732-18-5	18.02	0.50	0.769	7.95	1659.79	227.30	0.61	0.34	1.07

- 1. Solvent waste composition used in this analysis is conservative. Typical water content is ~84%. IPA was selected to represent solvent portion as it is a TAC and is the highest use solvent by volume at S-1.
- 2. IPA data is from NIST Webbook. Accessed at: https://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/cbook.cgi?ID=C67630&Mask=4&Type=ANTOINE&Plot=on
- 3. Water data is from NIST Webbook. Accessed at: https://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/cbook.cgi?ID=C7732185&Mask=4&Type=ANTOINE&Plot=on
- 4. NIST Webbook constants are expressed in units of bar and K for pressure and temperature respectively. The coefficients have been converted to appropriate units for Equation 1-26. A is converted by adding 2.8751; B remains the same; to convert C parameter from deg K to deg C, 273.15 is added. Pressure is then converted from mmHg to psia (760 mmHg = 14.7 psia) for use in other equations.

 Ref: TANKS model FAQs. Accessed at https://www.epa.gov/air-emissions-factors-and-quantification/ap-42-chapter-7-tanks-software-frequent-questions#5

Bulk temperature values for insulated	Value in deg F	Value in deg C
horizontal tank		
Average Bulk Liquid Temperature	86.00	30.00
Minimum Bulk Liquid Temperature	68.00	20.00
Maximum Bulk Liquid Temperature	104.00	40.00

True vapor pressure for mixture (psia)			
Tank Contents	TVP at Avg Temp	TVP at Min Temp	TVP at Max Temp
Solvent Waste	0.73	0.40	1.29

PvA, total vapor pressure of the stored liquid, by Raoult's Law, is:

$$P_{VA} = \sum Px_i \tag{1-23}$$

The true vapor pressure of organic liquids at the stored liquid temperature can also be estimated by Antoine's equation:

$$\log P_{VA} = A - \left(\frac{B}{T_{LA} + C}\right) \qquad (1-26)$$

where:

log = log 10

A = constant in vapor pressure equation, dimensionless

B = constant in vapor pressure equation, °C

C = constant in vapor pressure equation, °C

T_{LA} = average daily liquid surface temperature, °C

P_{VA} = vapor pressure at average liquid surface temperature, mm Hg

Table 3 - Tank Emissions Calculations - Standing Losses

Symbol/Equation	Description	Units	S-NEW	Reference*	Notes
Breathing Losses:	Horizontal Tank, 1700 gallon capacity		0.00		
Ls = 365*Vv*Wv*Ke*Ks	Standing storage loss, Ls	lb/yr	0.57	Equation 1-2	
Tla	daily average liquid surface temperature	F	86	·	Per Tank Parameters Table
Vv = (π/4)*D^2*Hvo	vapor space volume	ft^3	7	Equation 1-3	Calculation
$K_E = \Delta T v / T la + (\Delta P v - \Delta P b) / (Pa - P v a)$	vapor space expansion factor	dimensionless	0.058	Equation 1-5	Calculation
Ks = 1/(1+0.053*Pva*Hvo)	vented vapor saturation factor	dimensionless	0.918	Equation 1-21	Calculation
$D_E = \sqrt{LD/\pi/4}$	effective tank diameter, DE	ft	1.99	Equation 1-14	For horizontal tanks, effective tank diameter is calculated from tank D and L
Hvo = H _E /2	vapor space outage, Hvo	ft	2.31	Equation 1-16	For horizontal tanks, vapor space outage is one-half of effective height
$H_E = (\pi/4)*D$	effective tank height	ft	4.63	Equation 1-15	
$Wv = Mv*Pva/(R*T_B)$	stock vapor density, Wv	lb/ft^3	4.1E-03	Equation 1-22	
Mv	vapor molecular weight	lb/lb-mole	32.96		Equation 1-23
Pva	vapor pressure at daily average bulk liquid temperature	psia	0.73		Sum of partial pressures at average temperature
Pvn	vapor pressure at daily minimum bulk liquid temperature	psia	0.40		Sum of partial pressures at minimum temperature
Pvx	vapor pressure at daily maximum bulk liquid temperature	psia	1.29		Sum of partial pressures at max temperature
T _B	daily average liquid surface temperature	R	545.67	Equation 8-2	Average liquid bulk temperature (T _{LA} = T _B for fully insulated tanks)
R	ideal gas constant	psia*ft^3/(lb-mole*R)	10.73		
$\Delta Tv = TBx-TB_N$	daily vapor temperature range	°R	36	Equation 8-1	Calculation
ΔΡν	daily vapor pressure range	psia	0.889	Equation 1-9	Calculation
ΔPb	breather vent pressure setting	psia	1.00	Equation 1-10	Vent pressure setting, P _{BP} = 0.5 psia, Vacuum setting P _{BV} = -0.5 psia
Liquid Mass Fractions	IPA	dimensionless	0.50		Refer to the Chemical Properties Table
	Water	dimensionless	0.50		
Vapor Mass Fractions	IPA	dimensionless	0.65		Calculation (Vapor Mole Fraction * Component MW/ Vapor MW)
	Water	dimensionless	0.35		Calculation (vapor More Fraction Component MW, vapor MW)
MW_organic	IPA	lb/lb-mole	60.10		Refer to the Chemical Properties Table
	Water	lb/lb-mole	18.02		
X_component (Liquid Mole Fraction)	IPA	dimensionless	0.23		Refer to the Chemical Properties Table
	Water	dimensionless	0.77		'
Y_component (Vapor Mole Fraction)	IPA	dimensionless	0.36		Calculation (partial vapor pressure/vapor pressure)
	Water	dimensionless	0.64		
partial vapor pressure at daily average liquid surface	IPA	psia	0.26	4	Calculation (Liquid Mole Fraction * Vapor Pressure at Avg Temp)
temperature	Water	psia	0.47		
partial vapor pressure at daily minimum liquid surface	IPA Water	psia	0.14 0.26	-	Calculation (Liquid Mole Fraction * Vapor Pressure at Minimum Temp)
temperature partial vapor pressure at daily maximum liquid surface	IPA	psia	0.26		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Water	psia psia	0.46	1	Calculation (Liquid Mole Fraction * Vapor Pressure at Max Temp)
temperature TBx	typical maximum liquid bulk temperature	°R	563.67	 	+
TB _N	typical maximum liquid bulk temperature	°R	503.67	 	
D-			14.82		Data from NCDDD, National Calca Dadiation Database for 2015, 2010
ra	daily average ambient pressure (Santa Clara, CA) constant	psia (psia-ft)^-1	14.82 0.053	-	Data from NSRDB: National Solar Radiation Database for 2015 - 2019
Days per year	constant	(psia-rt)^-1 year^-1	365	-	
Days per year	Constant	yearn-1	505	I .	1

^{*}Equations are from AP 42, Fifth Edition, Volume I Chapter 7: Liquid Storage Tanks, including reference to Section 7.1.3.8.4 (Heating Cycles in Fully Insulated Fixed Roof Tanks) where necessary The tank is an insulated horizontal rectangular tank. It is assumed the tank receives heated solvent waste on occasion, leading to temperature variations. As the tank is designed for liquid storage at temperatures lower than 104 F, this value is used as the maximum bulk temperature. A temperature of 68 F is used as the typical minimum liquid bulk temperature.

Table 3 - Tank Emissions Calculations - Working Losses

Governing Equation (1-35)

 $Lw = V_Q * K_N * Kp * Wv * K_B$

Unit Conversions			
1 barrel (bbl) =	42		

Working Loss Input Parameters

Parameter S-NEW		Unit	Description	n Reference	
Wv	4.12E-03	lb/ft^3	lb/ft^3 Vapor stock density		
0	170,000	gal/yr	Annual net throughput (tank capacity [gal] times		
ų	Q 170,000		annual turnover rate)		
D	2.0	ft Tank diameter			
Hlx	4.63	ft	Maximum liquid height		
HL_N	0.00	ft	Minimum liquid height for horizontal tanks		
			Working loss product factor		
Кр	1	dimensionless	for crude oils Kp = 0.75	Equation 1-37	
			for all other organic liquids, Kp = 1		

Tank Calculated Parameters*

Parameter	S-NEW	Unit	Description	Reference	
Q 4048		bbl/yr	bbl/yr Annual net throughput (tank capacity [bbl] times annual turnover rate)		
V_Q	22723	ft3	Tank maximum liquid volume	Equation 1-39	
K _B	1 dimensionless		Vent setting correction factor, since Eq 1-40 is not met		
$K_N \left[\frac{P_{BP} + P_A}{P_I + P_A} \right] > 1.0$ 0.19		dimensionless	Condition check for vent setting correction factor calculation	Equation 1-40	
N 1586		dimensionless	Number of turnovers per year	Equation 1-36	
			Working loss turnover (saturation) factor,		
K _N	0.19	dimensionless	for turnovers >36, kn = (180 + N)/6N	Equation 1-35	
			for turnover ≤ 36, Kn = 1		

Working Losses Calculation

Number of Tanks	S-NEW	Unit	
1	17.4	lb/yr	

Total working losses 17.4 lb/yr

^{*}The references in these calculations are to AP 42, Fifth Edition, Volume I Chapter 7: Liquid Storage Tanks

^{*}https://www3.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/ch07/final/c07s00.pdf

Table 5 - Emissions Summary

Total routine loss = Standing loss + working loss $L_T = L_S + L_W$

Parameter	Value	Unit	Notes
Breathing loss (POC), Ls	0.57	lb/yr	
Working loss (POC), Lw	17.36	lb/yr	
Total routine loss (POC), L _T	17.93	lb/yr	
Carbon abatement efficiency	90%		Conservative assumption; See reference below
Controlled POC emissions	1.79	lb/yr	

Toxic Air Contaminant Emissions			Notes
Annual IPA Emissions	0.90	lb/yr	50% IPA by weight
Chronic Trigger from Table 2-5-1	2.70E+05	lb/yr	
Exceeds trigger?	No		
Hourly IPA Emissions	3.16E-03	lb/hr	Calculated based annual throughput and maximum pump rate
Acute Trigger from Table 2-5-1	1.4	lb/hr	
Exceeds trigger?	No		

Reference for carbon abatement efficiency: EPA Cost Control Manual states that carbon adsorbers can achieve VOC remove efficiencies of 95 to 99%; therefore 90% is a conservative value. EPA Air Pollution Cost Control Manual, Section 3.1, Chapter 1 - Carbon Adsorbers. October 2018. Accessed at: https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/2018-10/documents/final_carbonadsorberschapter_7thedition.pdf

Table 6 - Estimated Fees

Category	Rate	Amount (USD)	Reference
Filing Fee	\$630	\$	630.00	Reg 3
	0.185 cents per gallon; min \$204			
Initial Fee	and max \$27,858	\$	314.50	Reg 3, Schedule C
				Not applicable per 3-329 as TAC emissions are below
Risk Assessment Fee	\$630 + 0.185 cents per gallon	\$	-	Reg 2-5 trigger levels
	0.093 cents per gallon; min \$147			
Permit to Operate Fee	and max \$13,928	\$	158.10	Reg 3, Schedule C
				Not applicable as source does not emit TACs at a
Toxic Surcharge	10% of Permit to Operate Fee	\$	-	rate above Reg 2-5 chronic trigger levels
Total		\$	1,102.60	

Note: Fees calculated based on Reg 3 effective 7/1/2023

Appendix D: Safety Data Sheet



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 01-September-2009 Revision Date 18-January-2018 Revision Number 4

1. Identification

Product Name 2-Propanol

Cat No.: A426F-1GAL; A426P-4; A426S-4; A426S-20; A426S-200

CAS-No 67-63-0

Synonyms 2-Propanol; IPA; Isopropyl alcohol; Propan-2-ol; Isopropanol

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Importer/Distributor Fisher Scientific 112 Colonnade Road, Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6, Canada

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Manufacturer

Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3

Target Organs - Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Category 2

Target Organs - Kidney, Liver.

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Causes serious eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness and dizziness

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharges

Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	>95

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Obtain medical attention. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects Breathing difficulties. May cause central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high

vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea

and vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Cool closed containers exposed to fire

with water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Water may be ineffective

12 °C / 53.6 °F **Flash Point**

Method -Abel Closed Cup (BS 2000 Part 170, IP 170, AS/NZS 2106)

Autoignition Temperature 425 °C / 797 °F

Explosion Limits

12 vol % Upper 2 vol % Lower

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2) peroxides

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
2	3	0	N/A

Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological

Environmental Precautions

information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up Up

with inert absorbent material. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area. Keep container tightly Storage

closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Isopropyl alcohol			TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm		TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm	` ,	IDLH: 2000 ppm TWA: 400 ppm

mg/m³	mg/m³	(Vacated) TWA:	TWA: 980
STEL: 400 ppm	STEL: 500 ppm	980 mg/m ³	mg/m³
STEL: 984	STEL: 1230	(Vacated) STEL:	
mg/m ³	mg/m³	500 ppm	STEL: 1225
	Ŭ	(Vacated) STEL:	mg/m³
		1225 mg/m ³	J
		TWA: 400 ppm	
		TWA: 980	
		mg/m³	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles

Hand Protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove n	naterial	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Butyl r	ubber	> 480 minutes	0.5 mm	Permeation rate < 0.9
Nitrile	rubber	> 360 - 480 minutes	0.35 - 0.55 mm	μg/cm2/min
				As tested under EN374-3
				Determination of Resistance to
				Permeation by Chemicals

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Physical and chemical properties

Liauid

Physical State Appearance Odor **Odor Threshold**

Colorless Alcohol-like

No information available

7 1% aq. sol -89.5 °C / -129.1 °F

Melting Point/Range

Boiling Point/Range 81 - 83 °C / 177.8 - 181.4 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 12 °C / 53.6 °F

Method - Abel Closed Cup (BS 2000 Part 170, IP 170, AS/NZS 2106)

Evaporation Rate

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

 Upper
 12 vol %

 Lower
 2 vol %

 Vapor Pressure
 43 mmHg @ 20 °C

 Vapor Density
 2.1 @ 20 °C / 68 °F

Specific Gravity 0.785

SolubilityMiscible with waterPartition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availableAutoignition Temperature425 °C / 797 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo information available

Viscosity 2.27 mPa.s at 20 °C

Molecular Formula C3 H8 O
Molecular Weight 60.1

VOC Content(%) 100% (Organic Carbon (by mass) = 59.9 %) (EC/1999/13)

Refractive index 1.377 at 20 °C / 68 °F (ASTM D-1218)

Surface tension 22.7 mN/m at 20 °C / 68 °F

Coefficient of expansion 0.0009 / °C

Dielectric constant 18.6 at 20 °C / 68 °F

Heat of vapourisation 665 J/g

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Specific heat capacity} & 3 \text{ kJ/kg °C at } 20 \text{ °C / } 68 \text{ °F} \\ \textbf{Thermal conductivity} & 0.137 \text{ W/m °C at } 20 \text{ °C / } 68 \text{ °F} \\ \end{array}$

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Acids, Halogens, Acid anhydrides

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), peroxides

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	
Isopropyl alcohol	5840 mg/kg (Rat)	13900 mg/kg (Rat) 12870 mg/kg (Rabbit)	72.6 mg/L (Rat) 4 h	

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

 Irritation
 Irritating to eyes and skin

 Sensitization
 No information available

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive EffectsNo information available.

Developmental EffectsNo information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system Central nervous system (CNS)

STOT - repeated exposure Kidney Liver

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and May ca

delayed

May cause central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may

cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

. Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Isopropyl alcohol	EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 72h	LC50: > 1400000 µg/L, 96h	= 35390 mg/L EC50	13299 mg/L EC50 = 48 h
	(Desmodesmus	(Lepomis macrochirus)	Photobacterium	9714 mg/L EC50 = 24 h
	subspicatus)	LC50: = 9640 mg/L, 96h	phosphoreum 5 min	
	EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 96h	flow-through (Pimephales		
	(Desmodesmus	promelas)		
	subspicatus)	LC50: = 11130 mg/L, 96h		
		static (Pimephales		
		promelas)		
		·		

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

Component	log Pow
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1219
Proper Shipping Name Isopropanol
Hazard Class 3

Packing Group

II

TDG

UN-No UN1219

Proper Shipping Name ISOPROPANOL

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1219
Proper Shipping Name UN1219

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1219

Proper Shipping Name Isopropanol (Isopropyl alcohol)

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

International Inventories

	Component	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Γ	Isopropyl alcohol	Х	-	Х	200-661-7	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ

Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
Isopropyl alcohol	Part 1, Group A Substance Part 5, Individual Substances		

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

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Creation Date01-September-2009Revision Date18-January-2018Print Date18-January-2018

Revision SummaryThis document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align

with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of

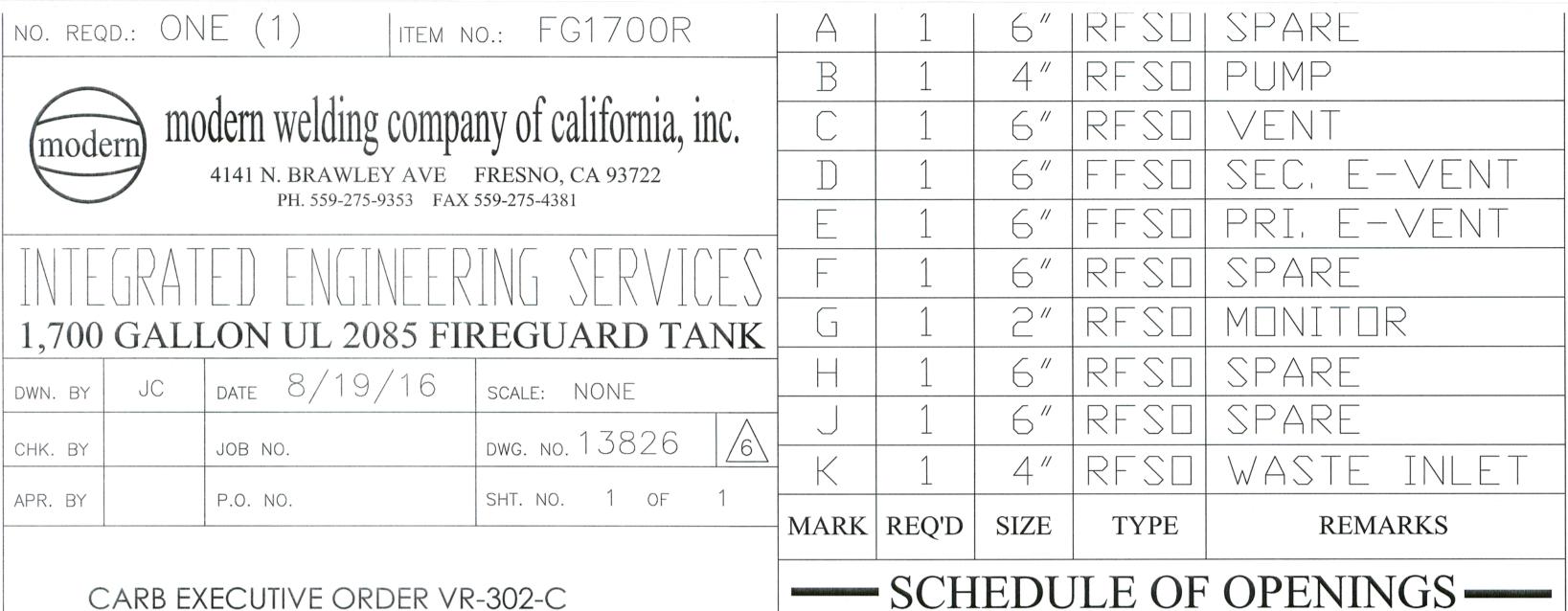
Chemicals.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS

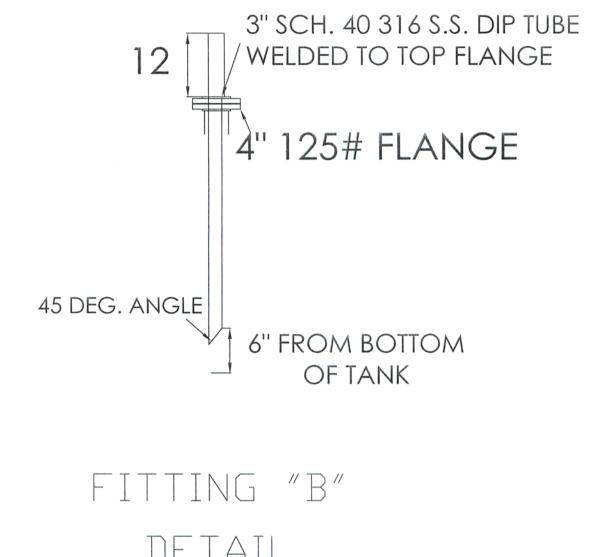
Appendix E: Equipment Specifications

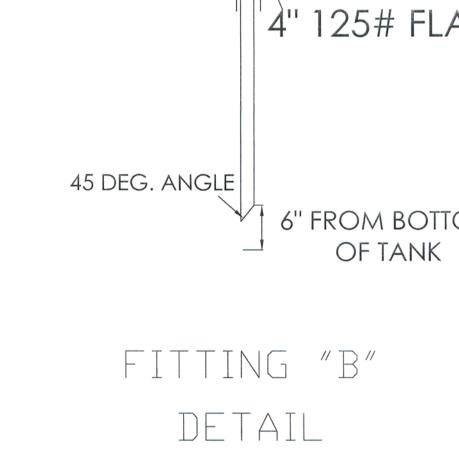


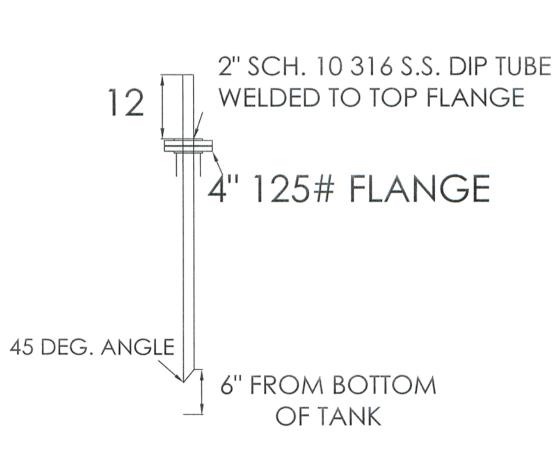
GENERAL NOTES

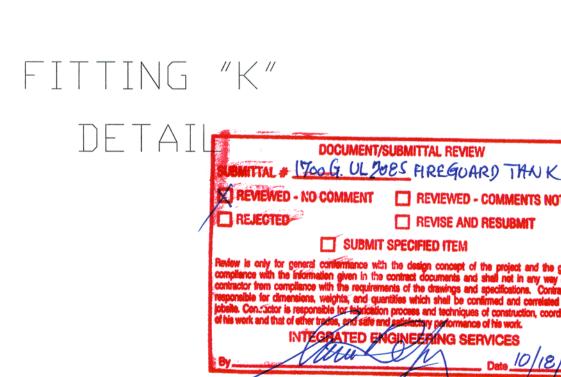
1) INNER & OUTER TANKS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED PER UL-142. TANKS SHALL BEAR UL 2085 LABEL FOR "INSULATED SECONDARY CONTAINMENT ABOVEGROUND TANK FOR FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS".

ESTIMATED EMPTY TANK WEIGHT: 9,200#







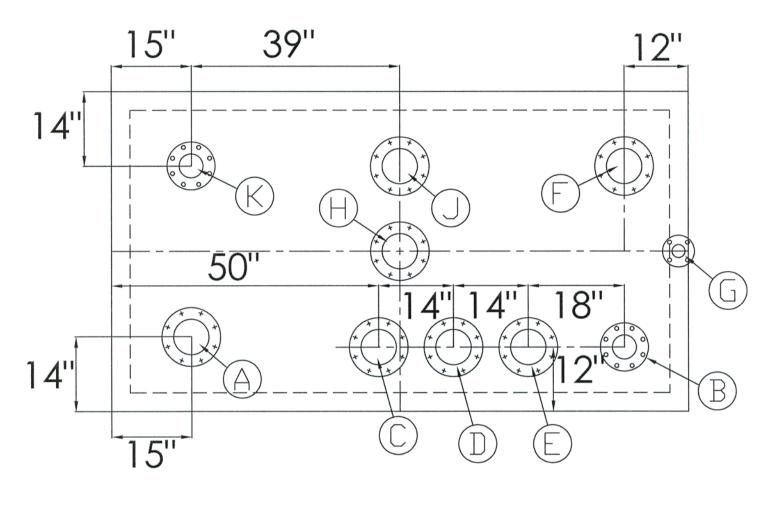


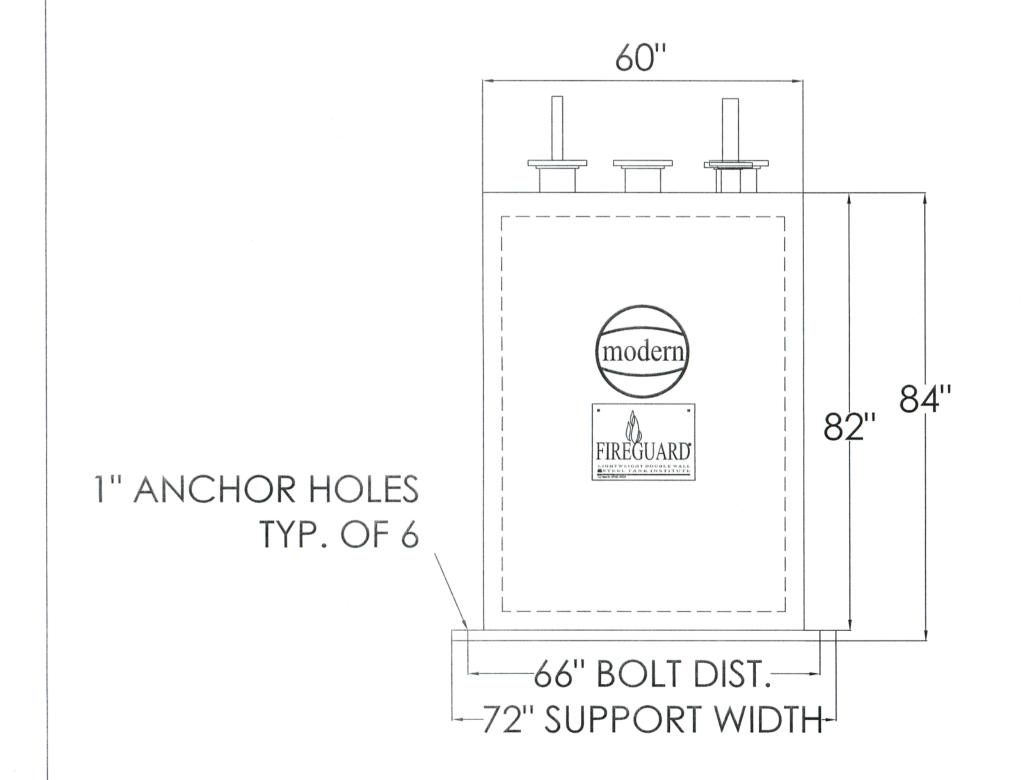
CARB EXECUTIVE ORDER VR-302-C

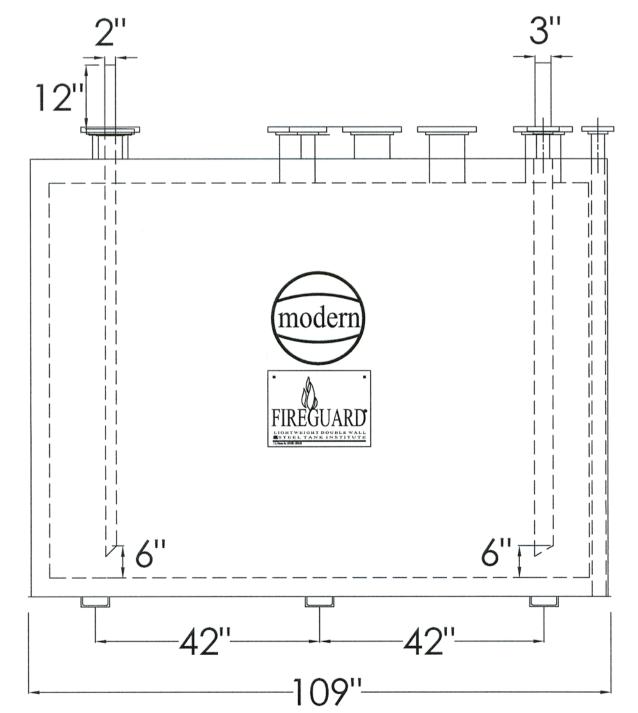
PAINT NOTES INTERIOR: BARE, CLEAN OF DEBRIS

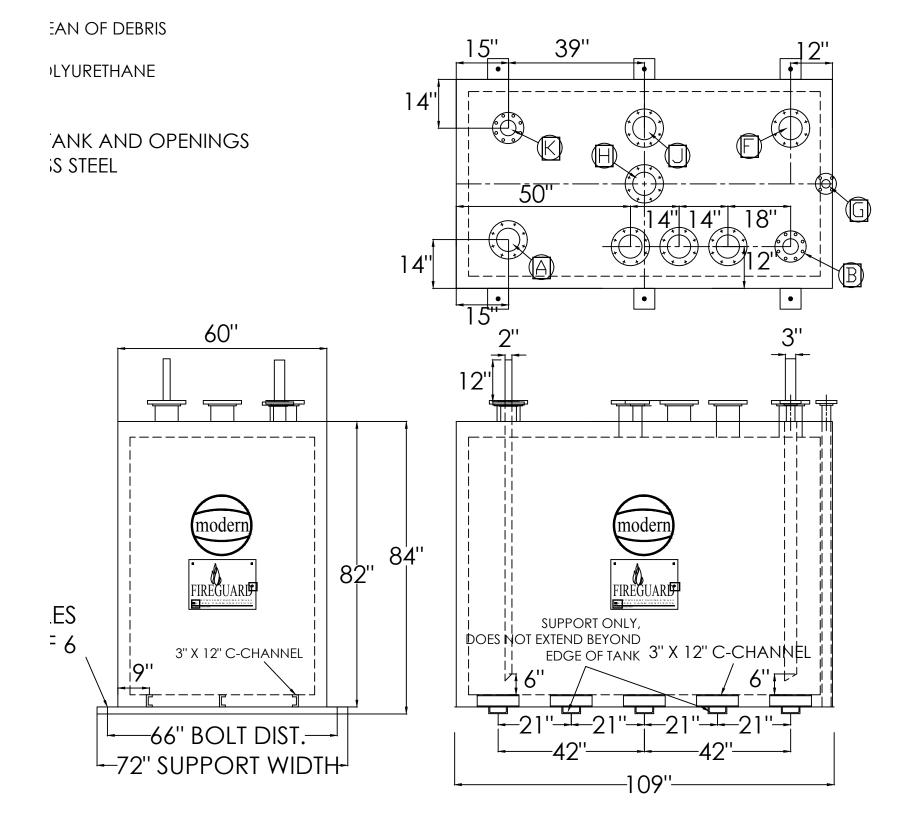
EXTERIOR: WHITE POLYURETHANE

NOTE: PRIMARY TANK AND OPENINGS OF 316L STAINLESS STEEL









PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

ACTIVATED CARBON CANISTER VAPOR PHASE FOR VOC REMOVAL

Model:	G-1S	G-2S	G-3S	
Design Flow (CFM):	100	300	500	
Design Features:				
Pressure Drop at Design Flow (in. w.c.):	3.5	4.25	5.0	
Carbon Weight (lbs.):	200	170	140	
Carbon	Vapor ph	ase activated carbon, h	igh activity.	
Canister:	24"Ø X 34" high epoxy lined carbon steel drum. PVC internal piping. Acceptable for transport of hazardous spent carbon.			
Maximum Operating Pressure	10 psi	10 psi	10 psi	
Connections:	Inlet and outlet couplings located in lid. 3/4" side bung drain.			
Inlet & Outlet Size:	2" FPT	4" FPT	4" FPT	
Shipping Weight (lbs.):	250	220	190	
Availability:	2 days			
Drawing Number:	S-1113	S-1114	S-1115	

9/6/13

*SP-101

Average Daily Process Flow in gal/day 41,352

PERMIT NO:	SC-461B
EFFECTIVE DATE:	11/20/2020
EXPIRATION DATE:	11/19/2025
DATE OF ISSUE:	11/19/2020
NAME OF COMPANY:	APPLE, INC.
MAILING ADDRESS:	One Apple Park Way
	Cupertino, CA 95014
DISCHARGE ADDRESS:	3250 Scott Blvd., Santa Clara, CA 95054
EPA CATEGORY:	Electrical and Electronic Components - Semiconductor - New Source
(Under 40 CFR)	40 CFR 469 Subpart A
SIC NO:	3571

This Permit is issued under authority established in the Santa Clara City Code, Chapter 13, Section 10.420, "Mandatory Wastewater Discharge Permits." It is the duty of the permittee to comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, whether expressly stated in this permit or not.

All spills, upsets, slugs, bypasses, and or accidental discharges into the storm or sanitary sewer must be reported <u>immediately</u> to the San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility at 408-945-3000.

A. 1 FEDERAL DISCHARGE CONDITIONS

The San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility intends, but is not obligated, to conduct the following monitoring.

Sample Point 01 - Final Discharge							
Pollutant	Federal Daily Min. S.U.	Federal Daily Max. mg/L	Federal Monthly Average mg/L	City Sample Type	Monitoring Frequency		
pН	5.0			GRAB	Semiannual		
TTO-F		1.37		GRAB	Semiannual		

X	The Total Toxic	Organic o	compounds	applicable	to your facilit	y are listed at	40 CFR 469 Sub	part A.
		0	1	1.1	2	J		

Compliance with the discharge limit for Total Toxic Organics (TTOs) is determined by the sum of Total Toxic Organic compounds for the Federal Categorical Standard(s) applicable to your facility, listed in the attached table, and which are found to be present in the discharge at a concentration greater than ten (10) micrograms per liter. For Total Toxic Organics, the method detection limit must be 0.010 mg/L or less.

Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be determined using all applicable limits

The Federal limits set forth above are:

X	Concentration Based or discharges prohibited in 40 CFR 403.5
	Production Based
•	Calculated using the Combined Wastestream Formula as specified in 40 CFR 403.6 See calculations on the next page.

Federal 469.12 List of Total Toxic Organics

The term "Total toxic organics (TTO)" means the sum of the concentrations for each of the following toxic organic compounds which is found in the discharge at a concentration greater than ten (10) micrograms per liter:

1,2,4 Trichlorobenzene	2,4,6 Trichlorophenol
Chloroform	Carbon Tetrachloride
1,2 Dichlorobenzene	1,2 Dichloroethane
1,3 Dichlorobenzene	1,1,2 Trichloroethane
1,4 Dichlorobenzene	Dichlorobromomethane
Ethylbenzene	Pentachlorophenol
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	Di-n-butyl phthalate
Methylene Chloride	4 Nitrophenol
Naphthalene	Anthracene
2 Nitrophenol	1,2 Diphenylhydrazine
Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	Isophorone
Tetrachloroethylene	Butyl benzyl phthalate
Toluene	1,1 Dichloroethylene
Trichloroethylene	2,4 Dichlorophenol
2 Chlorophenol	Phenol

A. 2 LOCAL DISCHARGE CONDITIONS-INTERFERING SUBSTANCES AND AVERAGE LIMITS

The San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility intends, but is not obligated, to conduct the following monitoring.

Sample Point 01- Final Discharge								
Pollutant	Unit	Daily Minimum	Daily Maximum	Monitoring Frequency				
Antimony	mg/L		5.0					
Arsenic	mg/L		1.0	Semiannual				
Beryllium	mg/L		0.75					
Cadmium	mg/L		0.70					
Chromium Total	mg/L		1.0	Semiannual				
Copper	mg/L		2.3	Semiannual				
Cyanide Total	mg/L	2	0.50					
Lead	mg/L		0.4					
Mercury	mg/L		0.010					
Nickel	mg/L		0.5	Semiannual				
Oil and Grease	mg/L		150					
pН	S.U.	6.0	<12.5	Semiannual				
Phenols	mg/L		30.0					
Selenium	mg/L		1.0					
Silver	mg/L		0.70	Semiannual				
Zinc	mg/L		2.6	Semiannual				

- 1) Table reflects the regular frequency for scheduling and collecting Grab and Composite samples by the San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility (RWF). The number, location, frequency, and types of samples collected may be changed at the discretion of the RWF.
- 2) Compliance with the local discharge limits for metals will be enforced using Composite or Grab samples.
- 3) The use of Diluting Waters as a partial or complete substitute for adequate treatment, to achieve compliance, or to meet any limitations set forth for wastewater, or to minimize any requirement imposed in a Wastewater Discharge Permit is prohibited.

Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be determined using all applicable limits

B. SELF-MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

Any deviation from sampling or analysis protocols specified in this Permit or local, state, or federal code, or any violation of a condition of this Permit may result in the revocation of this Permit.

All wastewater pretreatment and monitoring equipment shall be properly operated and maintained in proper working condition.

Where pretreatment does not exist, all industrial wastewater shall be plumbed in such a way that a sample may be obtained after the process which generates the regulated wastestream, but prior to connection to the sanitary sewer system and prior to the introduction of any non-regulated or dilution flows.

If sampling performed for self-monitoring indicates a violation, the San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility must be notified within 24 hours of the permittee becoming aware of the violation. The Permittee must resample, analyze the samples, and submit the resampling results to the San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility within 30 days of becoming aware of a violation. A laboratory certified by the California Department of Health Services shall perform testing in accordance with 40 CFR 136.

B. 1 SELF-MONITORING REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

All self-monitoring information shall be reported on the standard Self-Monitoring Reporting form, which may be obtained by contacting San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility. Reports shall be mailed or delivered to the following address, on or before the reporting deadline(s) specified below, and shall be addressed to the Source Control Inspector assigned to the permittee's facility.

Environmental Services Department Source Control 200 E Santa Clara St, 7th Floor San Jose, CA 95113-1905

All required self-monitoring reporting shall be submitted by the last day of the following reporting months, each year the Permit is in effect: MARCH AND SEPTEMBER

X

- For the SMR due on the last day of March, the reporting period is from the first day of September in the previous year to the last day of February in the current year.
- For the SMR due on the last day of September, the reporting period is from the first day of March in the current year to the last day of August in the current year.

The following shall be submitted with each Self-Monitoring Report:

X	Average daily flow in gallons/day					
X	Maximum daily flow in gallons/day					
X	Results of Part B.2 of this permit					
	Water bills for reporting period					
X	Copies of daily flowmeter totalizer readings					
x	Verification of effluent flowmeter calibration must be submitted annually from the date of initial calibration with the September Self-Monitoring Report					
X	Documentation of calculations for reported water use values					
	Waste manifests for reporting period					
	pH recorder charts					
	Average production volume in (units produced) per					
X	Copies of self-monitoring analytical results, detection limits, documentation of the method used, and chain of custody, shall be submitted with the permittee's Self-Monitoring Report.					
х	If the permittee monitors any pollutant required to be monitored in Part B.2 of this permit more frequently than required by this permit, using collection and analytical methods specified in 40 CFR 136, the result of this monitoring shall be included in the permittee's Self-Monitoring Report pursuant to 40 CFR 403.12 (g) (5).					
х	Documentation of the laboratory's quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) shall be provided with the self-monitoring test results.					

COMMENTS:

In the event that the permittee anticipates an average daily production or average daily flow increase or decrease of 20% or more for a period of more than 60 calendar days, the permittee shall notify the Director of Environmental Services in writing prior to the change.

B.2 SELF-MONITORING REQUIREMENTS-INTERFERING SUBSTANCES

Samples shall be collected at the following sample point using methods specified in 40 CFR 136: Located along the discharge pipe after the acid waste neutralization system, after all treatment, and immediately prior to final discharge to the sanitary sewer.

Pollutant	Monitoring Frequency	Sampling Type*
Arsenic	Semiannual	GRAB
Cadmium		
Chromium Total	Semiannual	GRAB
Copper	Semiannual	GRAB
Cyanide Total		
Cyanide Amenable	B	
Lead		

Pollutant	Monitoring Frequency	Sampling Type*
Mercury	1	71-
Nickel	Semiannual	GRAB
Oil and Grease		
рН	Semiannual	GRAB
Silver	Semiannual	GRAB
TTOs (1)	Semiannual	GRAB
Zinc	Semiannual	GRAB

^{*}A Sampling Type of COMP must be a Composite Sample.

(1) Total Toxic Organics Testing and Certification Requirements:

X	You must either sample for all applicable Total Toxic Organic compounds identified earlier in the included list(s) or certify that you have implemented a Toxic Organic Management Plan. All analyses must be performed per current EPA method(s).				
	Submit sample results for all Total Toxic Organic compounds with each Self-Monitoring Report.				
X	Submit certification that a Toxic Organic Management Plan is being implemented with each Self-Monitoring Report.				

COMMENTS: In the event that monitoring by the POTW or the permittee demonstrates a violation of the federal discharge standard for TTOs, the permittee may not certify in lieu of testing. The permittee shall sample **monthly** for those TTO compounds in violation until it is demonstrated that the Toxic Organic Management Plan is adequate to prevent further violations. The permittee shall continue to sample **monthly** until written notice removing this requirement is received from the San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility.

B.3 EQUIPMENT REQUI	IKED
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X	COMPOSITE SAMPLER				
X	pacity: <u>2.5</u> gallons				
X	Refrigerated to 4 degrees Centigrade				
	Flow proportional				
х	Time proportional				

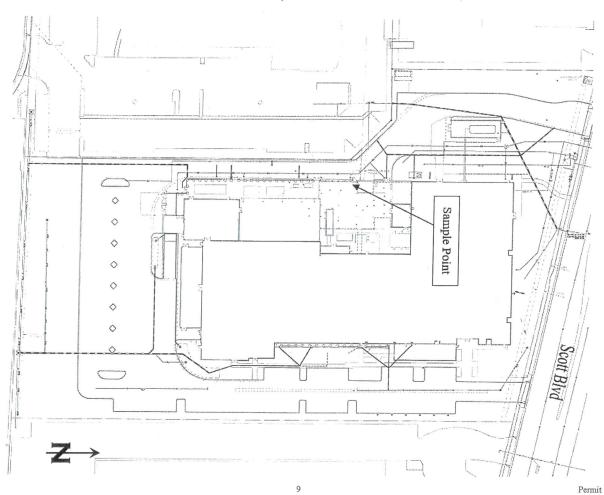
X	FLOW METER			
X	Continuous non-resettable totalizing meter			
	Influent			
X	Effluent from pretreatment With chart recorder			
	Influent dedicated to process			

X	CONTINUOUS pH RECORDER (0-14 Scale)
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X	SAMPLING POINT (Clearly Labeled)			
X	X Minimum <u>5</u> gallons			
	Install within days of the issuance date of this Permit			
X	Clearly identified on a pretreatment plumbing diagram			
X	Clearly identified on analytical results submitted with Self-Monitoring Reports			

	OTHER			
١				

APPLE, INC. SITE PLAN



Permit No. SC-461B

C.	OTHER REQUIREMENTS
	Within days of Permit issuance, establish or install the following:
	A non-resettable effluent totalizing flow meter
	With recording capability
	This flow meter shall be calibrated according to the manufacturer's recommendations. Documentation of calibration shall be submitted with the results of Part B.2 of this permit.
	A non-resettable influent totalizing flow meter dedicated to process.
	A method of accurate flow quantification with documentation approved by the Director of Environmental Services
II	
	Within 60 days of Permit issuance, a Waste Minimization Plan prepared in accordance with established guidelines must be submitted.
	Submit a Waste Minimization update annually inof each year.
	Within 90 days of Permit issuance, a Solvent Management Plan prepared in accordance with established guidelines must be submitted. The permittee must certify that the Solvent Management Plan is being implemented.
	Within 90 days of Permit issuance for first time permittees, or by for current permittees, a plan for the prevention of Slug Discharges must be submitted. The plan shall be prepared in accordance with the guidelines set forth at 403.8 (f) (2) (v). The permittee must certify that the Slug Prevention Plan is being implemented.
· X	In order to certify in lieu of testing for Total Toxic Organic compounds with each Self-monitoring Report, a Toxic Organic Management Plan prepared in accordance with established guidelines must be submitted and approved.
	See additional requirements attached.
D.	COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE
<i>υ</i> .	COMI LIANCE SCIEDULE
X	None
	See compliance schedule established on

E. STIPULATIONS

ACCIDENTAL DISCHARGE

The Permittee shall provide protection from accidental discharge of prohibited materials or other wastes regulated by City of Santa Clara Code Chapter 13.10 into either the storm sewer or sanitary sewer systems.

Facilities to prevent accidental discharge of prohibited materials shall be provided and maintained at the Permittee's expense.

The Permittee shall notify the San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility, the City of San José Environmental Services Department, and the City of Santa Clara by telephone or in person within one (1) hour of becoming aware of accidentally discharging wastes of reportable quantities as determined in 40 CFR 117 or discharge of any substance, which, if otherwise disposed of, would be a hazardous waste under 40 CFR Part 261, to enable countermeasures to be taken by the San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility and the City of San José Environmental Services Department to minimize damage to the sanitary sewer system, plant, treatment processes, and the receiving waters. If hazardous waste is discharged, the Permittee shall be subject to all requirements in 40 CFR 403.12(p).

Permittee telephone notification shall be followed, within five (5) days of the date of occurrence, by a detailed written statement describing the causes of the accidental discharge and the measures being taken to prevent future occurrences.

Notification to the City will not relieve the Permittee of notification requirements under any other federal, state or local law, nor of liability for any expense, loss or damage to the sanitary sewer system, Plant or treatment process or receiving waters or for any fines or penalties imposed on the City of San José Environmental Services Department and the City of Santa Clara on account thereof under applicable provisions of state or federal law.

The Permittee must maintain a spill control plan for protection against accidental discharges, including but not limited to, berming of chemicals and waste materials. The review of such plans and procedures shall not relieve the Permittee from the responsibility of modifying the facility as necessary to provide the protection necessary to meet the requirements of City of Santa Clara Code Chapter 13.10 or other state or federal regulations.

The plan must be reviewed and revised as needed within thirty (30) days after an accidental discharge has occurred or as required by the director.

APPLICABLE PENALTIES

Any person who intentionally or negligently violates any provisions of the Permit issued, or who intentionally or negligently discharges waste or wastewater which causes pollution, or violates any effluent limitation, National Standard of Performance, or National Pretreatment or Toxicity Standard, may be civilly liable to the City for a sum of up to Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) for the first day in which such violation occurs, up to Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000) for the second day in which such violation occurs and Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000) for each additional day. Any violation of the local daily maximum discharge conditions, or any other violation of the Santa Clara Sewer Use Ordinance (Santa Clara City Code, Section 13.10 et seq.) is punishable by a fine of up to One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisonment in the city or county jail for a period of up to (6) six months, or both such fine and imprisonment. Each day such violation

continues is a separate offense. Violation of any of the provisions of this Permit or the falsification or misrepresentation of information by the Permittee may constitute a violation of local, state or federal law and may result in the revocation of the Permit and the issuance of a Cease and Desist Order.

BYPASS PROHIBITION AND PROVISIONS

"Bypass" means the intentional diversion of wastestreams from any portion of a Permittee's treatment facility.

A Bypass is prohibited, and the City of San José Environmental Services Department and City of Santa Clara may take enforcement action against a Permittee for a bypass, unless;

- A. Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage, i.e., substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production;
- B. There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventative maintenance; and
- C. The Permittee submitted notices as required by the following:

Notice of Bypass

- 1. If a Permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, the Permittee shall submit prior notice to the City of San José Environmental Services Department, if possible at least ten days before the date of the bypass.
- 2. A Permittee shall submit oral notice of an unanticipated bypass that exceeds applicable Pretreatment Standards to the City of San José Environmental Services Department and San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility within 24 hours from the time the Permittee becomes aware of the bypass. A written submission shall also be provided within five days of the time the Permittee becomes aware of the bypass. The written submission shall contain a description of the bypass and its cause; the duration of the bypass, including exact dates and times, and, if the bypass has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the bypass.

The Director of the Environmental Services Department may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Director determines that the bypass will meet the three conditions A through C.

COMPOSITE SAMPLE

A composite sample must represent the discharge from a production day. The Permittee shall collect composite samples over the part of the day when wastewater is being discharged.

DUTY TO MITIGATE

The Permittee shall mitigate or take all reasonable measures to lessen the duration and severity of any Permit violation.

TRANSFERABILITY

Wastewater Discharge Permits are issued to a specific user for a specific operation. This Wastewater Discharge Permit shall not be reassigned, transferred, or sold to a new owner or user or used on premises for facilities or operations not covered by the permit without prior approval of the Director.

Wastewater Discharge Permits may be transferred to a new owner or operator only if the permittee provides advance written notice to the Director and the Director approves the Wastewater Discharge Permit transfer. The notice to the Director must include a certification by the new owner or operator which:

- A. States that the new owner and/or operator has no immediate intent to change the facility's operations and processes;
- B. Identifies the specific date on which the transfer is to occur; and
- C. Acknowledges full responsibility for complying with the existing individual wastewater discharge permit.

Failure to provide advance notice of a transfer renders the Wastewater Discharge Permit void as of the date of facility transfer.

Upon an approved transfer, the existing owner or operator shall provide a copy of this Wastewater Discharge Permit to the new owner or operator. The new owner or operator shall submit a Wastewater Discharge Permit Application and appropriate permit application fee to the City of San José Environmental Service Department within 30 days of the date of the approved transfer.

NOTIFICATION OF CHANGE

The Permittee shall promptly notify the City of San José Environmental Services Department of any significant change in quantity or quality of the discharge as reported in the Permit application. In the event of such change, a new application will be required. Notification of such change shall be provided to the City of San José Environmental Services Department at least 30 days prior to such change.

"Significant Change" includes but is not limited to, any change in a Permittee's operation that results in any of the following:

- A. An increase or decrease in annual average process flow of twenty-five percent (25%) over the standard discharger's average process flow for the Permittee's most immediate preceding twelve (12) months.
- B. An increase or decrease in annual average process flow that results in a change from low flow discharger to standard discharger or from standard discharger to low flow discharger.

- C. An increase or decrease in annual average process flow that results in a change from non-significant industrial user to significant industrial user or from significant industrial user to non-significant industrial user.
- D. An increase or decrease in annual production rate of twenty-five percent (25%) for any Permittee subject to production-based limits over the Permittee's production rate for the most immediately preceding twelve (12) months.
- E. Adding or deleting process discharge or sample points.
- F. Waiver of monitoring requirements for any pollutant not present.

NOTIFICATION OF DISPOSAL

Within 180 days of the commencement of discharge to the sanitary sewer of any substance which, if otherwise disposed of would be a hazardous waste under 40 CFR 261, the Permittee shall notify the EPA, the State, the San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility and the City of San José Environmental Services Department of the discharge of these wastes, and anticipated discharges of these wastes over a calendar month and a calendar year. This reporting does not apply to the discharge of less than 15 kilograms per month unless the wastes are "acutely hazardous" wastes, as specified in 40 CFR 261.30(d) and 261.33(e).

NOTIFICATION OF SLUG LOADING

A Slug Discharge is any discharge of a non-routine, episodic nature, including but not limited to an accidental spill or a non-customary batch discharge, which has a reasonable potential to cause interference or pass through, or in any other way violate the San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility's regulations, local limits, or National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit conditions. The results of such activities shall be available to the City of San José Environmental Services Department upon request.

A Permittee that is also a Significant Industrial User is required to notify the City of San José Environmental Services immediately of any changes at its facility affecting the potential for a Slug Discharge. If the City of San José Environmental Services decides that a slug discharge control plan is required, the plan shall contain, at a minimum, the following elements:

- A. Description of discharge practices, including non-routine batch discharges;
- B. Description of stored chemicals;
- C. Procedures for immediately notifying the San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility of slug discharges, including any discharge that would violate a prohibition under § 403.5(b) with procedures for follow-up written notification within five days;
- D. If necessary, procedures to prevent adverse impact from accidental spills, including inspection and maintenance of storage areas, handling and transfer of materials, loading and unloading operations, control of plant site run-off, worker training, building of containment structures or equipment, measures for containing toxic organic pollutants (including solvents), and/or measures and equipment for emergency response.

POWER TO INSPECT

The City of San José Director of the Environmental Services Department and other duly authorized employees and agents of the City of San José Environmental Services Department or other representative City of Santa Clara personnel bearing credentials and identification shall have the right to access upon all properties for the purpose of inspecting any sewer or storm drain connection, including all discharge connections of roof and surface drains and plumbing fixtures; inspecting, observing, measuring, photographing, sampling, and testing the quality, consistency, and characteristics of sewage and industrial wastewaters being discharged into any public sewer or natural outlet; and inspecting and copying any records relating to quantity and quality of wastewater discharges, including but not limited to water usage and effluent discharged, chemical usage, and hazardous waste records.

The City of San José Director of the Environmental Services Department and the City of Santa Clara may terminate service or revoke the Permit of any person who has discharged wastewater to the sanitary sewer system and has unreasonably refused access to the representatives and agents of the City, as described in this stipulation.

PROHIBITED SUBSTANCES

Permittee shall comply with discharge prohibitions set forth in Santa Clara City Code, Chapter 13.10, which contains sections which prohibit the discharge of several substances and a number of additional types of pollutants. It is the duty of the permittee to become acquainted with these prohibitions, and to take all reasonable measures to assure that no violations of the prohibitions in Chapter 13.10 occur as a direct or indirect result of the permittee's activities or discharge.

RECORD KEEPING

All submitted and onsite records shall be retained for a minimum of three years. This period shall be automatically extended for the duration of any enforcement action concerning the Permittee, or where the Permittee has been specifically notified of a longer retention period as required by the Director of the City of San José Environmental Services Department. Such records shall be available for inspection and copying by the City of San José Director of the Environmental Services Department, and other duly authorized employees and agents of the City of San José Environmental Services Department or other representative City of Santa Clara personnel bearing credentials and identification. Records shall include the date, exact place, method and time of sampling and the names of the person or persons taking the sample, the dates analysis were performed, the name of person(s) who performed the analysis, quality assurance and quality control data, the analytical techniques/methods used, and the results of such analysis.

SEVERABILITY

The provisions of this Permit are severable, and if any provision of this Permit, or the application of any provision of this Permit to any circumstance is held invalid, the application of such provisions to other circumstances, and the remainder of this Permit, shall not be affected thereby.

SLUDGE AND HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL

The Permittee shall properly dispose of pretreatment or other sludge and any hazardous wastes (e.g., spent chemicals) used or generated at the Permittee's facility so as to prevent the discharge of such materials to the San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility or sanitary sewer.

SIGNATORY REQUIREMENTS

Any reports submitted pursuant to Part B. 2 or Part C, or as Notification per these Stipulations of this Permit shall be signed as follows:

- A. By a responsible corporate officer if the Permittee submitting the reports is a corporation. For the purposes of this Permit, a responsible corporate officer shall be defined as (1) A president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation or, (2) the manager of one or more manufacturing, production, or operation facilities, who is authorized to make management decisions which govern the operation of the regulated facility including having the explicit or implicit duty of making major capital investment recommendations, and initiate and direct other comprehensive measures to assure long-term environmental compliance with environmental laws and regulations; can ensure that the necessary systems are established or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for Permit requirements, if authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures.
- B. By a general partner or proprietor if the Permittee submitting the reports is a partnership or sole proprietorship respectively.
- C. By a duly authorized representative of the responsible corporate officer, general partner or proprietor, when that authorization is made in writing and submitted with the report to the City of San José Environmental Services Department. The authorization shall specify either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the facility from which the industrial discharge originates, or having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company. If an authorization under this section is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility, or overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of this section must be submitted to the City of San José Environmental Services Department prior to or together with any reports to be signed by an authorized representative.

SUBMISSION OF PERMIT APPLICATION

Unless otherwise specified in the conditions of the existing Permit, a new Permit application must be submitted at least ninety (90) days prior to (1) commencing discharge to the sanitary system, (2) commencing operation of a zero discharging categorical process, or (3) expiration of existing discharge permit and must be accompanied by the appropriate fees.

TERMINATION OF SERVICE, REVOCATION AND PERMIT MODIFICATION

Pursuant to Chapter 13.10 of the Santa Clara City Code, the City of Santa Clara Director of Water and Sewer Utilities and the City of San Jose Director of Environmental Services, City of Santa Clara may modify the Permit with thirty days written notice to the permittee, revoke the Permit with ten days written notice to the permittee, and/or suspend service if the permittee uses the sanitary sewer in a manner or way that endangers the public health or safety, or public or private property. If such endangerment is imminent, or for any other reason the City of Santa Clara Director of Water

and Sewer Utilities and the City of San José Director of Environmental Services deems sufficient cause, the City of Santa Clara Director of Water and Sewer Utilities and the City of San José Director of Environmental Services may act to suspend service immediately.

UPSET

"Upset" means an unintentional and temporary noncompliance with categorical pretreatment standards because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the Permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventative maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

UPSET - REBUTTAL

The following circumstances may be raised as an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with categorical pretreatment standards:

- A. The Permittee can demonstrate through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - 1. The Permittee can identify the cause(s) of the Upset;
 - 2. When the upset occurred, the facility was being operated in a prudent and workman-like manner, and in compliance with applicable operation and maintenance procedures;
 - 3. The Permittee has submitted the following information to the City of San José Environmental Services Department:
 - a. A description of the discharge to the San José-Santa Clara Regional Wastewater Facility or sanitary sewer and the cause of the noncompliance;
 - b. The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times or, if not corrected, the anticipated time the noncompliance is expected to continue: and
 - c. Steps being taken and/or planned to be taken to reduce, eliminate and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance.
 - 4. The Permittee shall report the information specified in subsection A.3 to the City of San José Director of Environmental Services or designee within twenty-four (24) hours of becoming aware of the Upset, and provide written notice within five (5) days of becoming aware of the Upset.
- B. The Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an Upset as an affirmative defense shall have the burden of proof.
- C. The Permittee shall control production of all discharges to the extent necessary to maintain compliance with categorical pretreatment standards upon reduction, loss, or failure of its treatment facility until the facility is restored or an alternative method of treatment is provided. The requirement under this Section applies even in a situation where the primary source of power of the treatment facility is reduced, lost or fails.

AGENCY APPROVAL

INSPECTOR

Chris Fivecoat

PERMIT WRITER

John Fosnaugh

KERRIE ROMANOW

Director

Environmental Services Department

Rajani Nair (Nov 13, 2020 13:11 PST)

Nov 13, 2020

DATE

By: RAJANI NAIR

Deputy Director

Environmental Services Department Watershed Protection Division

DIANE ASUNCION

Acting Compliance Manager

City of Santa Clara



Environmental Services Department

SAN JOSÉ-SANTA CLARA REGIONAL WASTEWATER FACILITY WATERSHED PROTECTION

CONTRIBUTING AGENCIES

CITY OF SAN JOSÉ
CITY OF SANTA CLARA
COUNTY SANITATION DIST. NO. 2 - 3
BURBANK SANITARY DISTRICT
CUPERTINO SANITARY DISTRICT
CITY OF CUPERTINO
CITY OF MILPITAS
WEST VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
CITIES OF CAMPBELL, LOS GATOS
MONTE SERENO, AND SARATOGA

11/19/2020

Mr. Tom Huynh Apple, Inc. One Apple Park Way Cupertino, CA 95014

Discharge Address: 3250 Scott Blvd., Santa Clara, CA 95054

Dear Mr. Huynh:

Enclosed is Wastewater Discharge Permit No. SC-461B issued to Apple, Inc., 3250 Scott Blvd., Santa Clara, CA 95054, dated November 20, 2020. This Permit expires on November 19, 2025. Please note any special requirements in your Permit regarding equipment installation and the submittal schedule for self-monitoring reports.

An application for permit renewal is due ninety days prior to the expiration date for this Permit, and must be accompanied by the appropriate permit fee. Applications received after the due date will be subject to delinquent fees and enforcement actions.

If the quantity or strength of the wastewater discharged from your firm substantially changes, an application for a new permit must be submitted pursuant to Section 13.10.440 of the Santa Clara City Code.

Any questions or comments regarding your Permit should be directed to Chris Fivecoat, the Environmental Inspector assigned to your company. Mr. Fivecoat can be reached at (408) 793-4382 or chris.fivecoat@sanjoseca.gov.

Sincerely,

Rajani Nair (Nov 13, 2020 13:11 PST)

RAJANI NAIR Deputy Director

Enclosure

cc: Diane Asuncion, Acting Compliance Manager, City of Santa Clara



HAZARDOUS WASTE TANK SYSTEM ASSESSMENT

ARIA Acid Waste Neutralization (AWN) System

Santa Clara, CA

Prepared for:

Apple, Inc.

1 Infinite Loop Cupertino, California 95014

Prepared by:

TRC

10680 White Rock Road, Suite 100 Rancho Cordova, CA 95670

October 2022

HAZARDOUS WASTE TANK SYSTEM ASSESSMENT

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ATTACHMENT 2: AWN-TNK-010/100/200/300/400 Information

Leak Test Records ATTACHMENT 3:



I. INTRODUCTION

This assessment is specifically for the Acid Waste Neutralization (AWN) System at the Apple, Inc. (Apple) ARIA facility (Facility), located at 3250 Scott Boulevard in Santa Clara, California.

This assessment was performed in accordance with the requirements of Section 66265.192 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations (22 CCR 66265.192), and included a physical inspection of the tank system and an evaluation of secondary containment.

The system was previously assessed when new in September 2015, and again in November 2020. This is a 5-year re-assessment per 22 CCR 66265.192(h)(1) to bring all systems at the facility onto the same assessment schedule.

II. PURPOSE

22 CCR 66265.192 requires that owners of a new hazardous waste tank system (subject to 22 CCR 67450.2 "Permit by Rule") ensure that the tank system is adequately designed and constructed, and obtain and keep on file at the Facility a written assessment reviewed and certified by an independent, qualified, professional engineer, registered in California that attests to the tank system's integrity.

The written assessment shall determine that the tank system is adequately designed and has sufficient structural strength and compatibility with the waste(s) to be transferred, stored or treated to ensure that it will not collapse, rupture, or fail.

At a minimum, the assessment for an above-ground system shall include the following information: 1) design standard(s) according to which the tank and ancillary equipment have been constructed; 2) hazardous characteristics of the waste(s) to be handled; 3) foundation and seismic anchorage design.

All new tank systems shall be tested for tightness, and determined to be free of leaks before being placed in use.

In accordance with 22 CCR 66265.192(h)(1), this assessment is valid for a maximum period of five (5) years, and shall include all of the information described in 22 CCR 66265.192(k). The required assessment information is presented in the following Section III.

III. ASSESSMENT AND FINDINGS

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(1)

The tank system consists of the acid waste pump lift station (AW-LS), equalization tank (AWN-TNK-010), three (3) reaction tanks (AWN-TNK-100/200/300), diversion tank (AWN-TNK-400), and ancillary piping. The lift station is a vertical rectangular tank constructed of white polypropylene and has a primary tank capacity of 203 gallons. The equalization, reaction and diversion tanks are identical, with the exception of nozzle locations, vertical cylindrical tanks constructed of fiberglass and vinyl ester resin (Hetron 922); each with a capacity of approximately 3,000 gallons.



22 CCR 66265.192(k)(2)

AW-LS

The acid waste pump lift station tank is constructed of 3/4"-thick white polypropylene per DVS 2205 design standards. Tank system structural design is in accordance CBC 2013 and ASCE 7-10. Ancillary piping is Schedule 80 (SCH-80) PVC with clear PVC containment pipe, where applicable. See Figure 1 for pipe sizes. The lift station utilizes two (2) internal 5-hp stainless steel submersible pumps. A drawing of the tank, with dimensions, is included in Attachment 1.

AWN-TNK-010/100/200/300/400

The equalization, reaction and diversion tanks are constructed of variable thickness fiberglass and vinyl ester resin (Hetron 922) per ASTM D3299 and D4097 design standards. Tank system structural design is in accordance CBC 2013 and ASCE 7-10. Ancillary piping is Schedule 80 (SCH-80) PVC with clear PVC containment pipe, where applicable. See Figure 1 for pipe sizes. The acid waste neutralization system utilizes four (4) 2-hp horizontal centrifugal pumps. The tanks are 8 feet in diameter and 8 feet in height. A drawing of the tanks, with dimensions, is included in Attachment 2.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(3)

The tank system was constructed in September 2015 (7 years old).

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(4)

The lift station tank (AW-LS) is double-walled and the space between the primary and secondary tank is equipped with a liquid sensor that would detect a leak from the primary tank.

The equalization tank (AWN-TNK-010) is located on the mezzanine level within an epoxy-coated concrete berm area. The bermed area is sloped toward a collection drain that flows to the lift station pit. The lift station pit is equipped with a liquid sensor that would detect a leak from the tank or related ancillary piping.

The reaction and diversion tanks (AWN-TNK-100/200/300/400) are located on the ground level within an epoxy-coated concrete berm area. The bermed area is sloped to drain to collection sumps that are equipped with liquid sensors that would detect a leak from a tank or related ancillary piping.

Ancillary pipe that is not within a tank containment berm is double-walled and sloped to drain to liquid sensors that would detect a leak in the primary pipe. All automated systems, including liquid sensors for leak detection, have been tested and confirmed to operate as designed.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(5)

The tank system is entirely above-ground and materials are not subject to corrosion.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(6)

The tanks are equipped with ultrasonic level sensors to prevent overflow. All automated systems, including liquid level sensors and pump controls, have been tested and confirmed to operate as designed.



22 CCR 66265.192(k)(7)

The lift station tank (AW-LS) is set within a secondary containment tank, also constructed of 3/4'-thick white polypropylene, with an approximate capacity of 255 gallons.

The equalization tank (AWN-TNK-010) is located on the mezzanine level within an epoxy-coated concrete berm area. The bermed area is sloped toward a collection drain that leads directly to the to the lift station pit (also epoxy-coated concrete) with adequate capacity to contain the full volume of the tank.

The reaction and diversion tanks (AWN-TNK-100/200/300/400) are located on the ground level within an epoxy-coated concrete berm area. The bermed area is sloped to drain to collection sumps and is also connected by a weir to the lift station pit (also epoxy-coated concrete) with adequate capacity to contain the full volume of the tanks.

Ancillary pipe that is not within a tank containment berm is double-walled and sloped to drain to liquid sensors that would detect a leak in the primary pipe. The sensor locations area also fitted with ports that would allow for collection of the leaked liquid.

Along with the leak detection systems described above, the secondary containment for the tank system meets the standards of 22 CCR 66265.192(j) and 22 CCR 66265.193.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(8)

The system generally handles low-pH (potentially corrosive) waste liquids generated from laboratory activities.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(9)

No structural damage or inadequate construction/installation items (cracks, punctures, or damaged fittings) were observed.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(10)

All ancillary pipe was leak tested using air-pressure at the time of installation, test results are included as Attachment 3.

The lift station tank, equalization tank, reaction tanks and diversion tanks were tested by the manufacturer prior to transport to the Facility for installation.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(11)

Based on the findings of this assessment, the tank system has an estimated remaining service life of approximately 20 years under existing conditions. The estimated remaining service life should be re-evaluated every five (5) years, in conjunction with the re-assessment in accordance with the requirements of 22 CCR 66265.192(h)(1).



IV. CERTIFICATION

ARIA Acid Waste Neutralization System

22 CCR 66265.192 requires that owners of a new hazardous waste tank system (subject to 22 CCR 67450.2 "Permit by Rule") ensure that the tank system is adequately designed and constructed, and obtain and keep on file at the Facility a written assessment reviewed and certified by an independent, qualified, professional engineer, registered in California that attests to the tank system's integrity.

The preceding written assessment has determined that the tank system is adequately designed and has sufficient structural strength and compatibility with the waste(s) to be transferred, stored or treated to ensure that it will not collapse, rupture, or fail. This assessment for an above-ground system considered the following: 1) design standard(s) according to which the tank and ancillary equipment have been constructed; 2) hazardous characteristics of the waste(s) to be handled; 3) foundation and seismic anchorage design.

The tank system was inspected on October 19, 2022. The visual inspection found none of the following to be in evidence: leaks, weld breaks, punctures, scrape of protective coatings, cracks, corrosion, structural damage or installation defects.

As required by 22 CCR 66265.192(k)(11), based on the findings of this assessment, I estimate that the new tank system has at least twenty (20) years of service life under current conditions. In accordance with 22 CCR 66265.192(h)(1), this assessment is valid for a maximum period of five (5) years and the tank system should be re-assessed at that time to obtain a new estimate of remaining service life.

Based on my assessment of the tank system, I can attest that the tank system has sufficient structural integrity, is acceptable for transferring, storing and treating the intended hazardous waste, and is suitably designed to achieve the requirements under 22 CCR 66265.192.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to be the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.



Stephen V. Huvane, P.E. Civil (CA) No. 52385



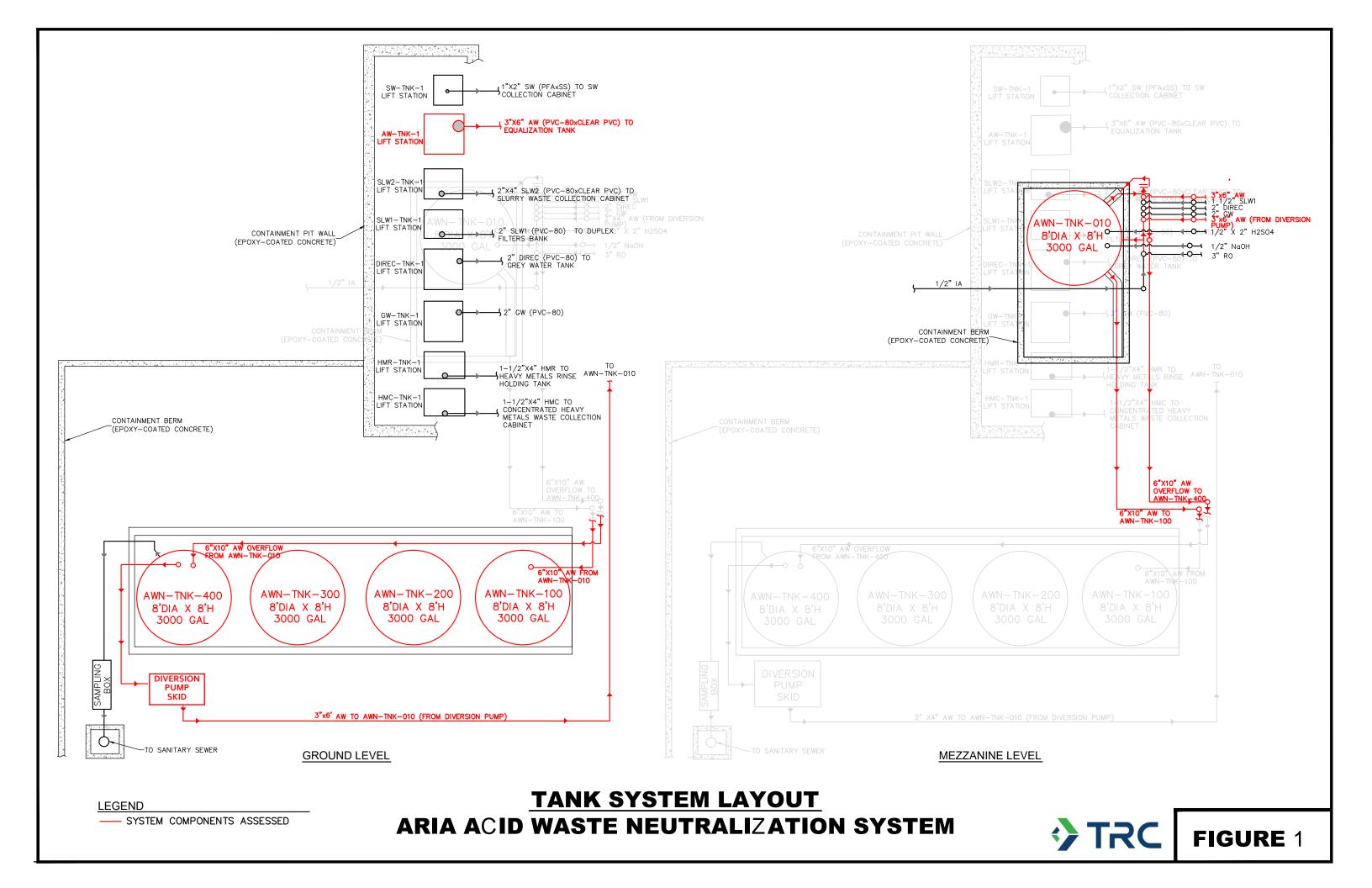
12-9-2022

Date



FIGURE



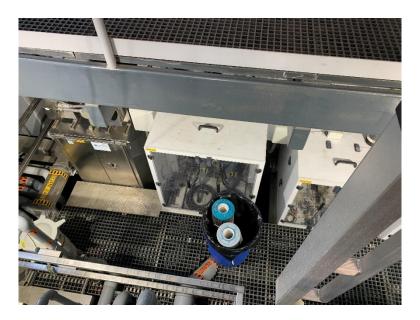


APPENDIX A

PHOTOGRAPHS

October 19, 2022





Lift Station (AW-LS) and Lift Station Pit



Ancillary Piping to Equalization Tank





Equalization Tank (AWN-TNK-010)



Reaction Tank (AWN-TNK-100) and Ancillary Piping





Reaction Tank (AWN-TNK-200) and Ancillary Piping



Reaction Tank (AWN-TNK-300) and Ancillary Piping





Diversion Tank (AWN-TNK-400) and Ancillary Piping

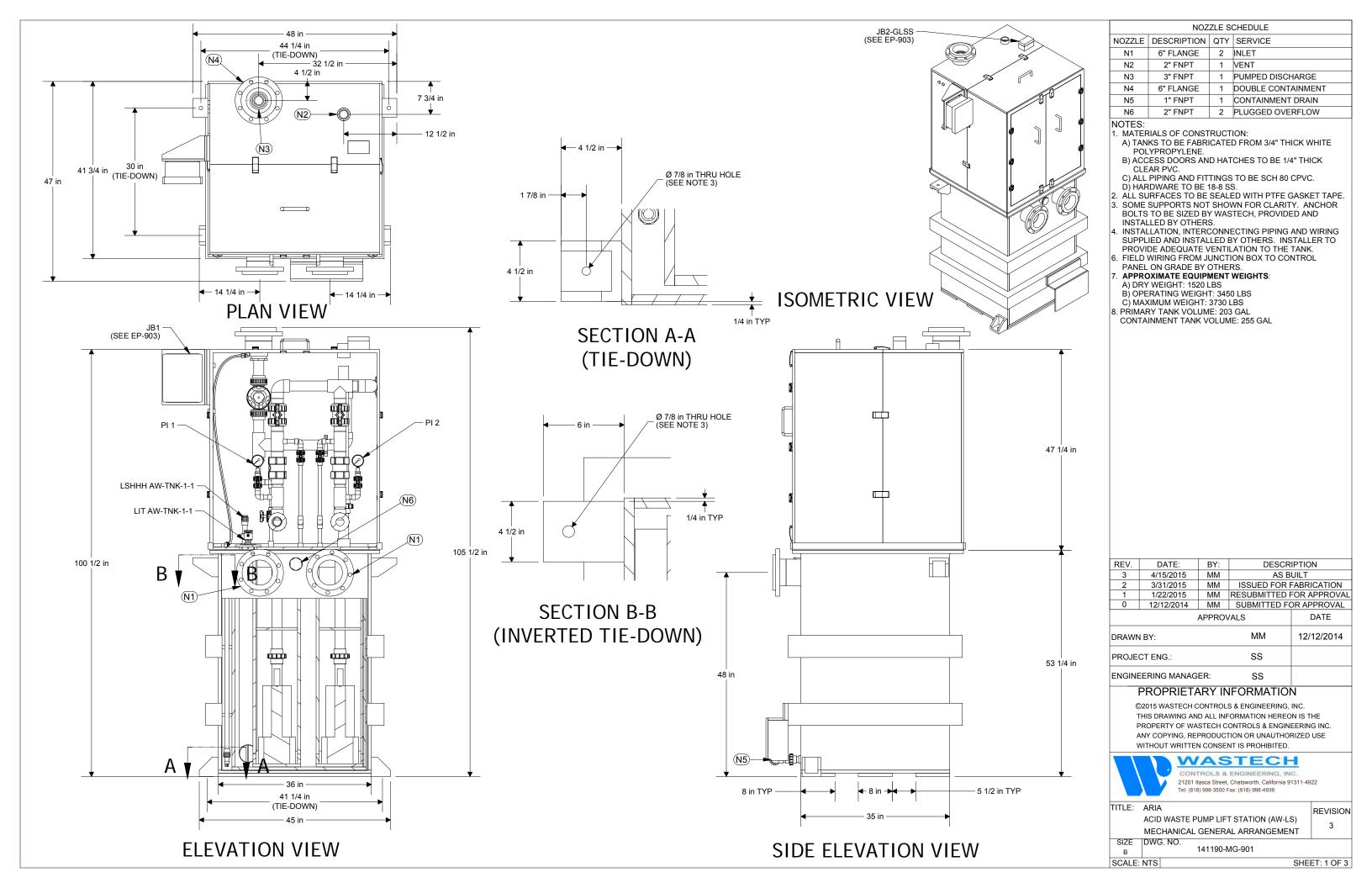


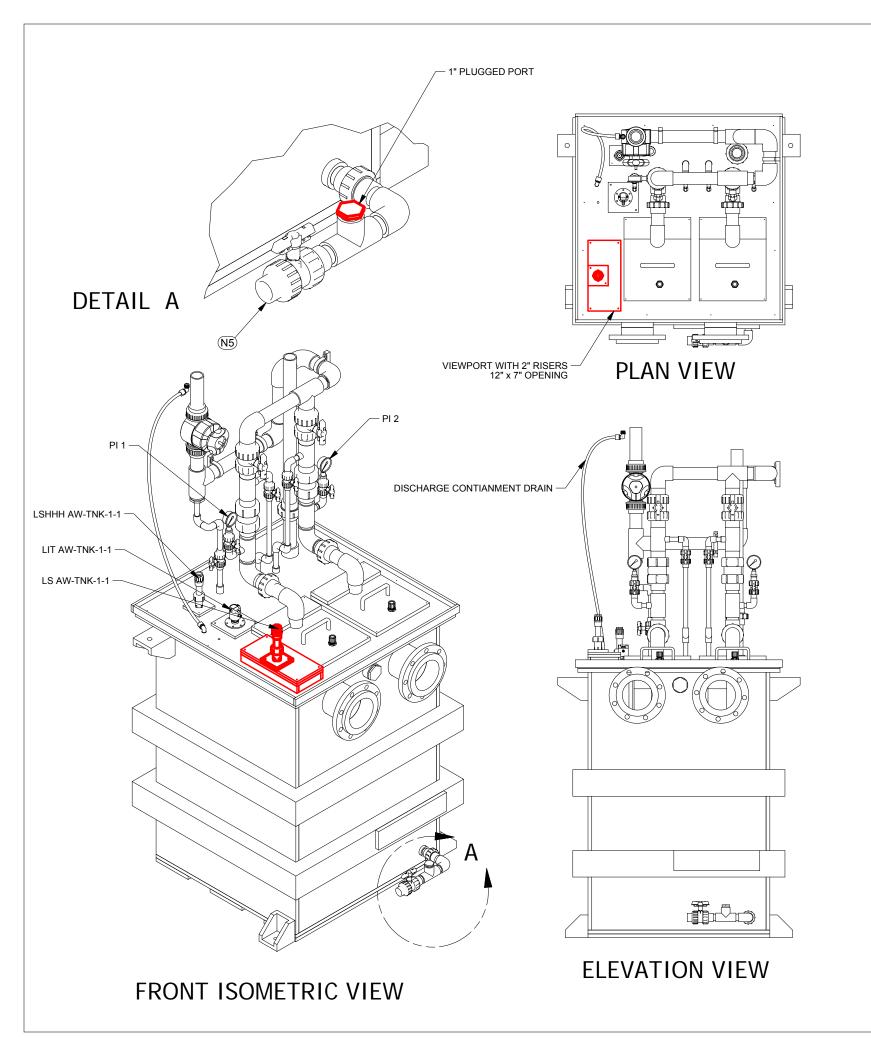
Diversion Pump Skid and Ancillary Piping

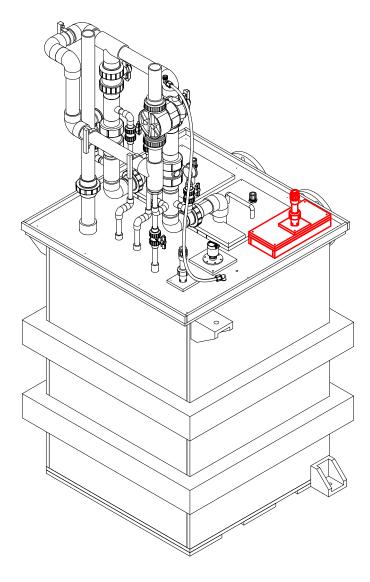


ATTACHMENT 1 AW-LS INFORMATION









REAR ISOMETRIC VIEW

NOZZLE SCHEDULE			
NOZZLE DESCRIPTION QTY			SERVICE
N1	6" FLANGE	2	INLET
N2	2" FNPT	1	VENT
N3	3" FNPT	1	PUMPED DISCHARGE
N4	6" FLANGE	1	DOUBLE CONTAINMENT
N5	1" FNPT	1	CONTAINMENT DRAIN
N6	2" FNPT	2	PLUGGED OVERFLOW

- NOTES:

 1. MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION:

 A) TANKS TO BE FABRICATED FROM 3/4" THICK WHITE
 POLYPROPYLENE.

 B) ACCESS DOORS AND HATCHES TO BE 1/4" THICK
 CLEAR PVC.

 C) ALL PIPING AND FITTINGS TO BE SCH 80 CPVC.
 D) HARDWARE TO BE 18-8 SS.

 2. ALL SURFACES TO BE SEALED WITH PTFE GASKET TAPE.
 3. SOME SUPPORTS NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY. ANCHOR
 BOLTS TO BE SIZED BY WASTECH PROVIDED AND

- 2. SOME SUPPORTS NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY. ANCHOR BOLTS TO BE SIZED BY WASTECH, PROVIDED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS.

 4. INSTALLATION, INTERCONNECTING PIPING AND WIRING SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS. INSTALLER TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE VENTILATION TO THE TANK.

 6. FIELD WIRING FROM JUNCTION BOX TO CONTROL PANEL ON GRADE BY OTHERS.

 7. APPROXIMATE EQUIPMENT WEIGHTS:
 A) DRY WEIGHT: 1520 LBS
 B) OPERATING WEIGHT: 3450 LBS
 C) MAXIMUM WEIGHT: 3730 LBS

 8. PRIMARY TANK VOLUME: 203 GAL CONTAINMENT TANK VOLUME: 255 GAL

REV.	DATE:	BY:	DESCR	IPTION
3	4/15/2015	MM	AS BUILT	
2	3/31/2015	MM	ISSUED FOR FABRICATION	
1	1/22/2015	MM	RESUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL	
0	12/12/2014	MM	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL	
APPROVALS			DATE	

	APPROVALS	
DRAWN BY:	MM	12/12/2014
PROJECT ENG.:	SS	
ENGINEERING MANAG	BER: SS	

PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

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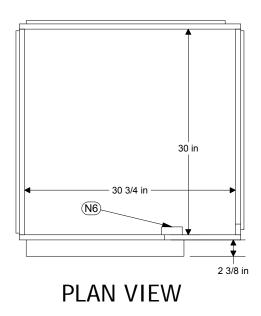


21201 Itasca Street, Chatsworth, California 91311-4922 Tel: (818) 998-3500 Fax: (818) 998-4939

REVISION

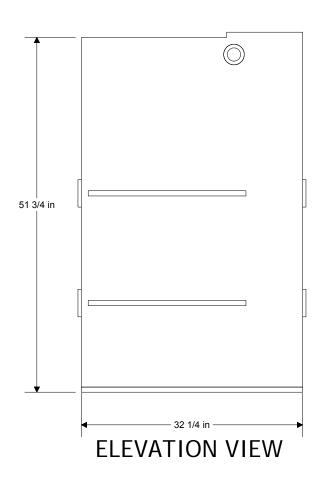
ACID WASTE PUMP LIFT STATION (AW-LS) MECHANICAL GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

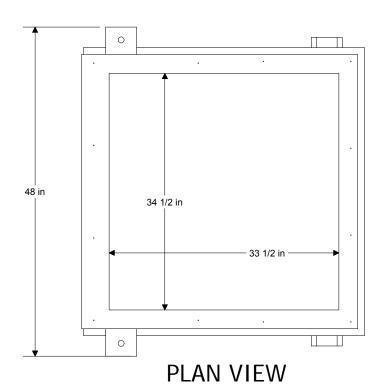
141190-MG-902 SCALE: NTS SHEET: 2 OF 3



PRIMARY TANK

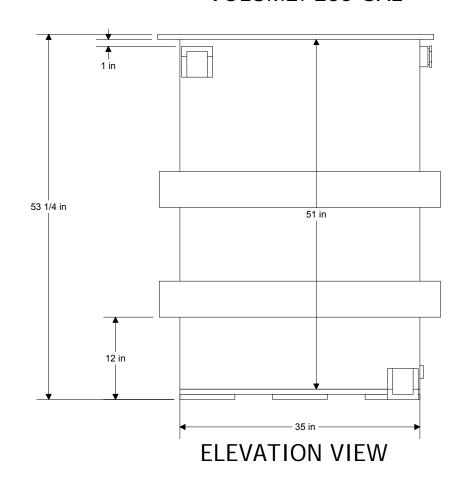
VOLUME: 203 GAL





CONTAINMENT TANK

VOLUME: 255 GAL



NOZZLE SCHEDULE			
NOZZLE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	SERVICE
N1	6" FLANGE	2	INLET
N2	2" FNPT	1	VENT
N3	3" FNPT	1	PUMPED DISCHARGE
N4	6" FLANGE	1	DOUBLE CONTAINMENT
N5	1" FNPT	1	CONTAINMENT DRAIN
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- PANEL ON GRADE BY OTHERS. APPROXIMATE EQUIPMENT WEIGHTS:
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- B) OPERATING WEIGHT: 3450 LBS C) MAXIMUM WEIGHT: 3730 LBS
- 8. PŔIMARY TANK VOLUME: 203 GAL
- CONTAINMENT TANK VOLUME: 255 GAL

REV.	DATE:	BY:	DESCR	IPTION
3	4/15/2015	MM	AS B	UILT
2	3/31/2015	MM	ISSUED FOR I	ABRICATION
1	1/22/2015	MM	RESUBMITTED F	OR APPROVAL
0	12/12/2014	MM	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVA	

APPROVALS		DATE	
DRAWN BY:	MM	12/12/2014	
PROJECT ENG.:	SS		
ENGINEERING MANAGER:	SS		

PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

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CONTROLS & ENGINEERING, INC. 21201 Itasca Street, Chatsworth, California 91311-4922 Tel: (818) 998-3500 Fax: (818) 998-4939

ACID WASTE PUMP LIFT STATION (AW-LS)

MECHANICAL GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

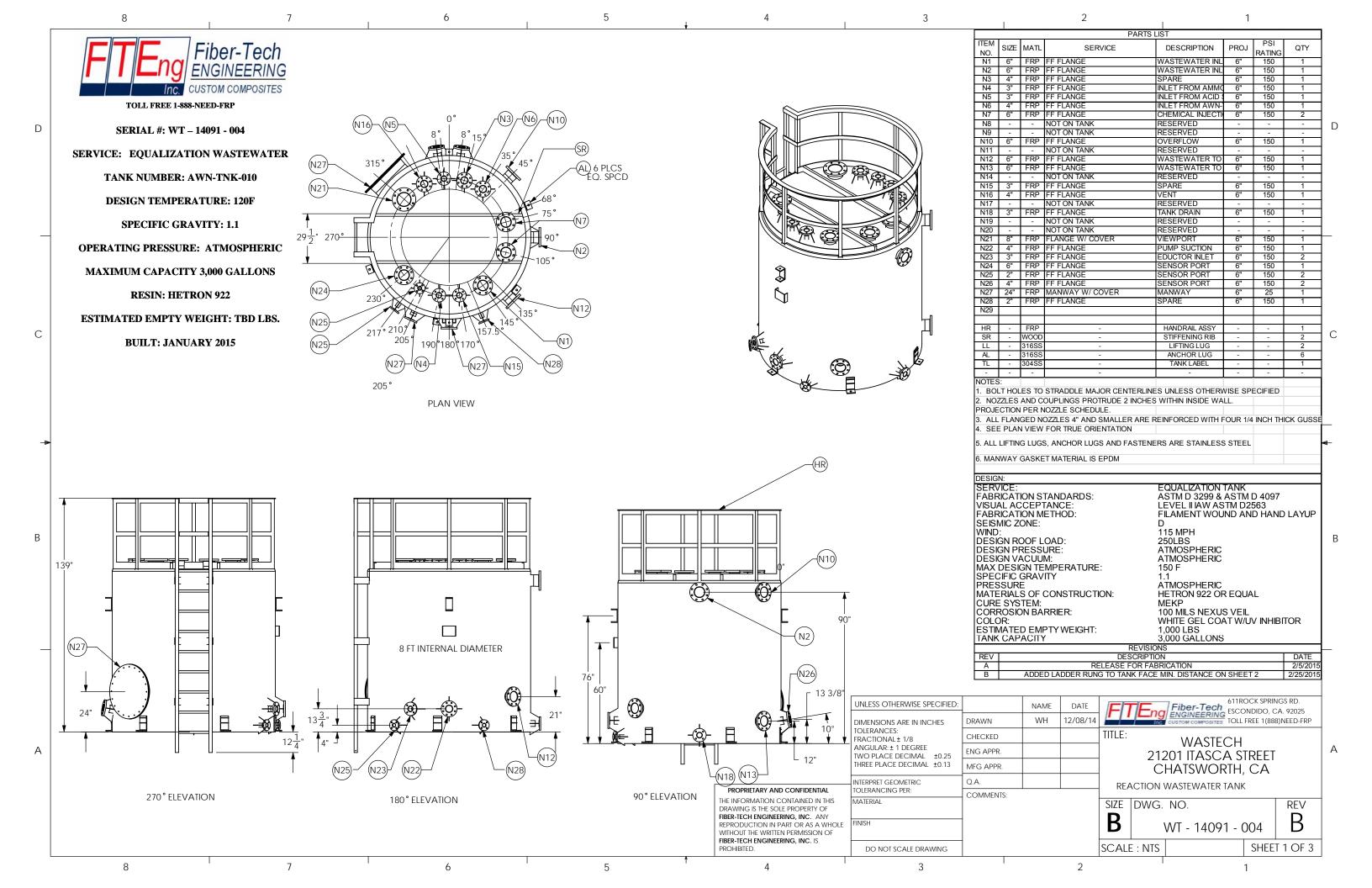
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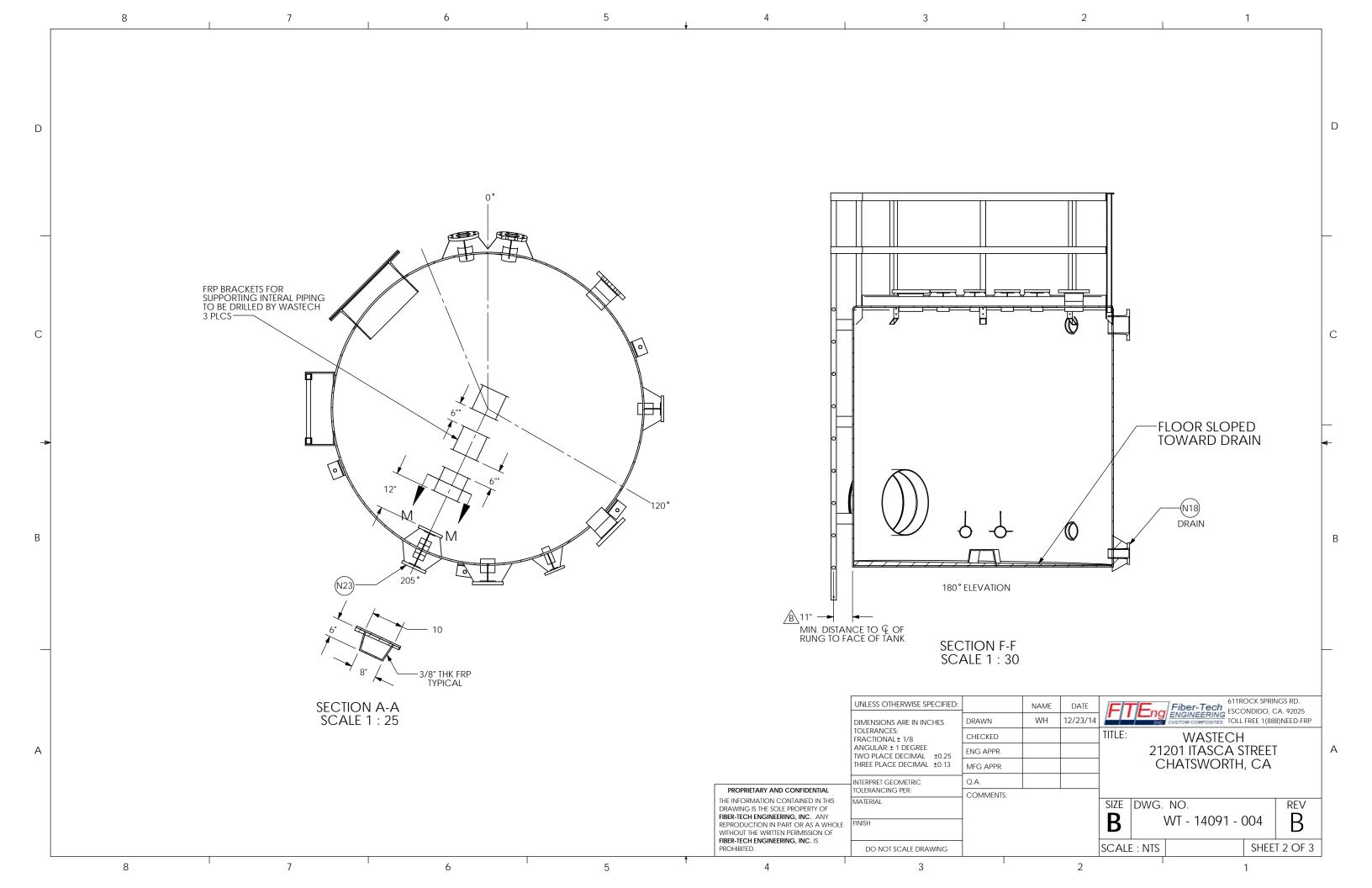
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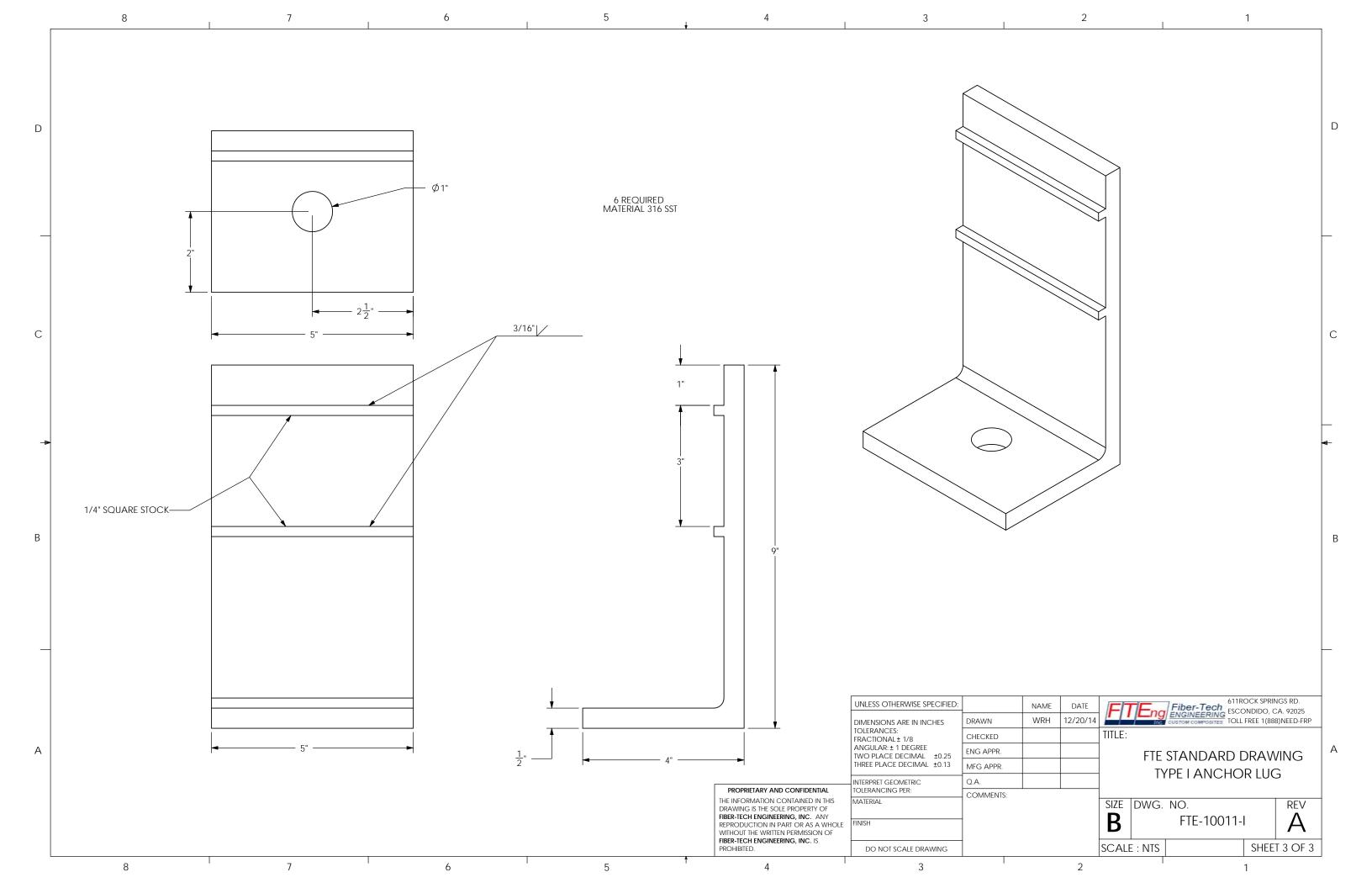
SHEET: 3 OF 3 SCALE: NTS

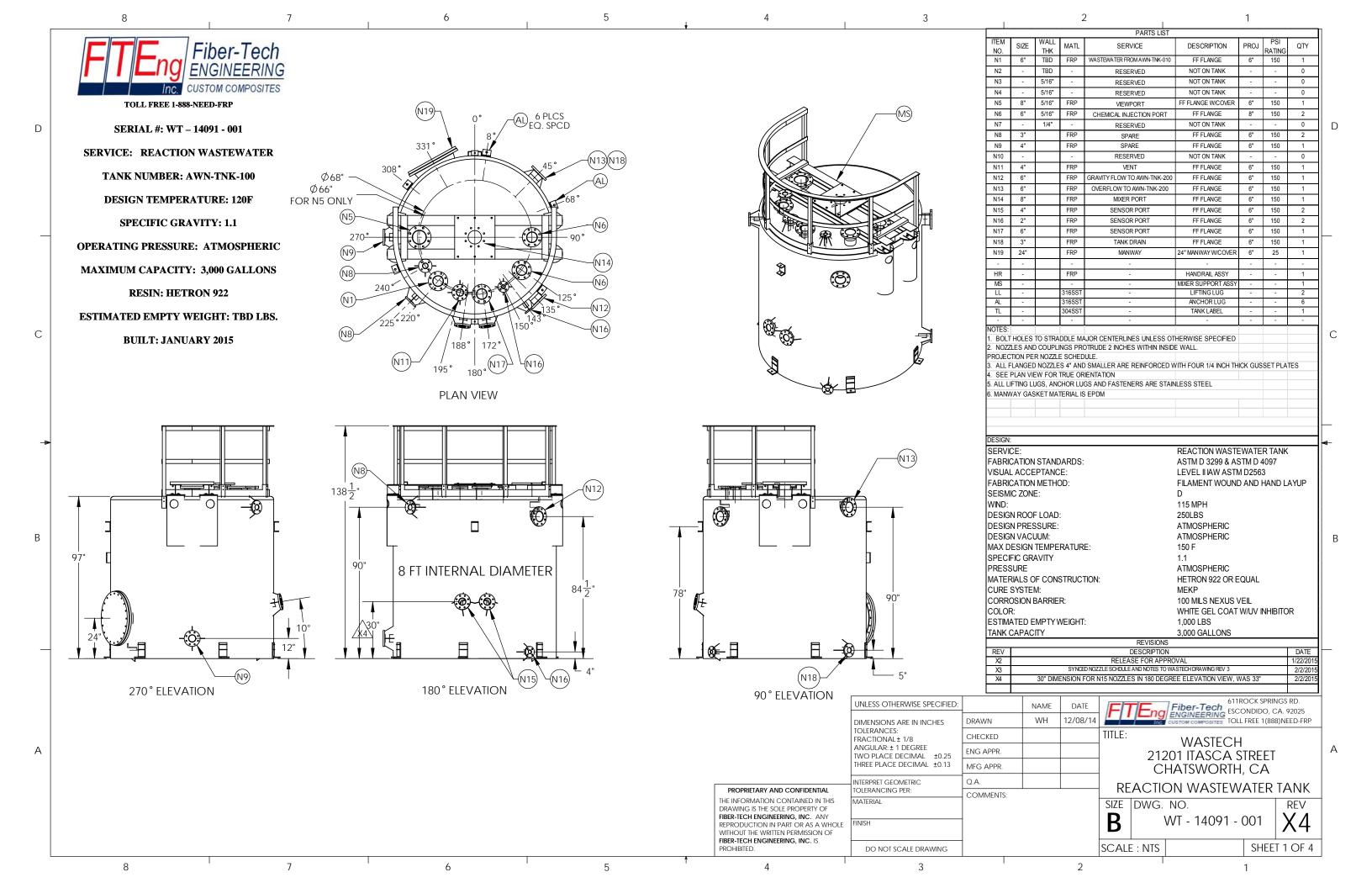
ATTACHMENT 2 AWN-TNK-010/100/200/300/400 INFORMATION

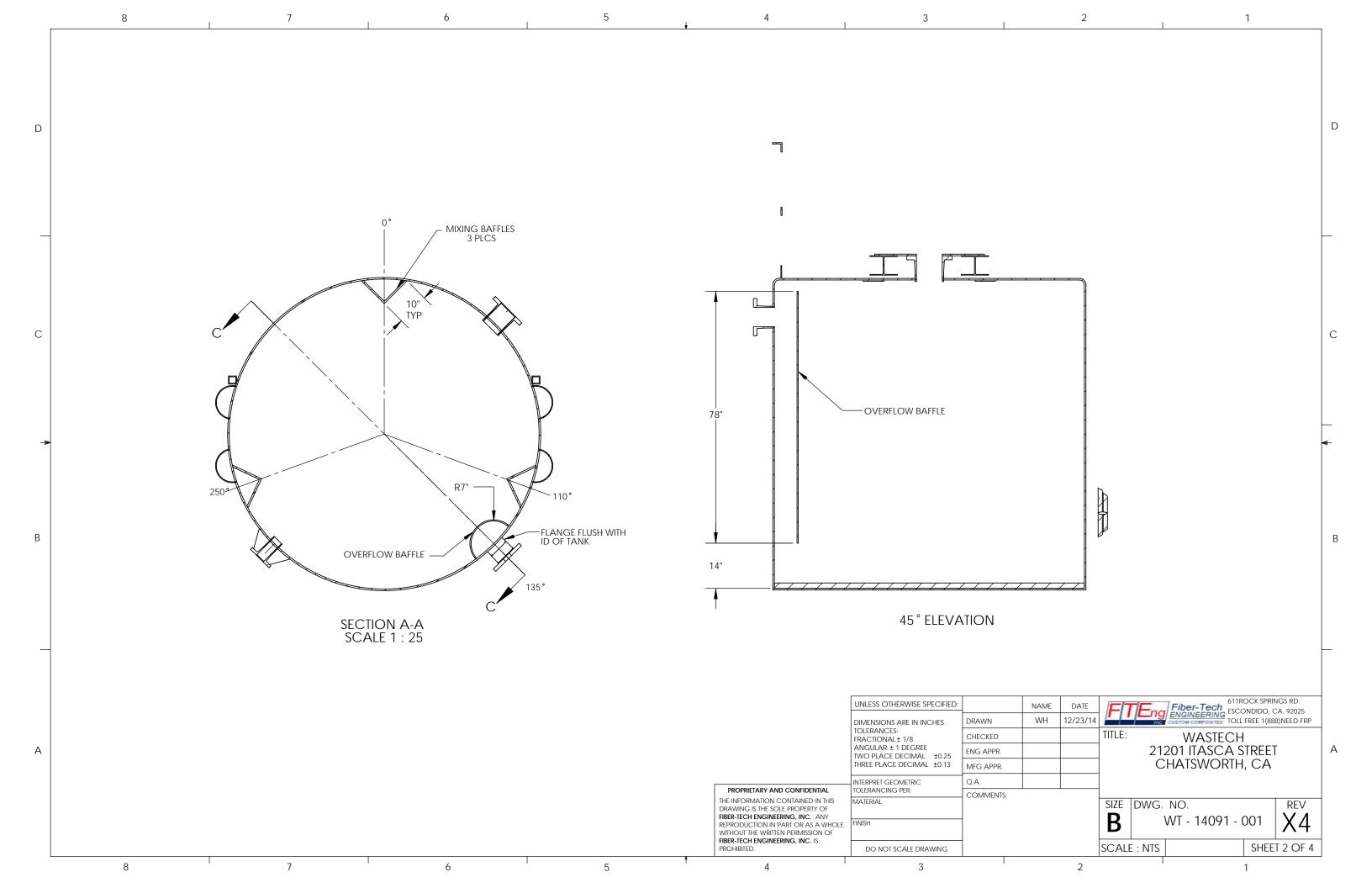


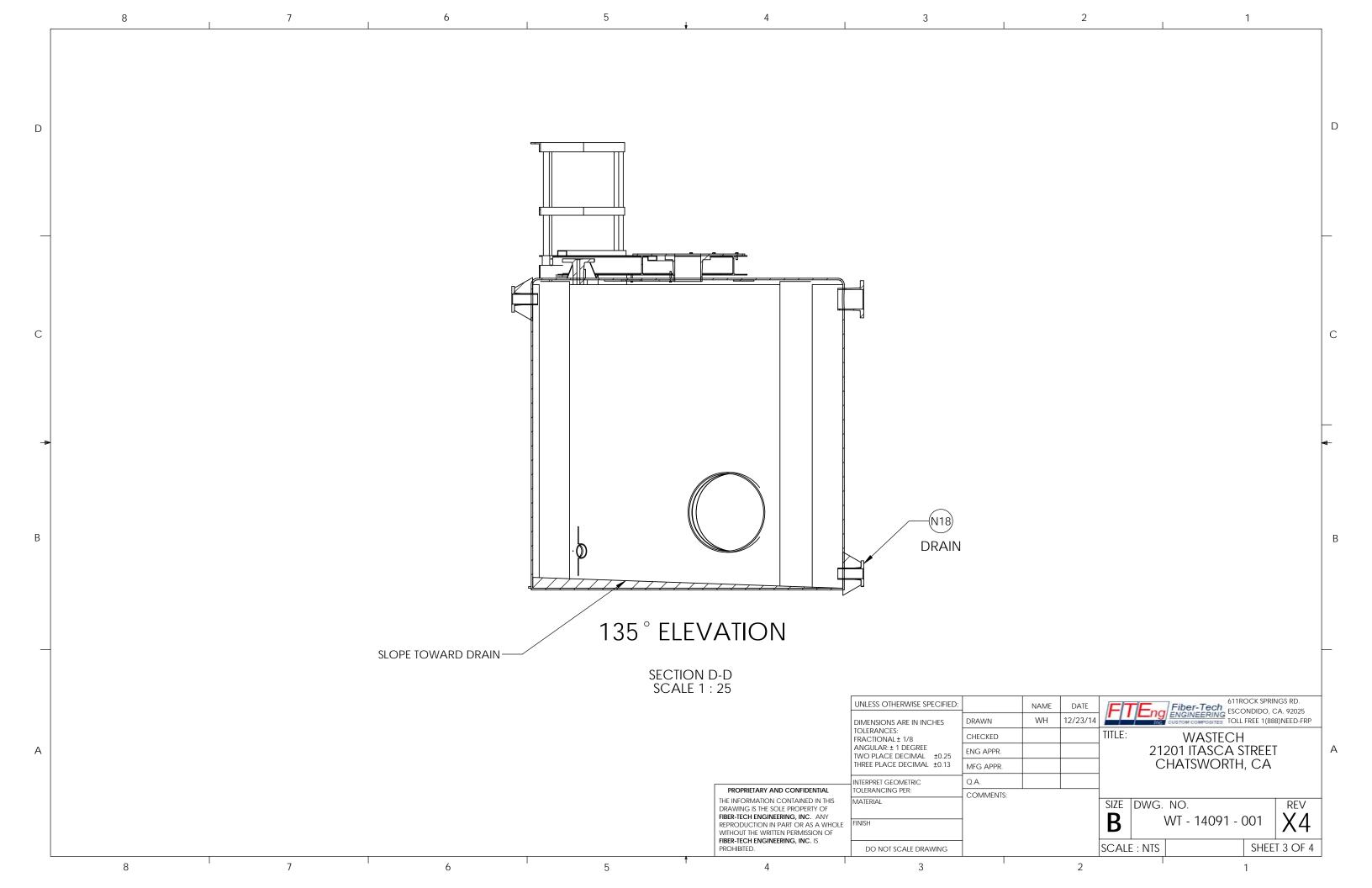


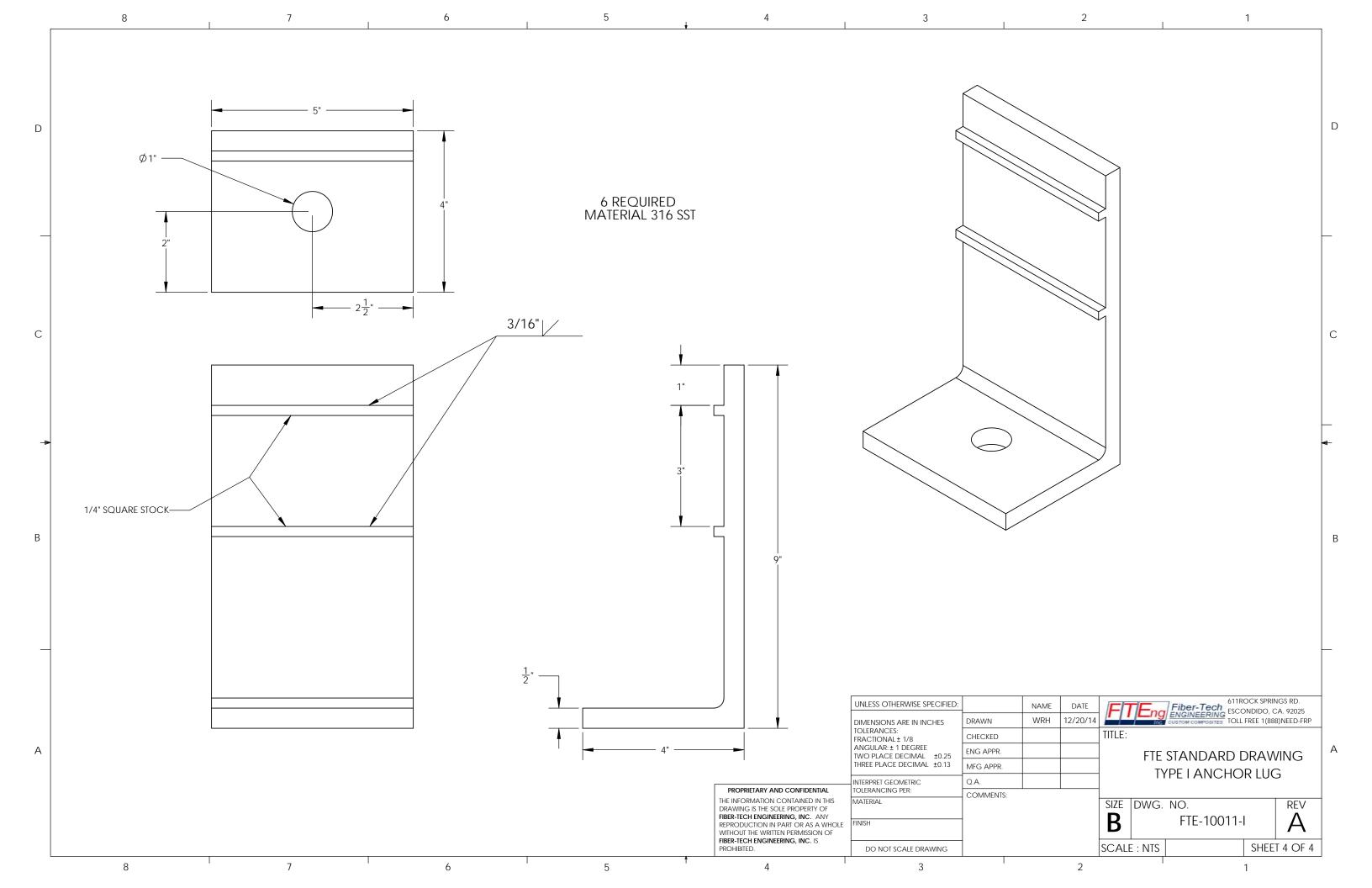


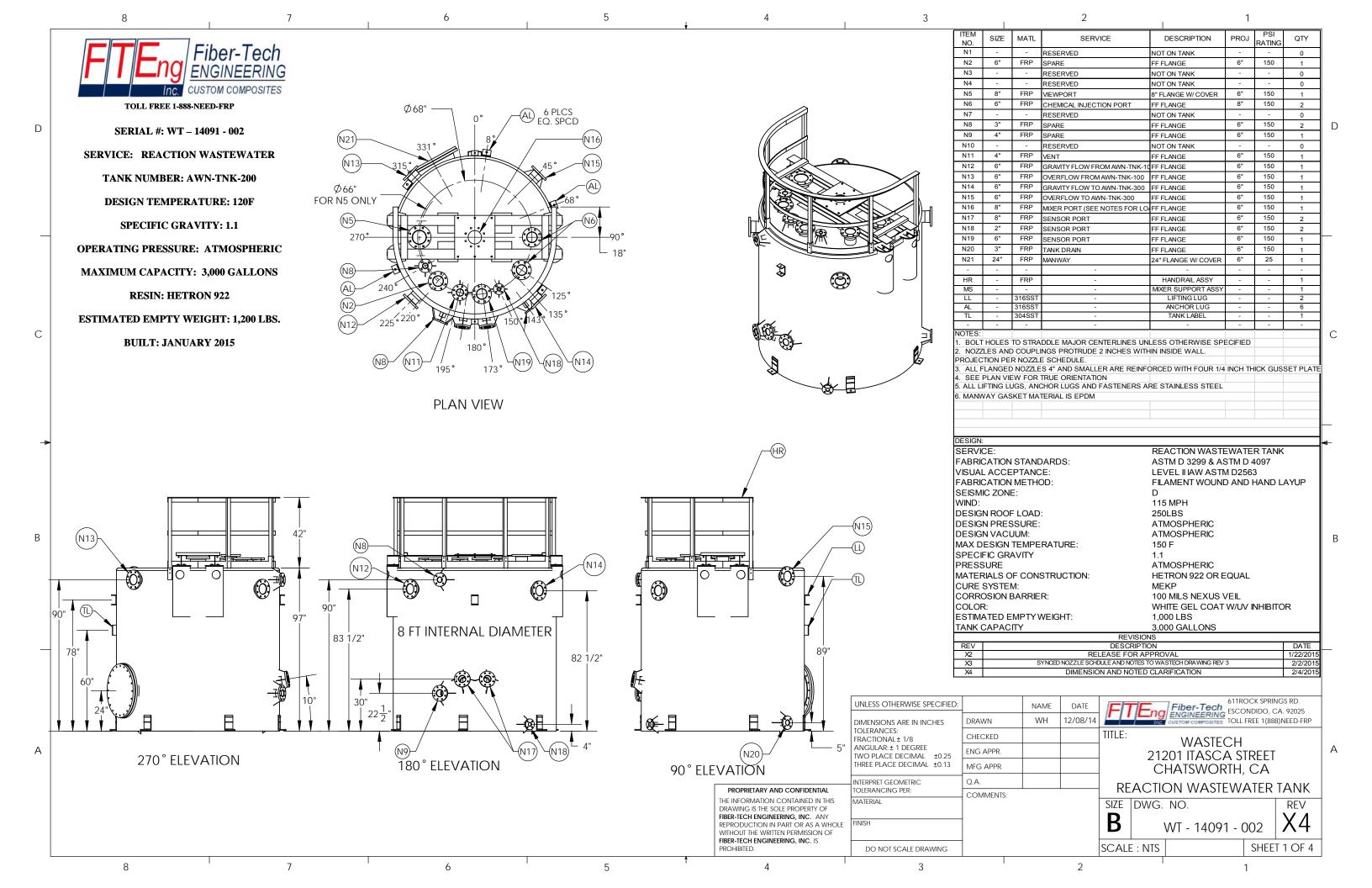


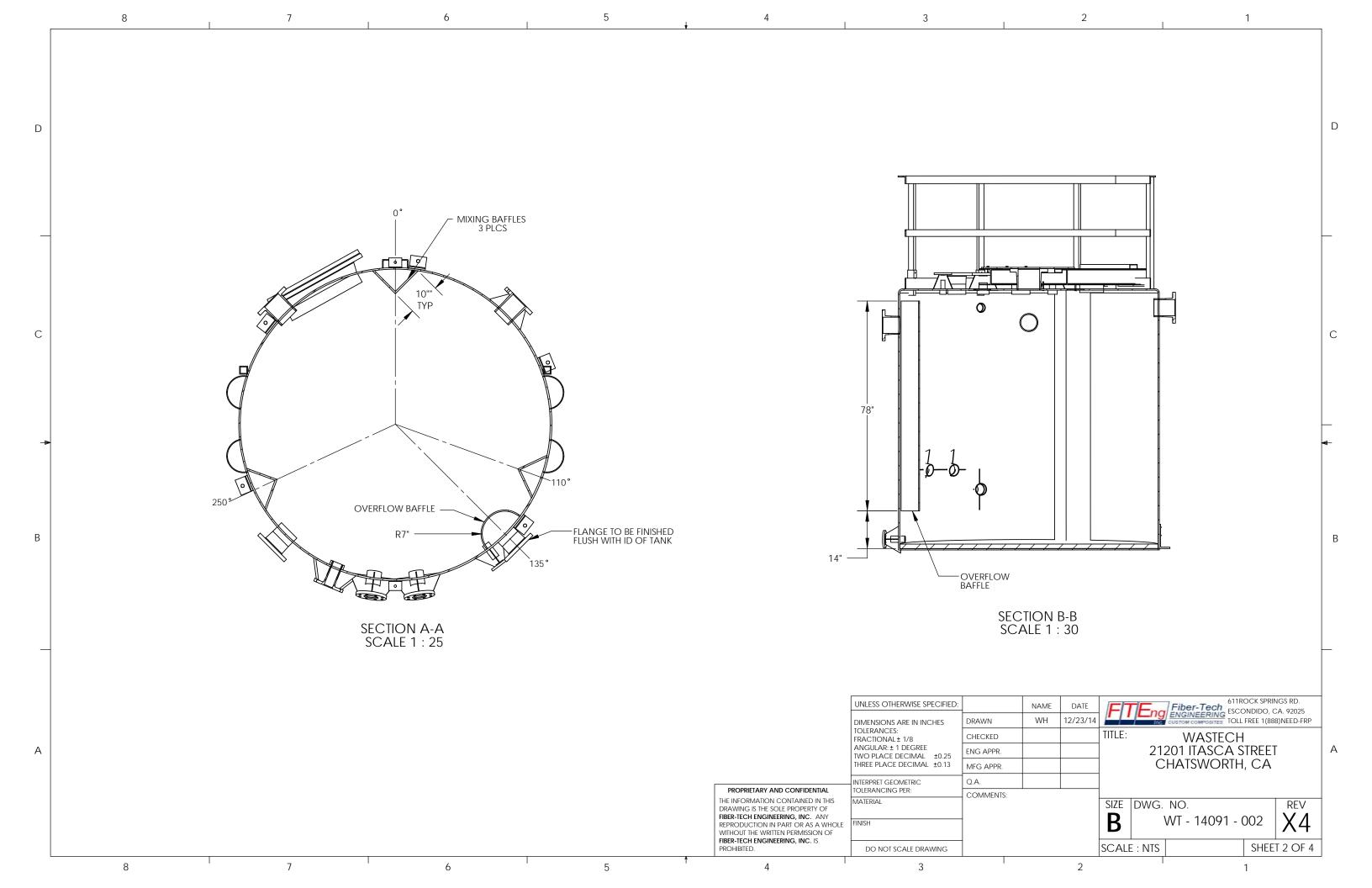


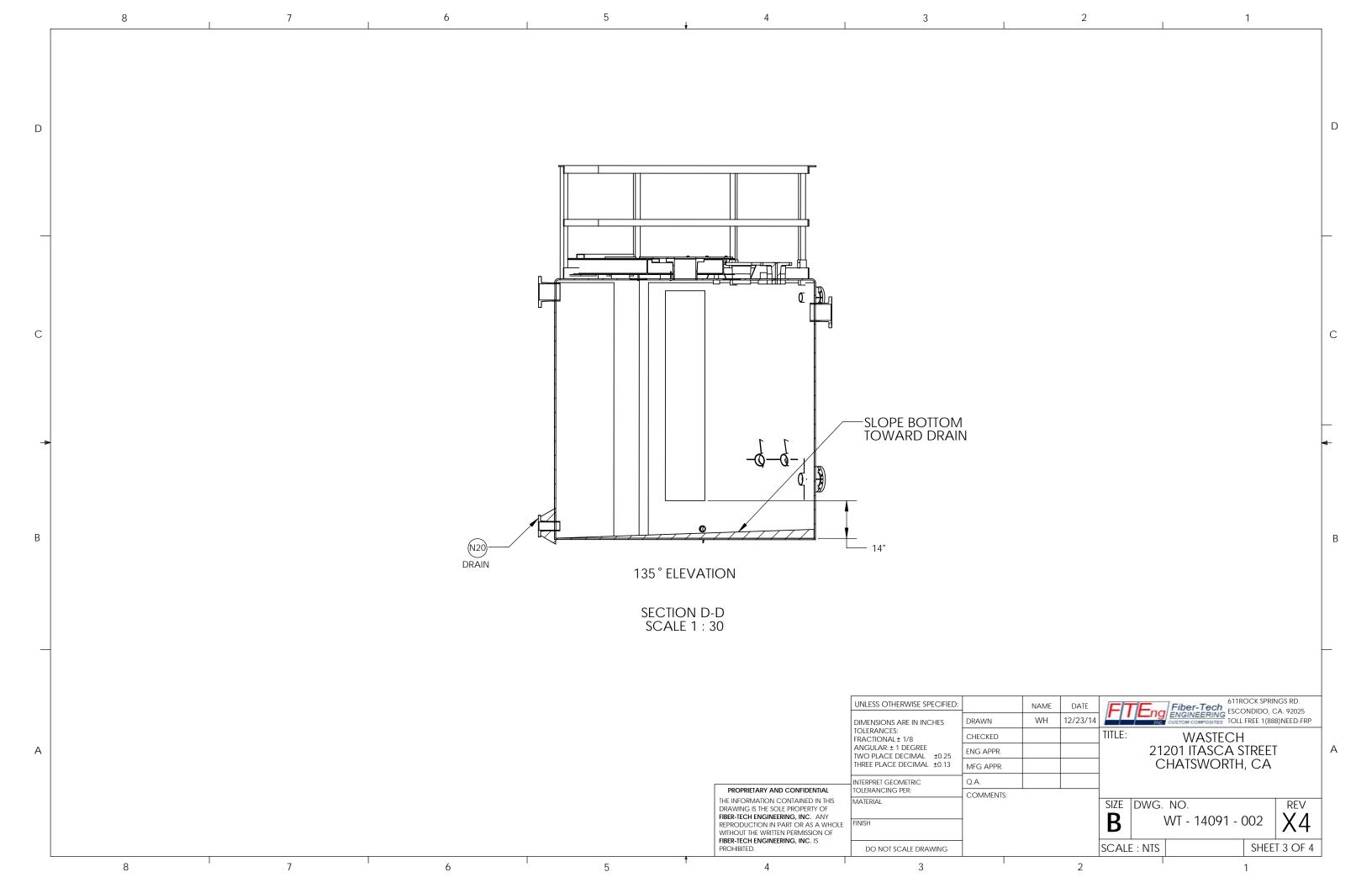


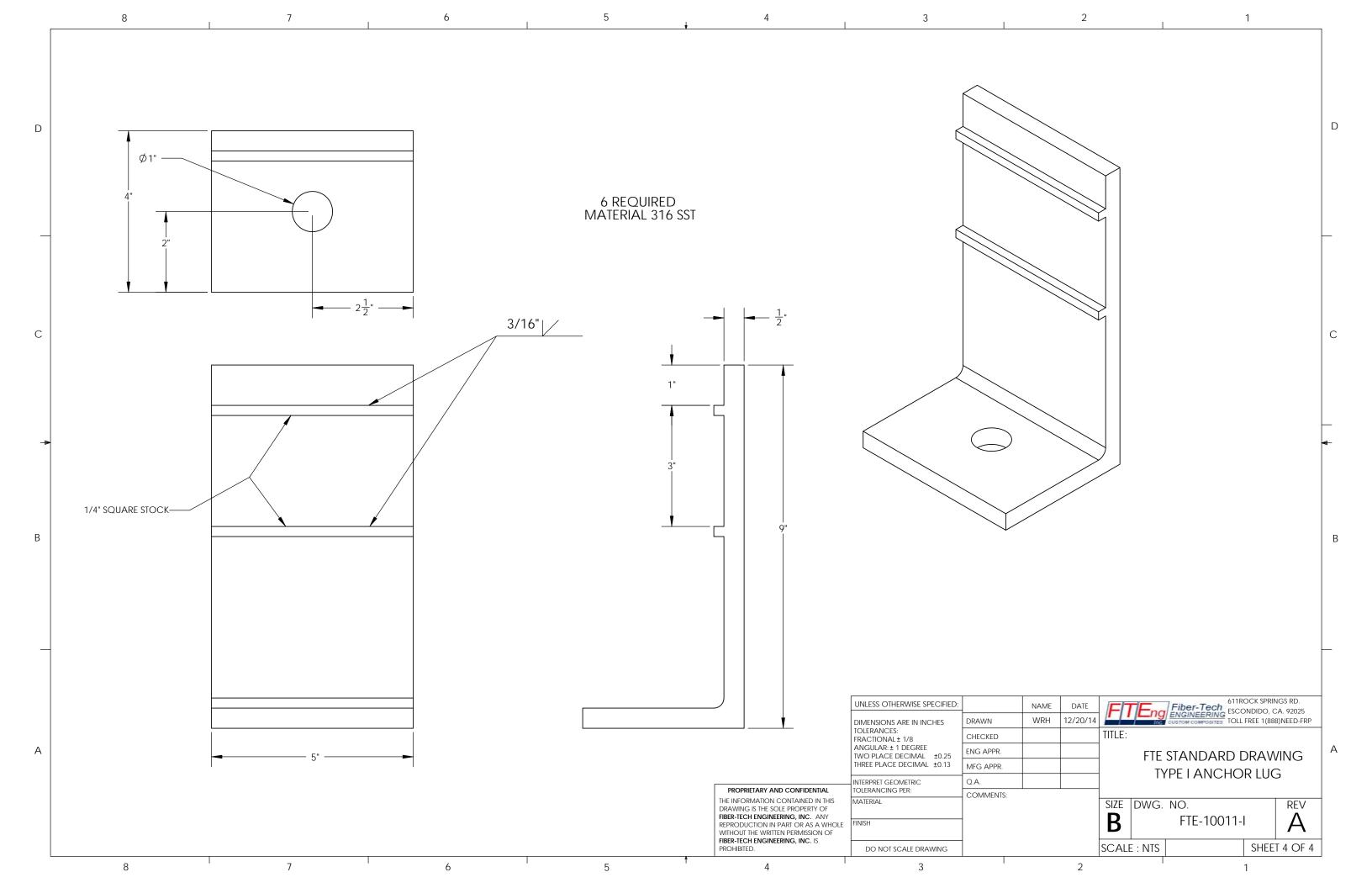


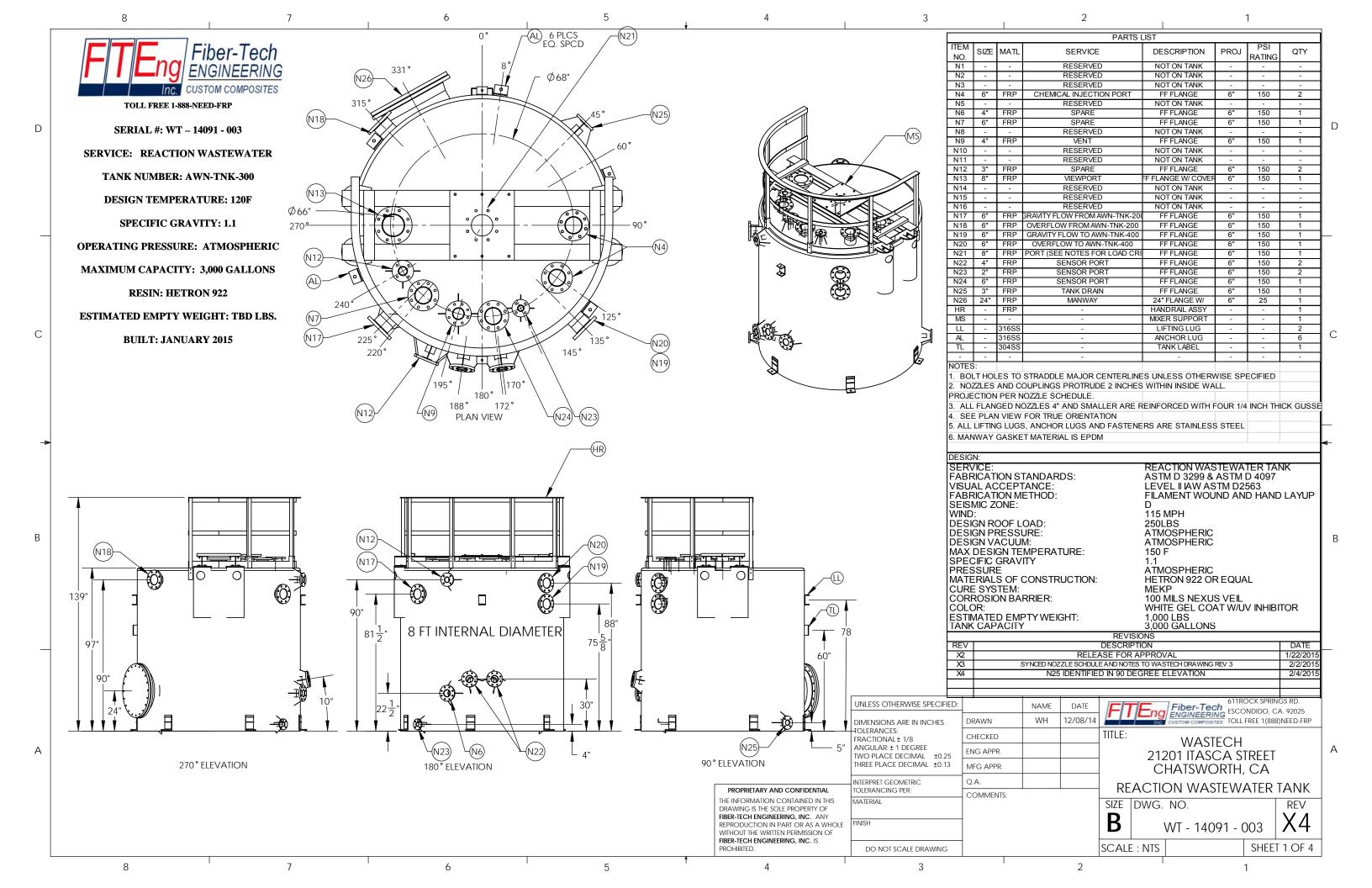


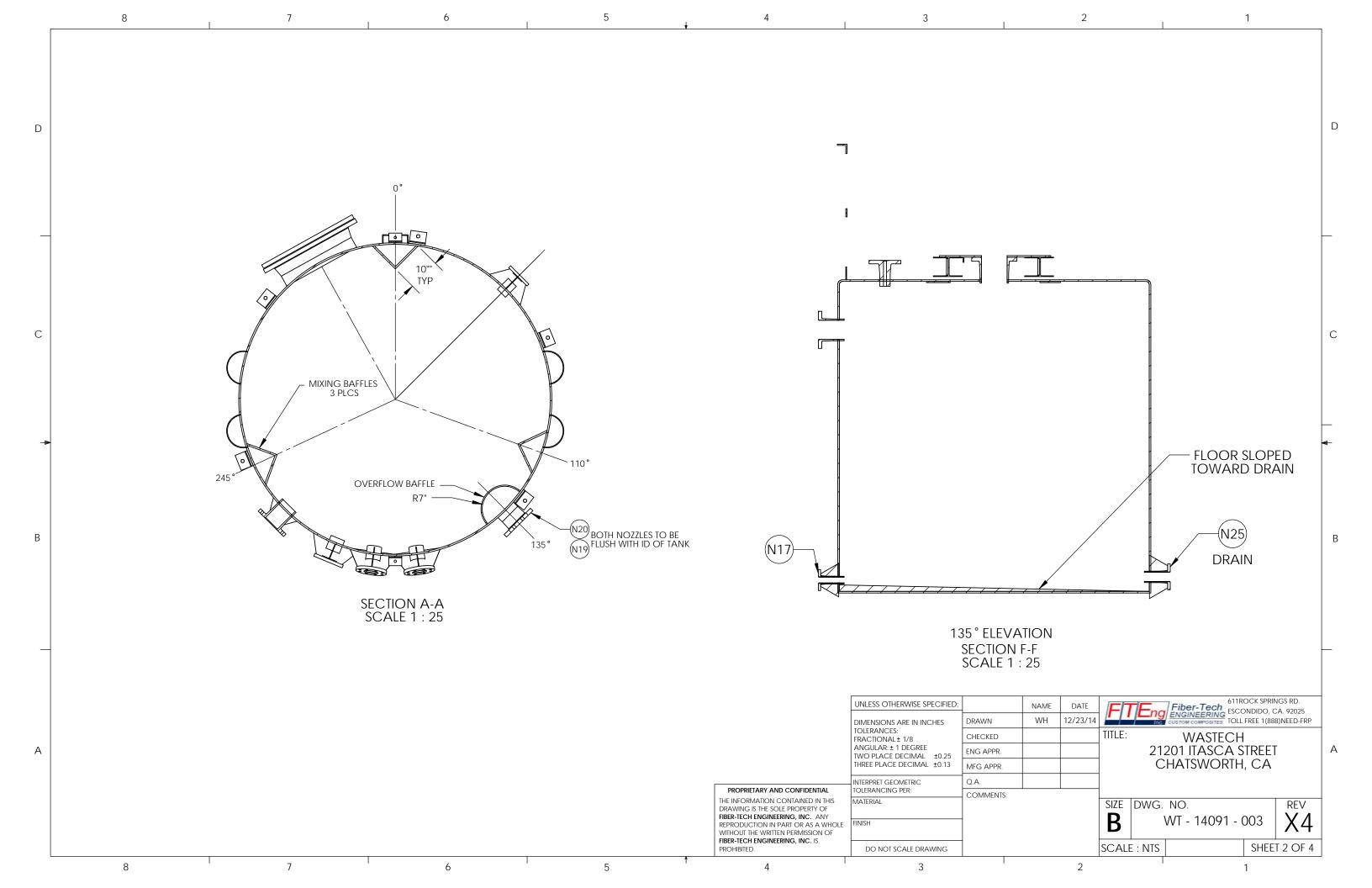


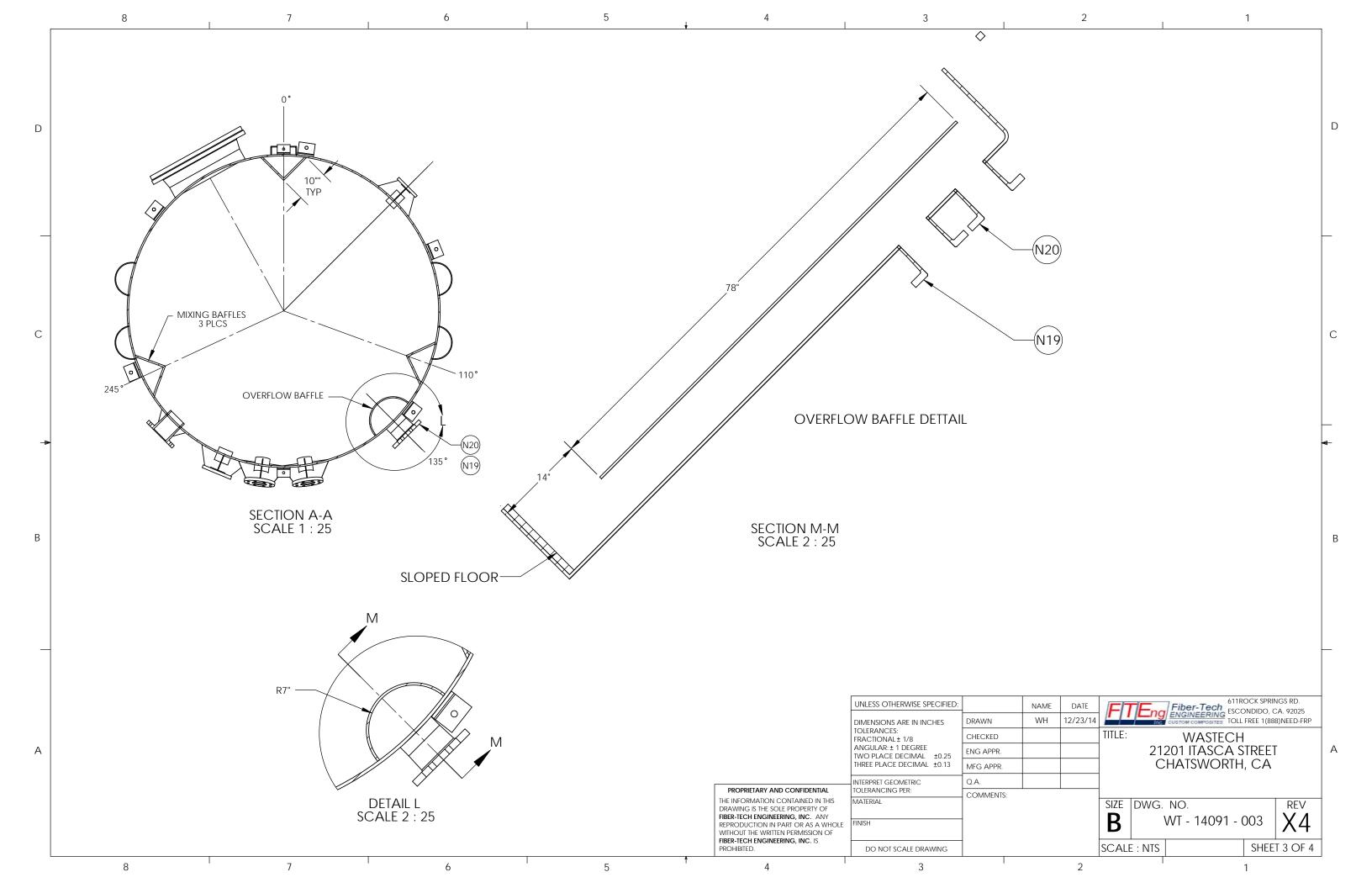


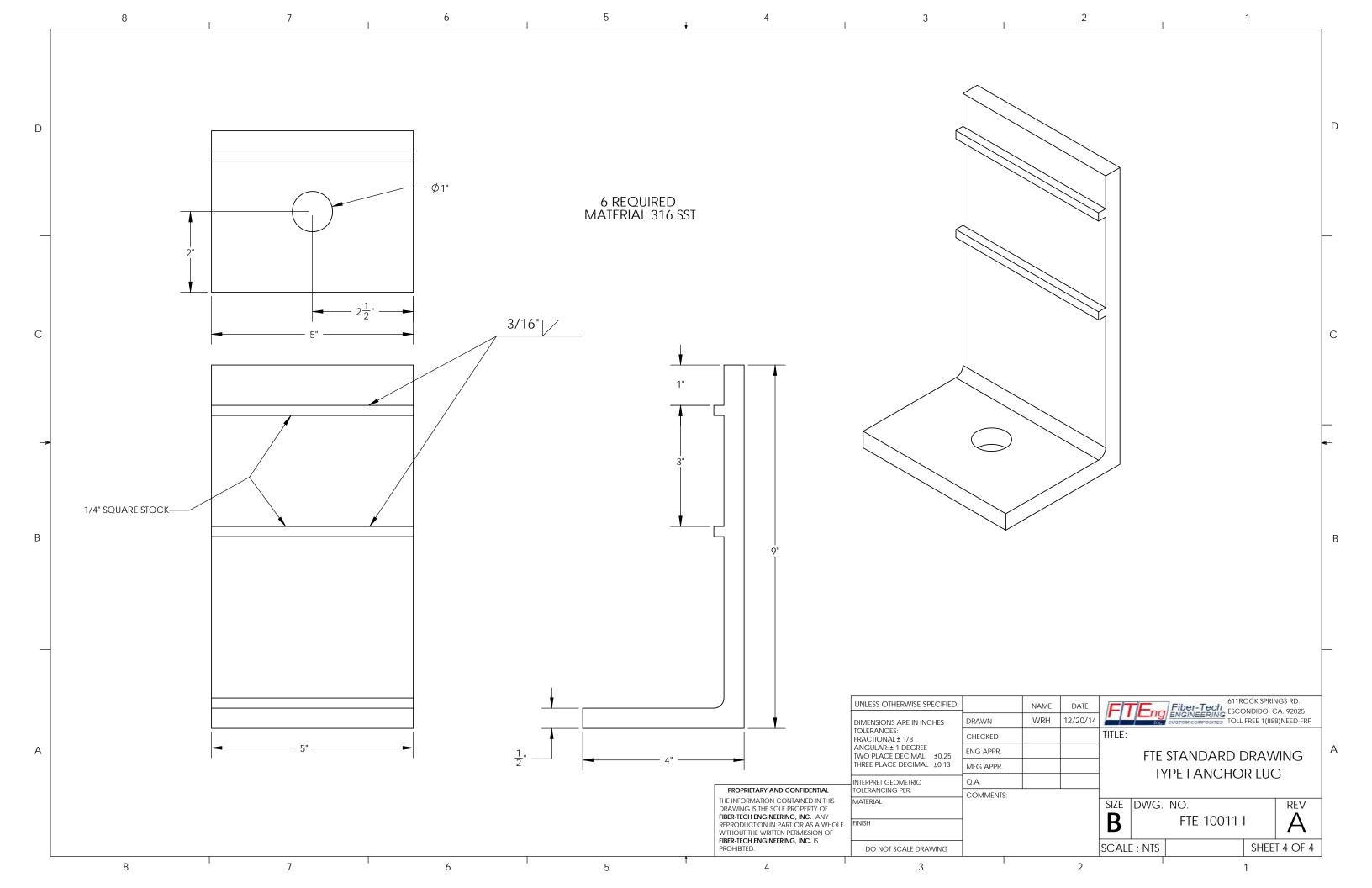


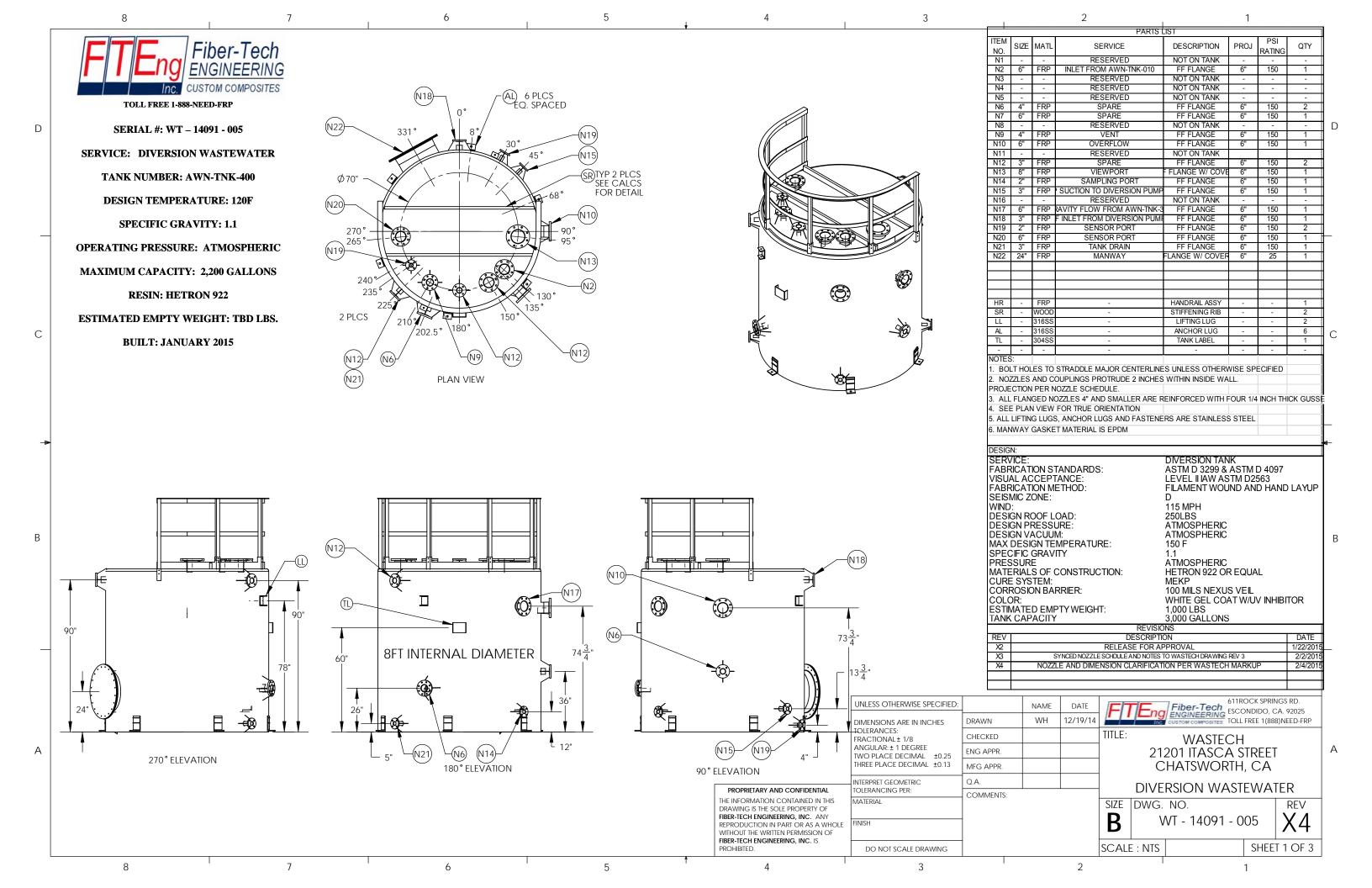


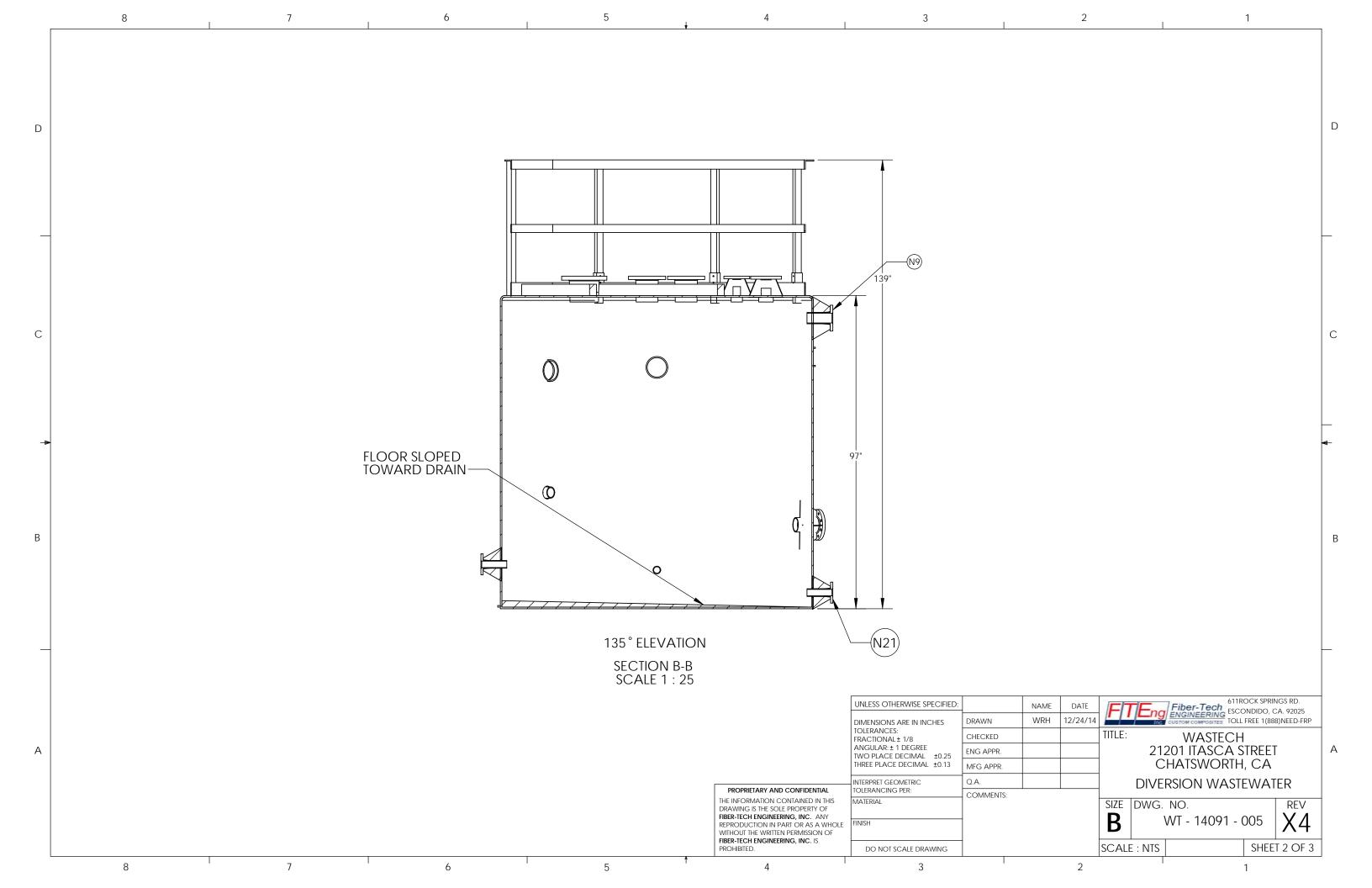


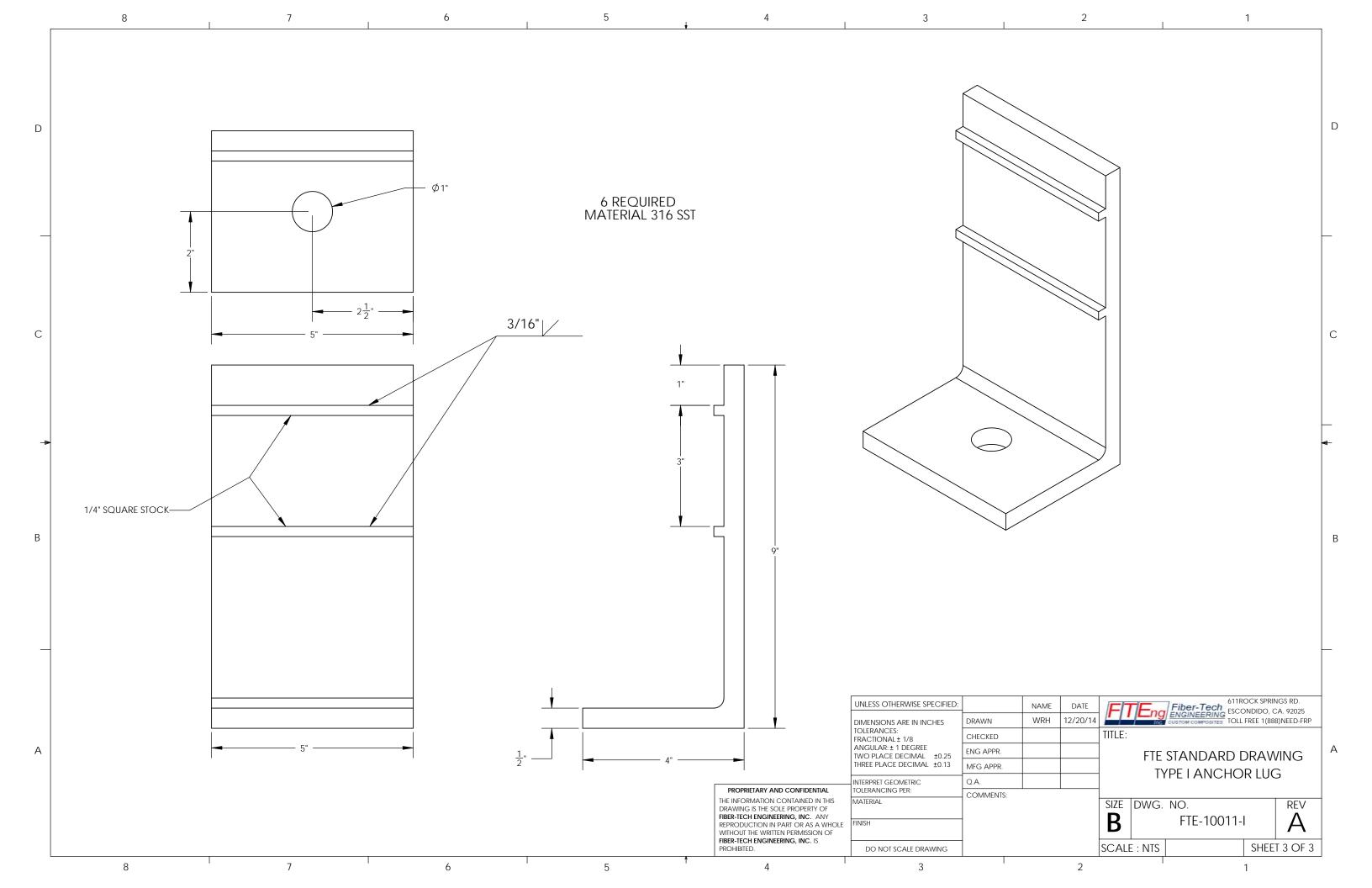












ATTACHMENT 3 LEAK TEST RECORDS



THERMA 1601 Las Plumas Ave. San Jose, CA. 95133 Ph: (408) 347-3400

Specification Title Section: Allowable Pressure Change: Test Medium: Point of Connection: Point of Termination: Test Results Time Date Start End Duration Start End Start	Test No.: 42								
Brief Description of Test and Boundaries Drawing / Spool #: A.W. BRAIN 6 × 10 PRIMARE FROM Equalization TANK TO AWN TANK 400 Specification Title Section: Allowable Pressure Change: Test Medium: Point of Connection: Point of Termination: To A.W TANK 400 Test Results Time Pressure Passure Pass Start End Duration Start End (Yes 8-28-15 700 AM 700 AM 24 hg 5.2 Ps; Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Date: 8 1291 15								
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Drawing / opool #.
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Test Medium: AIC
Point of Connection: Acif WASTE punging Skin
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Test Results
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Drawing / Spool #:	ACID WASTE EQUALING LION HEADER TESTIALS SIX PRIMARY LINES BACK TO LIFT STATIONS (DSLW) (DR.O. PERMEATE (B) G, W, SKID
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Allowable Pressure Change:	PSIG 5 PSI
Test Medium:	MR
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Gill	8/26/15	8:25	11126	7/4B	< 5,20	2, 69,6	420	PASSEL PL	1
or force	8/25/15	7:10			7	/	Yes / No	11	•
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	8/25/15	7:10					Yes / No	11	
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Completed By: Bis Bush

Date: 8/26/15

Date: 8/26/15

DCR 97047

FN 6.004.1 (Rev. 3)



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Date	Start	End	Duration	Start	End	(Yes / No)	Comments			
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Completed By: Monto Moreland	Date: 9-2-/5
Witnessed By: Jan Juh	Date: 1/2/15.



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						Yes / No	10.9555		

Date: 9-2-15

Yes / No

Yes / No

Yes / No

COMMENTS: _

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	" 3E20	reducy	Job #:	8303	02-I	Date	e:91/115
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nompleted b	sy: <u>/ / / / / /</u>	ve/100	ywaa			Date: _	9-4-15	



System: Secondary Pipe Job #: 330 382 - I Date: 9131/5 Brief Description of Test and Boundaries REF2 Drawing / Spool #: AWN Drain Secondary Pipe From EQALIZATION TANK - 010 (Metz) TO AWN T-400 10 (Metz)	Х.	RIA					[} e	st No.: 44	
Brief Description of Test and Boundaries REF 2 Drawing / Spool #: AWN Drain Secondary Pipe From EQALIZATION TANK -010 (Metz) TO AWN T-400 10"x6" Specification Title Section: AWN T-400 10"x6" PSIG PSIG Test Medium: Point of Connection: Secondary pipe EQTANK -010 Test Results Time Pressure Passed Yes / No) Test No Test	System: Se	on dary	TANK	Job #:	3303	82-1	Da	te: 913115	
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HAZARDOUS WASTE TANK SYSTEM ASSESSMENT

ARIA Heavy Metals Rinsate (HMR) System

Santa Clara, CA

Prepared for:

Apple, Inc.

1 Infinite Loop Cupertino, California 95014

Prepared by:

TRC

10680 White Rock Road, Suite 100 Rancho Cordova, CA 95670

October 2022

HAZARDOUS WASTE TANK SYSTEM ASSESSMENT

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I. INTRODUCTION

This assessment is specifically for the Heavy Metals Rinsate (HMR) System at the Apple, Inc. (Apple) ARIA facility (Facility), located at 3250 Scott Boulevard in Santa Clara, California.

This assessment was performed in accordance with the requirements of Section 66265.192 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations (22 CCR 66265.192), and included a physical inspection of the tank system and an evaluation of secondary containment. Portions of the HMR system were assessed separately in 2015 and 2019. This is a 5-year re-assessment per 22 CCR 66265.192(h)(1) to bring all systems at the facility onto the same assessment schedule.

II. PURPOSE

22 CCR 66265.192 requires that owners of a new hazardous waste tank system (subject to 22 CCR 67450.2 "Permit by Rule") to ensure that the tank system is adequately designed and constructed, and obtain and keep on file at the Facility a written assessment reviewed and certified by an independent, qualified, professional engineer, registered in California that attests to the tank system's integrity.

The written assessment shall determine that the tank system is adequately designed and has sufficient structural strength and compatibility with the waste(s) to be transferred, stored or treated to ensure that it will not collapse, rupture, or fail.

At a minimum, the assessment for an above-ground system shall include the following information: 1) design standard(s) according to which the tank and ancillary equipment have been constructed; 2) hazardous characteristics of the waste(s) to be handled; 3) foundation and seismic anchorage design.

All new tank systems shall be tested for tightness, and determined to be free of leaks before being placed in use.

In accordance with 22 CCR 66265.192(h)(1), the assessment is valid for a maximum period of five (5) years, and shall include all of the information described in 22 CCR 66265.192(k). The required assessment information is presented in the following Section III.

III. ASSESSMENT AND FINDINGS

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(1)

The tank system consists of three lift stations SLW-LS2, HMR-LS, HMC-LS) and the Heavy Metals Concentrate Collection Cabinet (HMC-CC) that were previously assessed and certified when newly installed in 2015, the equalization tank (HMR-TNK-2), a pH adjustment tank (HMR-TNK-3), equalization tank (HMR-TNK-4), vacuum distillation evaporator (VDE-1), heavy metal concentrate tank (HMC-TNK-2), and ancillary piping. The slurry waste lift station (SLW-LS2) is a vertical rectangular tank constructed of white polypropylene and has a primary tank capacity of 142 gallons. The heavy metal rinsate and concentrate lift stations are vertical rectangular tanks constructed of white polypropylene and have a primary tank capacity of 80 gallons and a secondary tank capacity of 110 gallons. The first equalization tank (HMR-TNK-2) is a vertical cylindrical tank constructed of high density polyethylene with a capacity of 1100 gallons. The pH adjustment tank (HMR-TNK-3) is a vertical rectangular tank constructed of



white polypropylene with a capacity of 675 gallons. The second equalization tank (HMR-TNK-4) is a vertical rectangular tank constructed of white polypropylene with a capacity of 540 gallons. HMR-TNK-3 and HMR-TNK-4 are partitions of a single horizontal rectangular tank. The heavy metal concentrate tank (HMC-TNK-2) is a vertical cylindrical tank constructed of fiberglass and vinyl ester resin (FRP) with a capacity of 2300 gallons.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(2)

HMR-TNK-2

The first equalization tank (HMR-TNK-2) is constructed of variable thickness HDPE per ASTM D1998 design standards. Ancillary piping is Schedule 40 (SCH-40) CPVC with clear PVC containment pipe, where applicable. See Figure 1 for pipe sizes. The HMR-TNK-2 skid includes two (2) 5-hp vertical centrifugal pumps. The tank is 5 feet 4 inches in diameter and 7 feet 5 inches in height. A drawing of HMR-TNK-2, with dimensions is included in Attachment 1.

HMR-TNK-3 and HMR-TNK-4

The heavy metal rinsate pH adjustment (HMR-TNK-3) and equalization (HMR-TNK-4) tanks are constructed of ¾"-thick white polypropylene per DVS 2205 design standards. Ancillary piping is CPVC piping with clear PVC containment pipe as well as PFA tubing with clear PVC containment pipe, where applicable. See Figure 1 for pipe sizes. The heavy metal rinsate pH adjustment tank uses two (2) polypropylene pneumatic diaphragm pumps each capable of 30 GPM at 30 feet TDH using 20 SCFM of air at 40 PSI. The complete tank (HMR-TNK-3 and HMR-TNK-4) is 5 feet wide, 7 feet long, and 6 feet tall. A drawing of HMR-TNK-3&4, with dimensions is included in Attachment 2.

HMC-TNK-2

The heavy metal concentrate tank is constructed of variable thickness fiberglass and vinyl ester resin (Hetron 992) per ASTM D3299 and D4097 design standards. Tank system structural design is in accordance with CBC 2013 and ASCE 7-10. Ancillary piping is Schedule 80 (SCH-80) CPVC piping with clear PVC containment pipe, where applicable. See Figure 1 for pipe sizes. The heavy metal concentrate station is pumped out as needed using a mobile vacuum pump. The tank is 7 feet in diameter and 8 feet in height. A drawing of the tank, with dimensions, is included in Attachment 3.

HMC-LS/HMR-LS/SLW-LS2/HMC-CC

The heavy metals rinsate and concentrate lift stations, the slurry waste lift station and the heavy metals concentrate collection cabinet are constructed of 3/4"-thick white polypropylene per DVS 2205 design standards. Structural design is in accordance with CBC 2013 and ASCE 7-10. Ancillary piping is Schedule 80 (SCH-80) PVC with clear PVC containment pipe, where applicable. See Figure 1 for pipe sizes. The lift stations each utilize two (2) internal 1-hp stainless steel submersible pumps. Tank drawings with dimensions are included in Attachment 5-7.



22 CCR 66265.192(k)(3)

HMR-TNK-2 and HMC-TNK-2 and their ancillary equipment were constructed in 2015, and repurposed as part of this system in 2019. HMR-TNK-3, HMR-TNK-4, and ancillary piping are newly constructed. HMR-LS, HMC-LS, HMC-CC and SLW-LS2 and their ancillary equipment were constructed in 2015

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(4)

All tanks are located on the ground level within an epoxy-coated concrete berm area. The bermed area is sloped to drain to collection sumps that are equipped with liquid sensors that would detect a leak from a tank or related ancillary piping.

The lift stations are double-walled and the space between the primary and secondary tanks is equipped with a liquid sensor that would detect a leak from the primary tank. The lift station pit is epoxy-coated and is equipped with a liquid sensor that would detect a leak from the lift stations and related ancillary piping.

The heavy metals concentrate collection cabinet is equipped with an internal liquid sensor that would detect a leak from the drums or elsewhere within the cabinet.

All automated systems, including liquid sensors for leak detection, are tested regularly to confirm operation as designed.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(5)

The tank system is entirely above-ground and materials are not subject to corrosion.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(6)

All tanks and lift stations are equipped with ultrasonic level sensors to prevent overflow. All automated systems, including liquid level sensors and pump controls are tested regularly to confirm operation as designed.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(7)

All tanks and ancillary piping are located on the ground level within an epoxy-coated concrete berm area. The bermed area is sloped to drain to a collection sump and is also connected by a weir to the lift station pit (also epoxy-coated concrete) with adequate capacity to contain the full volume of the tanks. Double walled piping is also fitted with ports that would allow for collection of the leaked liquid when there is not a direct connection back to the lift stations.

The slurry waste lift (SLW-LS2) station and heavy metals lift stations (HMC-LS/HMR-LS) are set within secondary containment tanks (also ¾"-thick polypropylene) with capacity of 142 and 110 gallons, respectively. The heavy metals concentrate lift station (HMC-CC) has a secondary containment capacity of 78 gallons.

Along with the leak detection systems described above, the secondary containment for the tank system meets the standards of 22 CCR 66265.192(j) and 22 CCR 66265.193.



22 CCR 66265.192(k)(8)

The system generally handles heavy metals (potentially toxic) waste liquids generated from laboratory activities.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(9)

No structural damage or inadequate construction/installation items (cracks, punctures, or damaged fittings) were observed.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(10)

All ancillary pipe was leak tested using air-pressure when installed, test results are included as Attachment 4.

All tanks and lift stations were leak tested by the manufacturer prior to transport to the Facility.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(11)

Based on the findings of this assessment, the tank system has an estimated remaining service life of approximately 20 years under existing conditions. The estimated remaining service life should be re-evaluated every five (5) years, in conjunction with the re-assessment in accordance with the requirements of 22 CCR 66265.192(h)(1).



IV. CERTIFICATION

ARIA Heavy Meatals Rinsate System October 2022

22 CCR 66265.192 requires that owners of a new hazardous waste tank system (subject to 22 CCR 67450.2 "Permit by Rule") ensure that the tank system is adequately designed and constructed, and obtain and keep on file at the Facility a written assessment reviewed and certified by an independent, qualified, professional engineer, registered in California that attests to the tank system's integrity.

The preceding written assessment has determined that the tank system is adequately designed and has sufficient structural strength and compatibility with the waste(s) to be transferred, stored or treated to ensure that it will not collapse, rupture, or fail. This assessment for an above-ground system considered the following: 1) design standard(s) according to which the tank and ancillary equipment have been constructed; 2) hazardous characteristics of the waste(s) to be handled; 3) foundation and seismic anchorage design.

The tank system was inspected on October 19, 2022. The visual inspection found none of the following to be in evidence: leaks, weld breaks, punctures, scrape of protective coatings, cracks, corrosion, structural damage or installation defects.

As required by 22 CCR 66265.192(k)(11), based on the findings of this assessment, I estimate that the new tank system has at least twenty (20) years of service life under current conditions. In accordance with 22 CCR 66265.192(h)(1), this assessment is valid for a maximum period of five (5) years and the tank system should be re-assessed at that time to obtain a new estimate of remaining service life.

Based on my assessment of the tank system, I can attest that the tank system has sufficient structural integrity, is acceptable for transferring, storing and treating the intended hazardous waste, and is suitably designed to achieve the requirements under 22 CCR 66265.192.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to be the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.



Stephen V. Huvane, P.E. Civil (CA) No. 52385



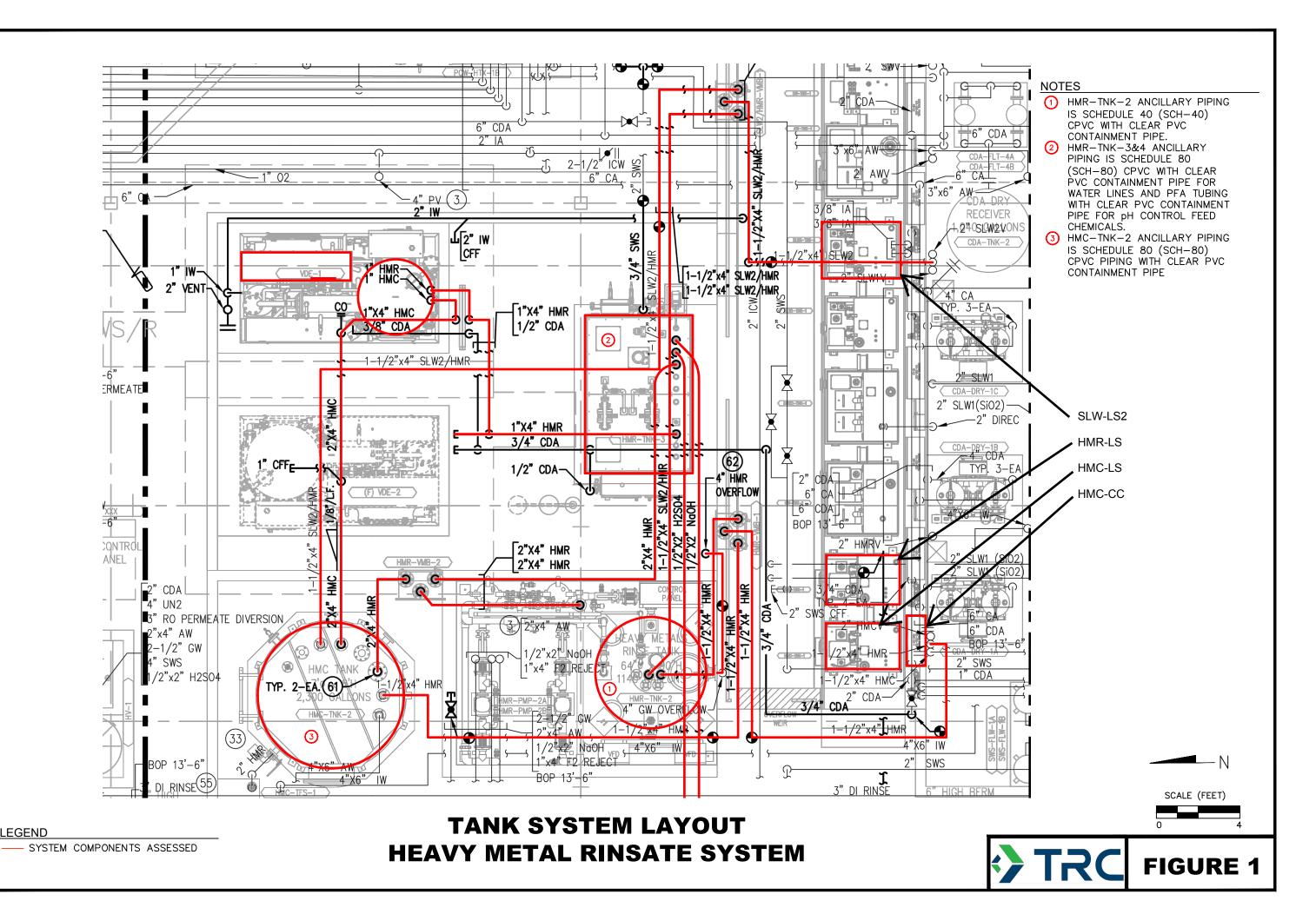
12/21/22

Date



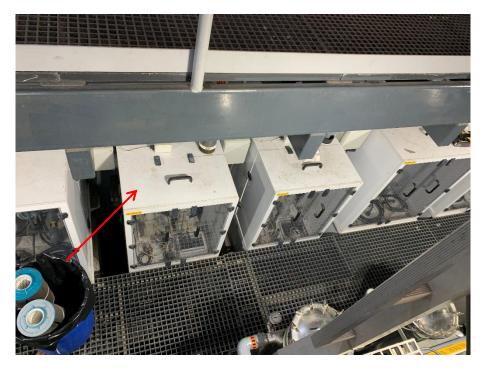
FIGURE 1

TANK SYSTEM LAYOUT



APPENDIX A

PHOTOGRAPHS (OCTOBER 19, 2022)



Slurry Waste Lift Station (SLW-LS2) in Containment Pit



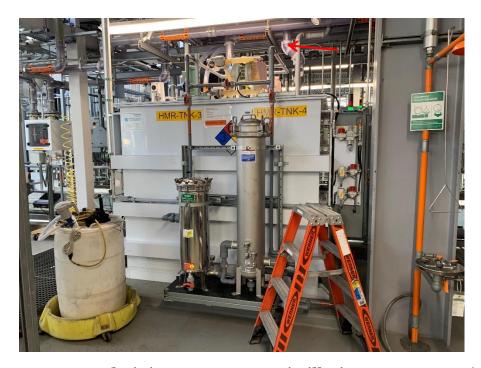
Heavy Metal Rinsate and Concentrate Lift Stations in Containment Pit



HMR-TNK-2



Heavy Metals Concentrate Collection Cabinet (HMC-CC)



HMR-TNK-3&4 and piping to Vacuum Distillation Evaporator (VDE-1)



Piping from HMR-TNK-3 to VDE-1



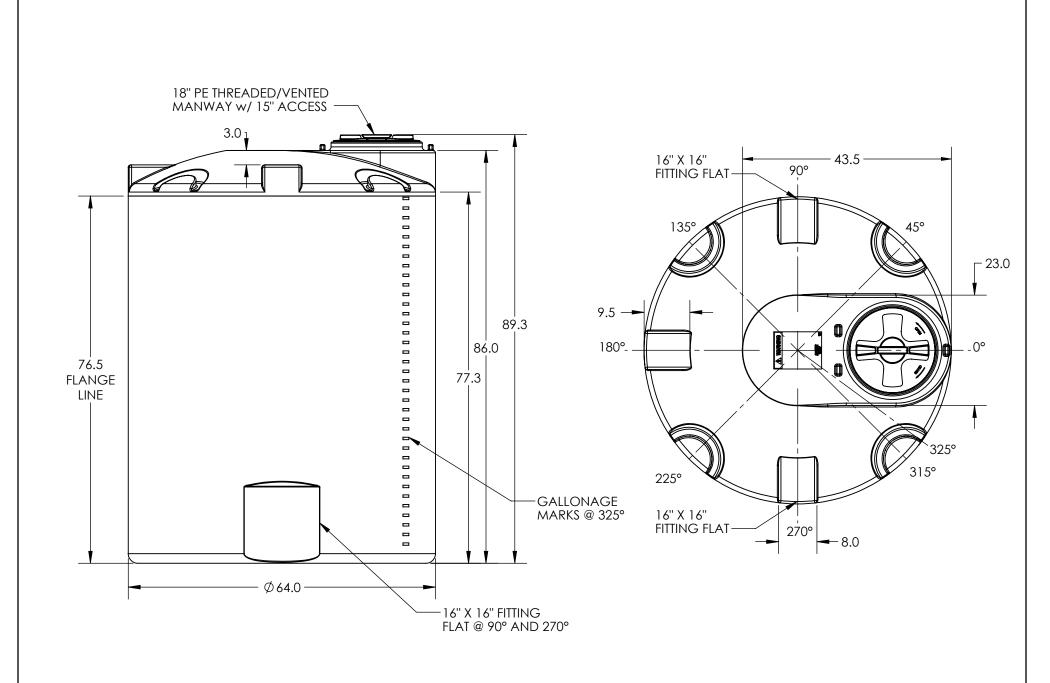
Piping to VDE-1 (left) and piping to HMC-TNK-2 (right)



HMC-TNK-2 and piping to Heavy Metal Concentrate Pull Station (HMC-TFS-1)

ATTACHMENT 1

HMR-TNK-2 INFORMATION



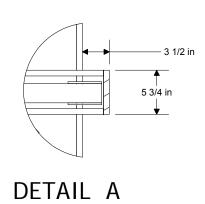
*ALL EXTERNAL PIPING MUST BE INDEPENDENTLY SUPPORTED.
*ONLY BASE FITTINGS TO BE LEFT INSTALLED AT TIME OF SHIPMENT PER SII PROCEDURE.
*Consult Snyder's Guidelines for Use and Installation prior to delivery.
Available on-line at http://www.snyderindustriestanks.com/Technical

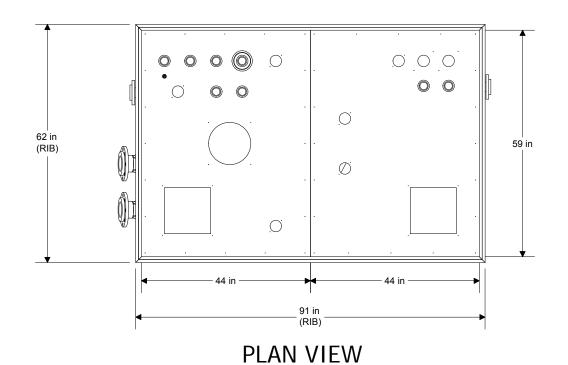
ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES, NOMINAL, & SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. ALL DIMENSIONS ON ROTATIONAL MOLDED PARTS ARE SUBJECT TO A \pm 3% TOLERANCE.

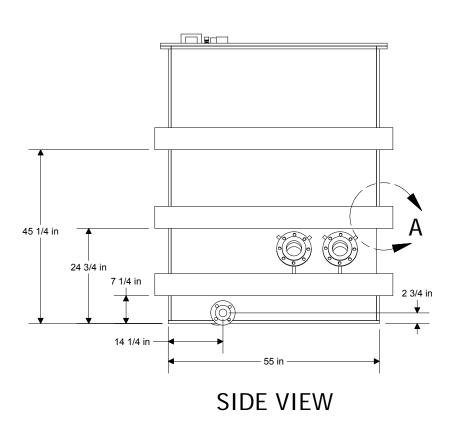
	DO NOT SCALE	DRAWN BY	DATE	CHI SMVDFR	TITLE:	TITLE:			REVISION
STATUS:	Released	ET3	07/30/2013	INDUSTRIES, INC.	ASM TK 1100VDT X 64				
	© SNYDER INDUSTRIES INC., 2014			4700 Fremont Street Lincoln, NE 68504					SHEET 1 OF 1
CONSIDI BE USED,	ALL DIMENSIONS, DESIGNS, AND INFORMATION ON THIS PRINT MUST BE CONSIDERED PROPRIETARY TO SAYDER INDUSTRIES, INC. AND MAY NOT BE USED, COPIED, OR DISTRIBUTED WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION OF AN OFFICER (OR HIS AGENT) OF THE FIRM.			(402) 467-5221 PART NO. ENG. ID.				D001111	

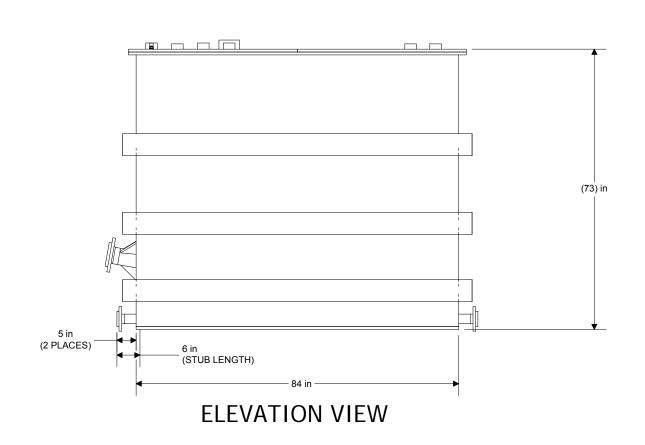
ATTACHMENT 2

HMR-TNK-3&4 INFORMATION









FABRICATION STATUS

PLEASE CHECK BOX AND SIGN WHEN COMPLETED

- ☐ COMPLETED NO CHANGES
- ☐ COMPLETED PER REDLINE CHANGES
- NOT COMPLETED, DESIGN CHANGES REQUIRED

E DATE

NOTES:

- 1. PRIMARY TANK SHALL BE FABRICATED FROM 3/4" THICK POLYPROPYLENE.
- 2. ALL PIPING AND FITTINGS TO BE CPVC SCH 80.
- 3. ALL SURFACES TO BE SEALED WITH EPDM GASKET TAPE.
- 4. SOME SUPPORTS NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY

REV.	DATE:	BY:	DESCRIPTION			
0	11/21/2018	JB	ISSUED FOR FABRICATION			
		APPROVALS				
DRAWN	I BY:		JB	11/21/2018		
CHECKED BY: APPROVED BY:			JB	11/21/2018		
			SS	11/21/2018		

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SCALE: NTS

CONTROLS & ENGINEERING, INC.
20600 Nordhoff Street, Chatsworth, California 91311
Tel: (818) 998-3500 Fax: (818) 998-4939
www.wastehenorineering.com

TITLE: APPLE, INC. - ARIA
500 GALLON PRODELTA BATCH
MECHANICAL FABRICATION

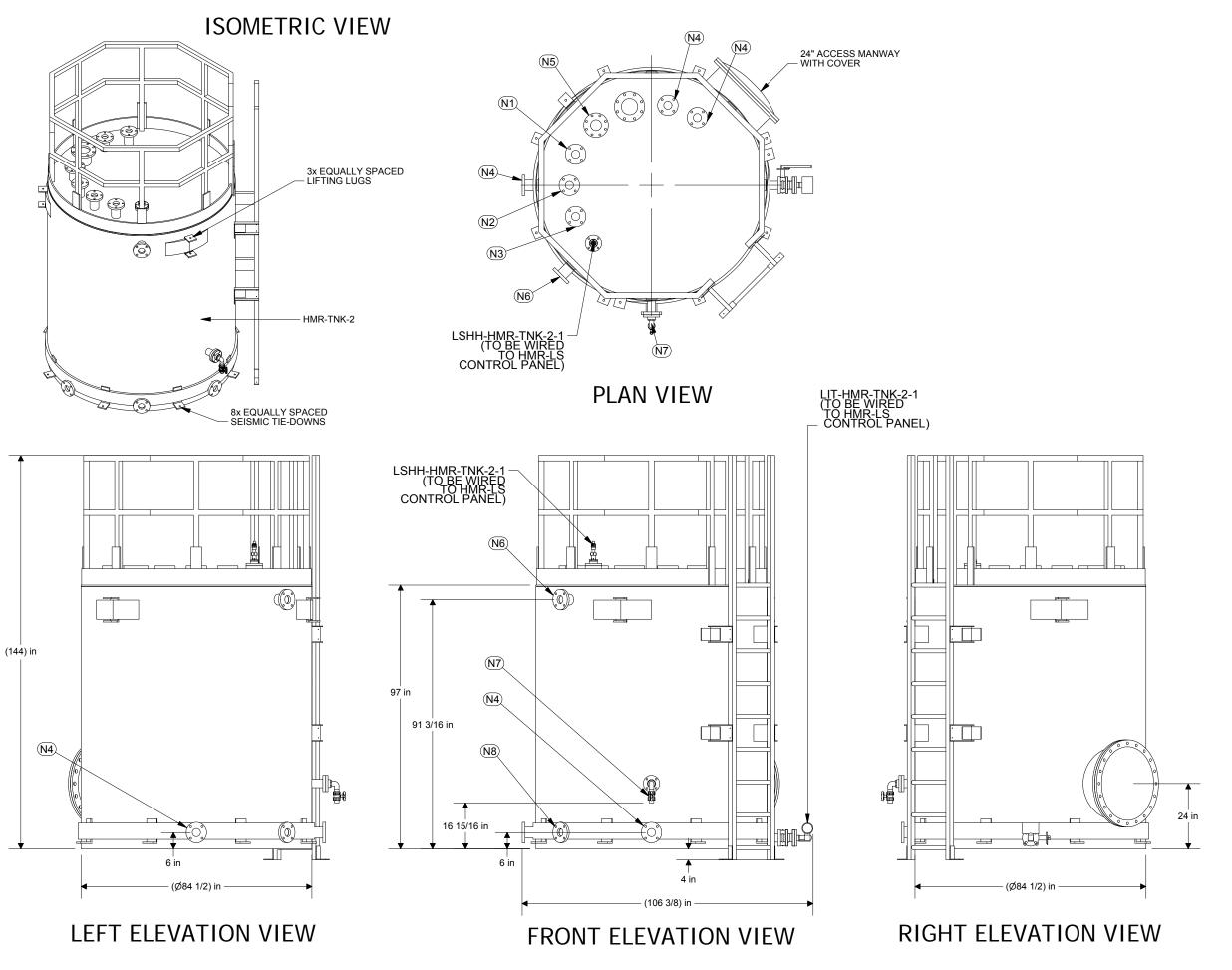
SIZE DWG. NO. 181320-MF-102

SHEET: 2 OF 4

REVISION

ATTACHMENT 3

HMC-TNK-2 INFORMATION



NOZZLE SCHEDULE						
NOZZLE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	SERVICE			
N1	3" FLANGE	1	INLET FROM GW-LS			
N2	3" FLANGE	1	INLET FROM SWS-LS			
N3	3" FLANGE	1	INLET FROM HMR DIVERSION			
N4	3" FLANGE	5	SPARE			
N5	4" FLANGE	1	VENT			
N6	3" FLANGE	1	OVERFLOW			
N7	1" FNPT	1	SAMPLE PORT			
N8	3" FLANGE	1	SUCTION PORT			
	N1 N2 N3 N4 N5 N6	NOZZLE DESCRIPTION N1 3" FLANGE N2 3" FLANGE N3 3" FLANGE N4 3" FLANGE N5 4" FLANGE N6 3" FLANGE N7 1" FNPT	NOZZLE DESCRIPTION QTY N1 3" FLANGE 1 N2 3" FLANGE 1 N3 3" FLANGE 1 N4 3" FLANGE 5 N5 4" FLANGE 1 N6 3" FLANGE 1 N7 1" FNPT 1			

NOTES

- I. MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION:
 A) TANK TO BE FABRICATED FROM FRP.
 B) ALL PIPING AND FITTINGS TO BE CPVC SCH 80.
 C) HARDWARE TO BE 18-8 SS.
- ALL SURFACES TO BE SEALED WITH EPDM GASKET.
 SOME SUPPORTS NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY. ANCHOR
- BOLTS TO BE SIZED BY WASTECH, PROVIDED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS.

 INSTALLATION, INTERCONNECTING PIPING AND WIRING
- INSTALLATION, INTERCONNECTING PIPING AND WIRING SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS. INSTALLER TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE VENTILATION TO THE TANKS.
- 5. APPROXIMATE EQUIPMENT WEIGHTS: A) DRY WEIGHT: 2000 LBS B) OPERATING WEIGHT: 23000 LBS

REV.	DATE:	BY:	DESCRIPTION
4	03/31/2015	MF	ISSUED FOR FABRICATION
3	01/30/2015	MF	RESUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL
2	01/13/2015	MF	RESUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL
1	12/02/2014	MF	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL
0	10/21/2014	MF	DRAFT

APPRO	APPROVALS			
DRAWN BY:	MF	10/21/2014		
PROJECT ENG.:	JB			
ENGINEERING MANAGER:	SS			

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CONTROLS & ENGINEERING, INC. 21201 Itasca Street, Chatsworth, California 91311-4922 Tel: (818) 998-3500 Fax: (818) 998-4939

TITLE:	ARIA
	HEAVY METALS RINSE DIVERSION TANK
	MECHANICAL GENERAL ARRANGEMEN

ZE DWG. NO. 141190-MG-701

SHEET: 1 OF 3

REVISION

ATTACHMENT 4

LEAK TEST RECORDS

PAGE 3 OF 4

MULTIPLE SYSTEMS PRESSURE RETENTION TESTS REPORT

AS OF 4/16/2019 (READ ONLY/PRINT)

PROPOSAL # 20826 **REPORT DATE** 3/21/2017

REPORT #

1245

Total Number of Proposals Found = 39

EST LOCATION: ARIA - 3250 Scott Blvd S	Santa Clara / Mec	hanical Yard			TOOL:	: Waste	Systems
SYSTEM	WORKING PRESSURE	STA PRESSURE	RT TIME	FINI: PRESSURE	SH TIME	PASS	FAIL
Heavy Metal Rinse: Tested 2" Primary CPVC Line from HN Tank-2 POC to HMR-VMB-2 & to HMC-Tank -	/IR- 2 POC. NA	56psi	6:00am	56psi	7:00am	DM	
Heavy Metal Rinse: Tested 4" Containment Line from HMF Tank-2 POC to HMR-VMB-2 & to HMC-Tank -	R- 2 POC. NA	6psi	6:00am	6psi	7:00am	DM	
Heavy Metal Concentrate: Tested 1" to 2" Primary CPVC I from VDE-1 POC to Main & HMC-Tank-	Line 2 POC. NA	58psi	6:00am	58psi	7:00am	DM	
Heavy Metal Concentrate: Tested 4" Containment Line fro VDE-1 POC to Main & HMC-Tank-	m 2 POC. NA	6psi	6:00am	6psi	7:00am	DM	
Sodium Hydroxide: Tested 1/2" Primary PFA Line from Lif Station POC to HMR-Tank-3 POC.	t NA	150psi	6:00am	150psi	7:00am	DM	
Sodium Hydroxide: Tested 2" Containment Line from Lift Station POC to HMR-Tank-3 POC.	NA	6psi	6:00am	6psi	7:00am	DM	
TYPE: PNEUMATIC X HYDROS	TATIC N	IEDIA Nitr	ogen		•		
TEST GAUGE: MAKE Exsel		SERIAL #	49899, 49	9829, 52218,	PSIG:	0-200, 0-200,	0-15PSI
COMMENTS: SENSITIVITY: 1psi	CAI	LIBRATION	DUE DAT	E: 1/10/20 &	2/27/20		
TEST WITNESSED BY: Demar Mills				TEST D	ATE:	3/21/2017	,
TEST PERFORMED BY: MURRAY COMPA	ANY				ATE:	3/21/2017	,

PROPOSAL # 20826

MULTIPLE SYSTEMS PRESSURE RETENTION TESTS REPORT

AS OF 4/16/2019

REPORT DATE 3/21/2017

(READ ONLY/PRINT)

1246 REPORT #

PAGE 4 OF 4

Total Number of Proposals Found = 39

EST LOCATION: ARIA - 3250 Scott Blvd San	ta Clara / Mec	hanical Yard	l		TOOL:	Waste S	Systen
SYSTEM	WORKING PRESSURE	STA PRESSURE	RT TIME	FINI: PRESSURE	SH TIME	PASS	FA
Sulfuric Acid: Tested 1/2" Primary PFA Line from Lift Station POC to HMR-Tank-3 POC.	NA	150psi	6:00am	150psi	7:00am	DM	
Sulfuric Acid: Tested 2" Containment Line from Lift Station PC to HMR-Tank-3 POC.	NA NA	6psi	6:00am	6psi	7:00am	DM	
YPE: PNEUMATIC X HYDROSTA	TIC	IEDIA Nitr	ogen				
EST GAUGE: MAKE Perma Cal		SERIAL#	CI	N4292	PSIG:	0-300P	SI
OMMENTS: SENSITIVITY: 1psi	CAI	LIBRATION	DUE DAT	E: 2/11	/10		
EST WITNESSED BY: Demar Mills				TEST D	ATE	3/21/2017	
EST PERFORMED BY: MURRAY COMPAN	Y				DATE:	3/21/2017	

PROPOSAL # 20826

PAGE 1 OF 4

REPORT DATE 3/21/2017

MULTIPLE SYSTEMS PRESSURE RETENTION TESTS REPORT

AS OF 4/16/2019 (READ ONLY/PRINT)

REPORT #

1243

Total Number of Proposals Found = 39

CLIENT: ARIA / Apple			R:Murray C	. ,		TOOL		
FEST LOCATION: ARIA - 3250 Scott E	siva Santa (Clara / Mec	1			TOOL:	Waste	Systems
SYSTEM		WORKING PRESSURE	STA PRESSURE	RT TIME	PRESSURE	SH TIME	PASS	FAIL
Heavy Metal Rinse: Tested 1" Primary CPVC Lin Tank-3 POC to VDE-1 POC.	e from HMR-	NA	52psi	6:00am	52psi	7:00am	DM	
Heavy Metal Rinse: Tested 4" Containment Line Tank-3 POC to VDE-1 POC.	from HMR-	NA	5psi	6:00am	5psi	7:00am	DM	
• ,								
Heavy Metal Rinse: Tested 1 1/2" Primary CPVC Lift Station POC to HMR-VMB-1 to H		NA	51psi	6:00am	51psi	7:00am	DM	
Heavy Metal Rinse: Tested 4" Containment Line Lift Station POC to HMR-VMB-1 to H		NA	5psi	6:00am	5psi	7:00am	DM	
Heavy Metal Rinse: Tested 1 1/2" Primary CPVC Lift Station POC to HMR-VMB-1 to H	Line from HMR- MC-Tank-2 POC.	NA	51psi	6:00am	51psi	7:00am	DM	
Heavy Metal Rinse: Tested 4" Containment Line Lift Station POC to HMR-VMB-1 to H	from HMR- MC-Tank-2 POC	NA	5psi	6:00am	5psi	7:00am	DM	
TYPE: PNEUMATIC X H	YDROSTATIO	C M	IEDIA Nitr	ogen				
TEST GAUGE: MAKE	Exsel		SERIAL#	49899, 49	9829, 52218,	PSIG:	0-200, 0-200,	0-15PSI
COMMENTS: SENSITIVITY:	1psi	CAL	_IBRATION =	DUE DATI	E: 1/10/20 &	2/27/20		
TEST WITNESSED BY: Dema	r Mills				TEST D	ATE:	3/21/2017	7
TEST PERFORMED BY: MURRAY	COMPANY					ATE:	3/21/2017	7

PAGE 2 OF 4

MULTIPLE SYSTEMS PRESSURE RETENTION TESTS REPORT

AS OF 4/16/2019 (READ ONLY/PRINT) **PROPOSAL** # 20826

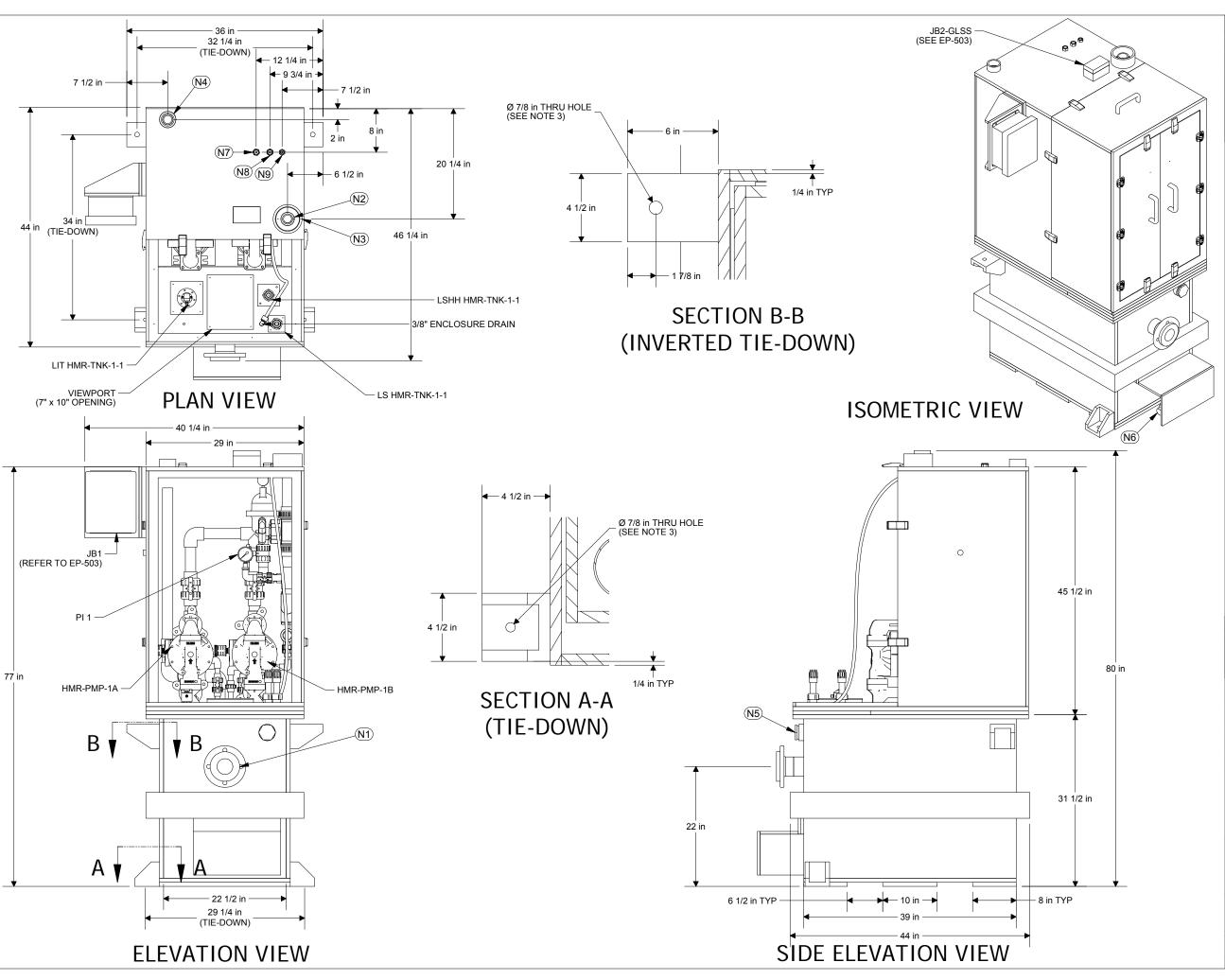
REPORT DATE 3/21/2017

1244 REPORT #

	Iotal	Number of Pro	posais Found	= 39				
CLIENT: ARIA / Apple	CC	ONTRACTO	R:Murray C	ompany				
TEST LOCATION: ARIA - 3250 S	cott Blvd Santa	Clara / Mecl	hanical Yard			TOOL:	Waste	Systems
SYSTEM		WORKING PRESSURE	STA PRESSURE	RT TIME	FINI PRESSURE	SH TIME	PASS	FAIL
Slurry Waste / Heavy Metal Rinse: Teste from SLW/HMR-1 VMB PC	d 2" Primary CPVC Line C to HMR-Tank-2 POC.	NA	55psi	6:00am	55psi	7:00am	DM	
Slurry Waste / Heavy Metal Rinse: Teste from SLW/HMR-1 VMB PC		NA	6psi	6:00am	6psi	7:00am	DM	
Slurry Waste / Heavy Metal Rinse: Teste from SLW/HMR-1 VMB PO	d 2" Primary CPVC Line		FF:	0:00===	FF	7.00	DM	
Slurry Waste / Heavy Metal Rinse: Teste	d 4" Containment Line	NA NA	55psi 6psi	6:00am 6:00am	55psi 6psi	7:00am 7:00am	DM DM	
from SLW/HMR-1 VMB PC	OC TO HMC-1 ank-2 POC.	14/1	оры	0.000111	Оры	7.000111		
Heavy Metal Rinse: Tested 2" Primary CF Tank-2 POC to HMR-VMB-2		NA	56psi	6:00am	56psi	7:00am	DM	
Heavy Metal Rinse: Tested 4" Containme Tank-2 POC to HMR-VMB-2		NA	6psi	6:00am	6psi	7:00am	DM	
TYPE: PNEUMATIC X	HYDROSTATIO	C M	EDIA Nitr	ogen				
TEST GAUGE: MAKE	Exsel		SERIAL #		9829, 52218,	PSIG:	0-200, 0-200,	0-15PSI
COMMENTS: SENSITIVITY:	1psi		_		E: 1/10/20 &			
TEST WITNESSED BY:	Demar Mills				TEST D	ATE:	3/21/2017	,
TEST PERFORMED BY: MUR	RAY COMPANY					DATE:	3/21/2017	,

ATTACHMENT 5

LIFT STATION (HMC-LS and HMR-LS) INFORMATION



NOZZLE SCHEDULE						
	NOZZLE	NOZZLE DESCRIPTION		SERVICE		
	N1	3" FLANGE	1	INLET		
	N2 1-1/2" FNPT		1	DISCHARGE		
	N3	N3 4" FNPT N4 2" FNPT		DOUBLE CONTAINMENT		
	N4			VENT		
	N5	2" FNPT	2	PLUGGED OVERFLOW		
	N6	1" FNPT	1	CONTAINMENT TANK DRAIN		
	N7 1/2" FNPT		1	CDA TO HMR-PMP-1A		
	N8	1/2" FNPT	1	CDA TO HMR-PMP-1B		
	N9	1/4" FNPT	1	CDA TO PD HMR-TNK-1-1		

- . MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION: A) TANKS TO BE FABRICATED FROM 3/4" THICK WHITE POLYPROPYLENE.

 B) ACCESS DOORS AND HATCHES TO BE 1/4" THICK
- C) ALL PIPING AND FITTINGS TO BE SCH 80 CPVC. D) HARDWARE TO BE 18-8 SS.
- ALL SURFACES TO BE SEALED WITH PTFE GASKET TAPE. SOME SUPPORTS NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY. ANCHOR BOLTS TO BE SIZED BY WASTECH, SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS.
- INSTALLATION, INTERCONNECTING PIPING AND WIRING SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS. INSTALLER TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE VENTILATION TO THE TANK.
- APPROXIMATE EQUIPMENT WEIGHTS:
- B) OPERATING WEIGHT: 1110 LB
- C) MAXIMUM WEIGHT: 1250 LBS 6. PŔIMARY TANK VOLUME: 80 GAL
- CONTAINMENT TANK VOLUME: 110 GAL

REV.	DATE:	BY:	DESCRIPTION
3	4/15/2015	MM	AS BUILT
2	3/31/2015	MM	ISSUED FOR FABRICATION
1	1/22/2015	MM	RESUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL
0	12/12/2014	MM	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL

	DA	IE	
DRAWN BY:	MM	12/12	/2014
PROJECT ENG.:	SS		
ENGINEERING MANA	GER: SS		

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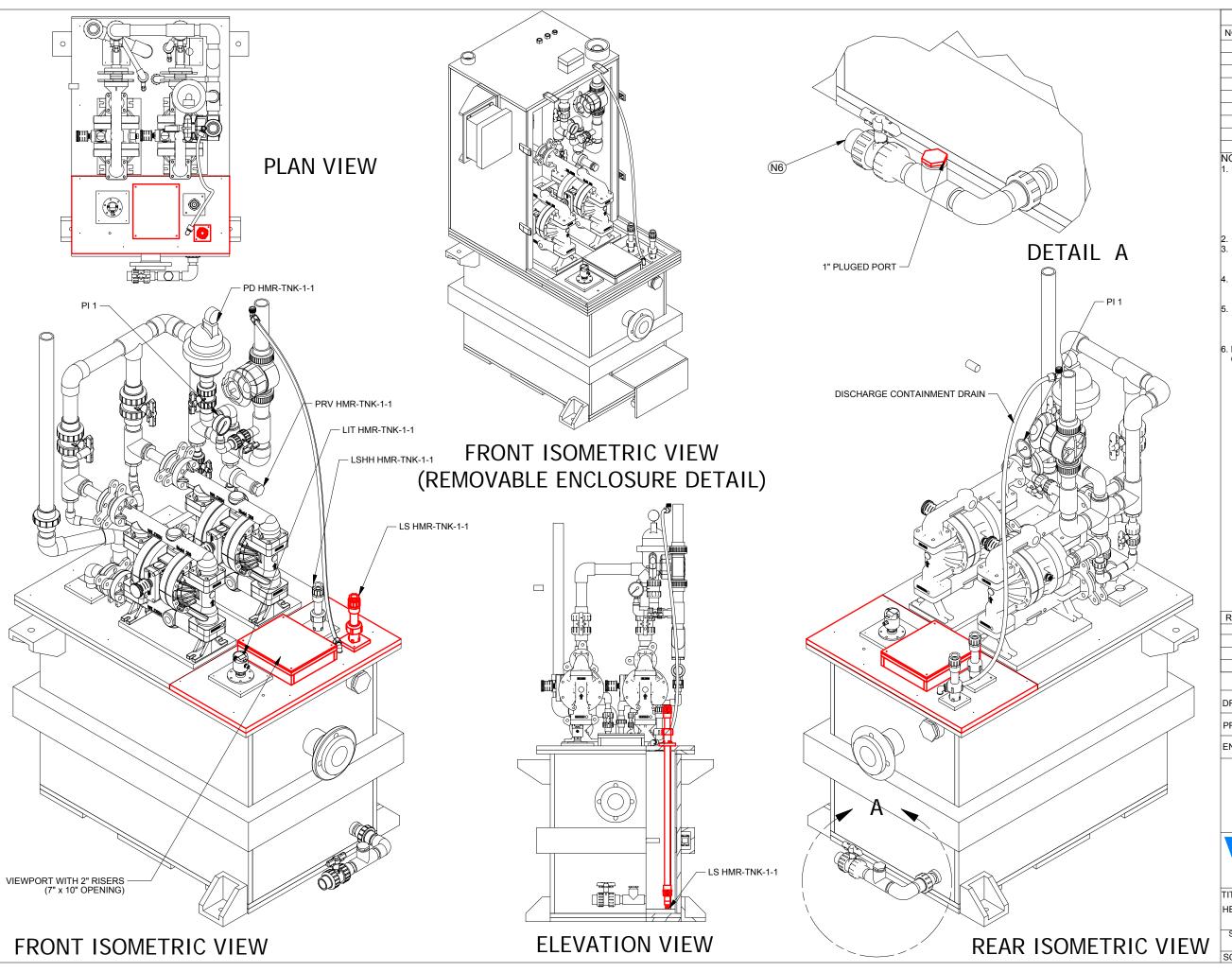
SCALE: NTS

21201 Itasca Street, Chatsworth, California 91311-4922 Tel: (818) 998-3500 Fax: (818) 998-4939

HEAVY METAL RINSE PUMP LIFT STATION (HMR-LS) MECHANICAL GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

141-190-MG-501

SHEET: 1 OF 3



NOZZLE SCHEDULE				
NOZZLE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	SERVICE	
N1	3" FLANGE	1	INLET	
N2	1-1/2" FNPT	1	DISCHARGE	
N3	4" FNPT	1	DOUBLE CONTAINMENT	
N4	2" FNPT	1	VENT	
N5	2" FNPT	2	PLUGGED OVERFLOW	
N6	1" FNPT	1	CONTAINMENT TANK DRAIN	
N7	1/2" FNPT	1	CDA TO HMR-PMP-1A	
N8	1/2" FNPT	1	CDA TO HMR-PMP-1B	
N9	1/4" FNPT	1	CDA TO PD HMR-TNK-1-1	

- NOTES:

 1. MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION:

 A) TANKS TO BE FABRICATED FROM 3/4" THICK WHITE POLYPROPYLENE.

 B) ACCESS DOORS AND HATCHES TO BE 1/4" THICK
- CLEAR PVC
 C) ALL PIPING AND FITTINGS TO BE SCH 80 CPVC.
 D) HARDWARE TO BE 18-8 SS.
 ALL SURFACES TO BE SEALED WITH PTFE GASKET TAPE.
 SOME SUPPORTS NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY. ANCHOR BOLTS TO BE SIZED BY WASTECH, SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS.
- INSTALLED BY OTHERS.
 INSTALLATION, INTERCONNECTING PIPING AND WIRING
 SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS. INSTALLER TO
 PROVIDE ADEQUATE VENTILATION TO THE TANK.

 APPROXIMATE EQUIPMENT WEIGHTS:
- A) DRY WEIGHT: 510 LB B) OPERATING WEIGHT: 1110 LB
- C) MAXIMUM WEIGHT: 1250 LBS
- . PŔIMARY TANK VOLUME: 80 GAL CONTAINMENT TANK VOLUME: 110 GAL

REV.	DATE:	BY:	DESCR	IPTION
3	6/08/2015	MM	AS B	UILT
2	3/31/2015	MM	ISSUED FOR I	FABRICATION
1	1/22/2015	MM	RESUBMITTED F	OR APPROVAL
0	12/12/2014	MM	SUBMITTED FO	OR APPROVAL

ATTROVA		ALLINOVALO	DATE
	DRAWN BY:	MM	12/12/2014
	PROJECT ENG.:	JB	
	ENGINEERING MANAG	ER: SS	

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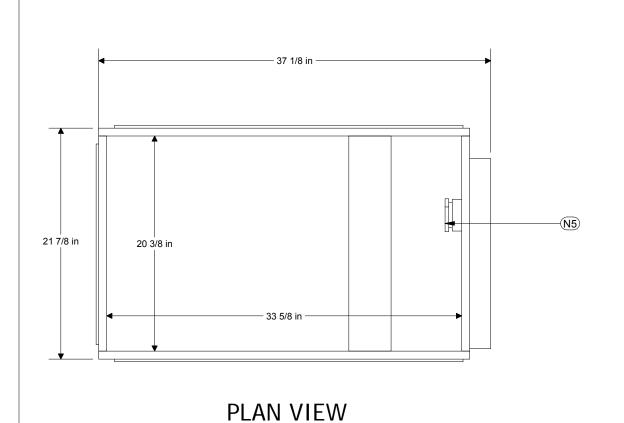


21201 Itasca Street, Chatsworth, California 91311-4922 Tel: (818) 998-3500 Fax: (818) 998-4939

HEAVY METAL RINSE PUMP LIFT STATION (HMR-LS) MECHANICAL GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

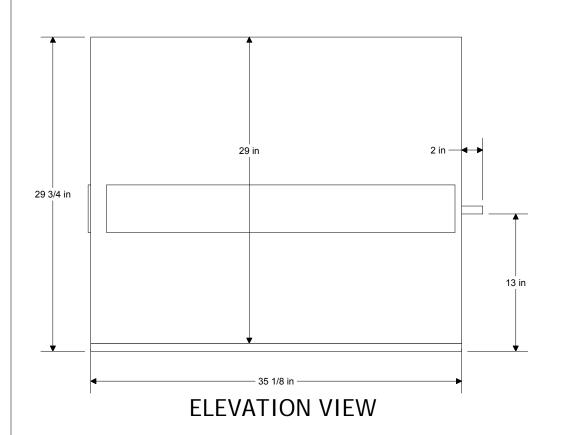
141190-MG-502

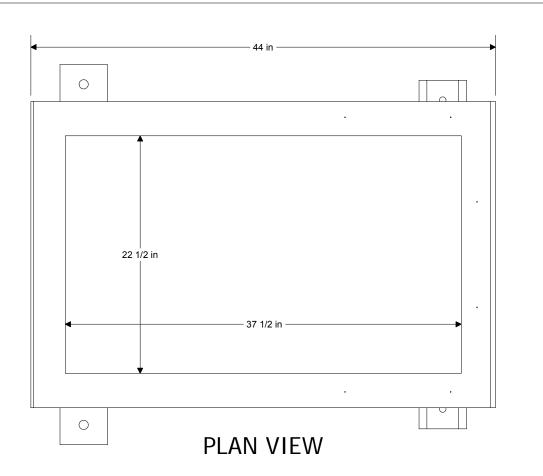
SHEET: 2 OF 3



PRIMARY TANK

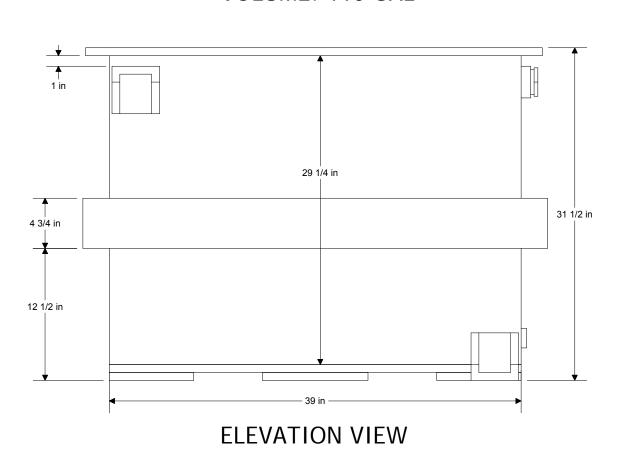
VOLUME: 80 GAL





CONTAINMENT TANK

VOLUME: 110 GAL



NOZZLE SCHEDULE				
NOZZLE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	SERVICE	
N1	3" FLANGE	1	INLET	
N2	1-1/2" FNPT	1	DISCHARGE	
N3	4" FNPT	1	DOUBLE CONTAINMENT	
N4	2" FNPT	1	VENT	
N5	2" FNPT	2	PLUGGED OVERFLOW	
N6	1" FNPT	1	CONTAINMENT TANK DRAIN	
N7	1/2" FNPT	1	CDA TO HMR-PMP-1A	
N8	1/2" FNPT	1	CDA TO HMR-PMP-1B	
N9	1/4" FNPT	1	CDA TO PD HMR-TNK-1-1	
NOTEO		•		

NOTES

- 1. MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION:
- A) TANKS TO BE FABRICATED FROM 3/4" THICK WHITE POLYPROPYLENE.
- B) ACCESS DOORS AND HATCHES TO BE 1/4" THICK CLEAR PVC.
- C) ALL PIPING AND FITTINGS TO BE SCH 80 CPVC. D) HARDWARE TO BE 18-8 SS.
- 2. ALL SURFACES TO BE SEALED WITH PTFE GASKET TAPE.
- 3. SOME SUPPORTS NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY. ANCHOR BOLTS TO BE SIZED BY WASTECH, SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS.
- INSTALLATION, INTERCONNECTING PIPING AND WIRING SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS. INSTALLER TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE VENTILATION TO THE TANK.
- 5. APPROXIMATE EQUIPMENT WEIGHTS:
- A) DRY WEIGHT: 510 LB B) OPERATING WEIGHT: 1110 LB
- C) MAXIMUM WEIGHT: 1250 LBS
- . PRIMARY TANK VOLUME: 80 GAL
- CONTAINMENT TANK VOLUME: 80 GAL

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ENGINEERING MANAGER:	SS	

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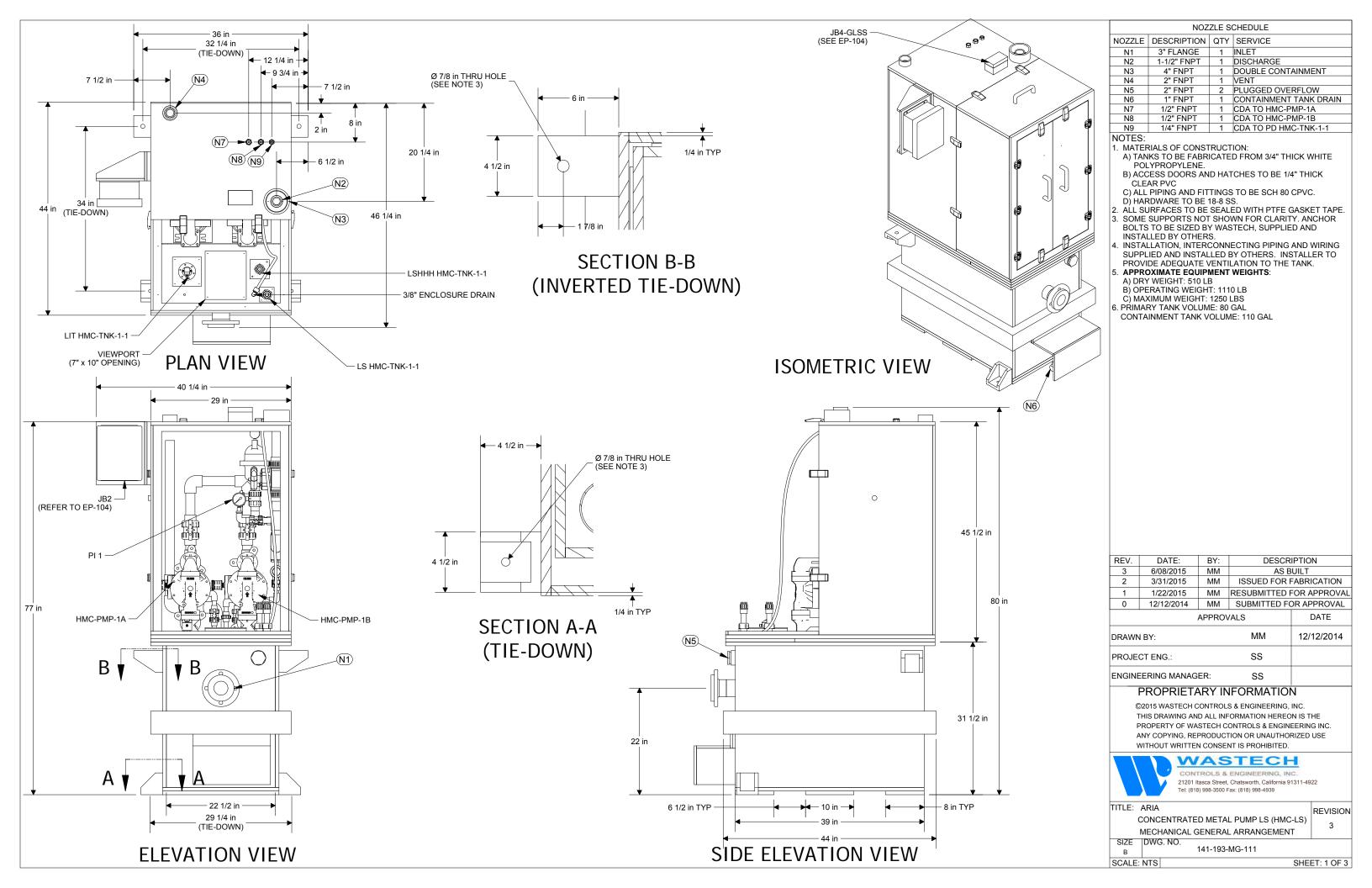
LL.	ANIA
HEAVY	METAL RINSE PUMP LIFT STATION (HMR-LS)

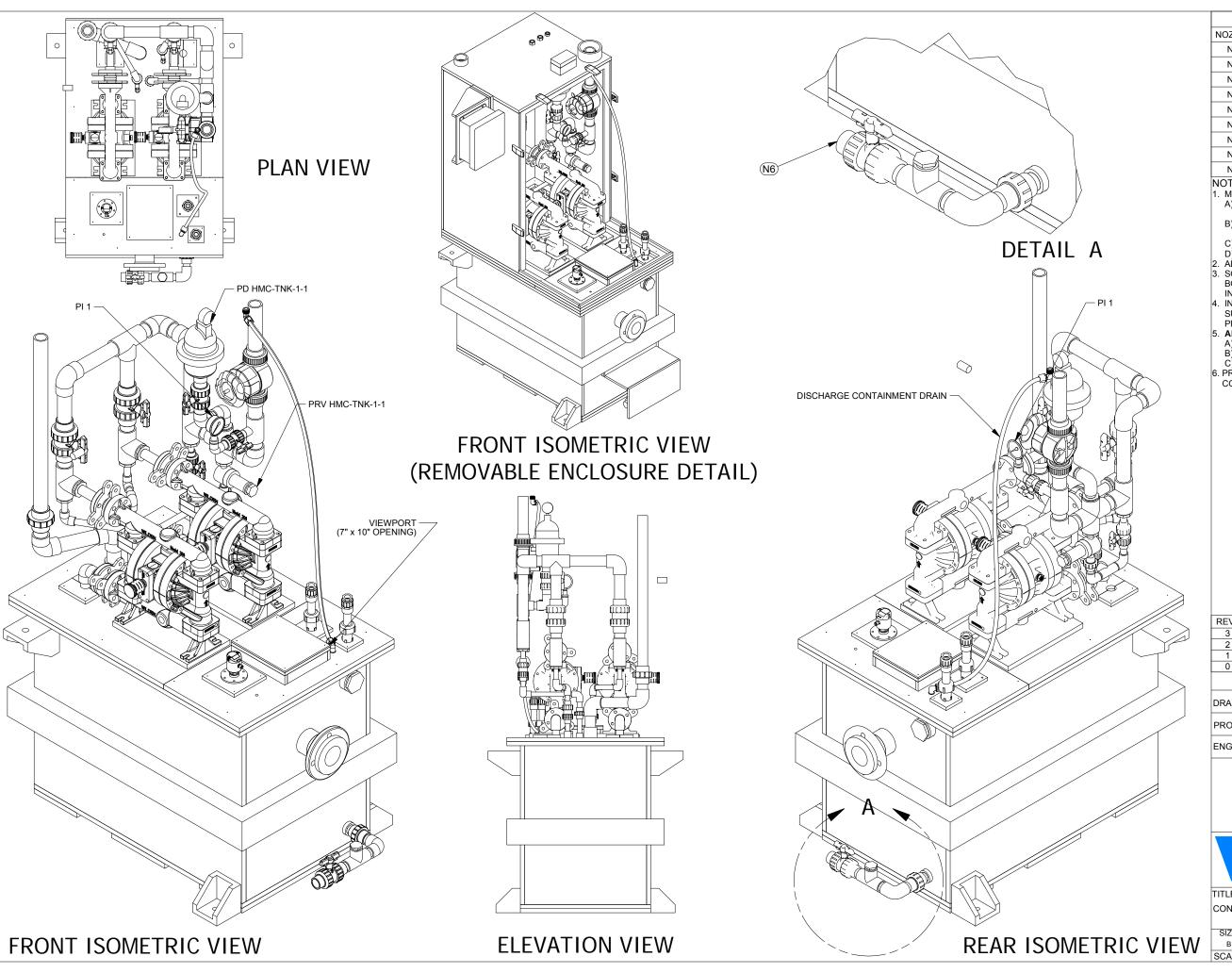
MECHANICAL GENERAL ARRANGEMENT
SIZE DWG. NO.

B 141190-MG-503

SHEET: 3 OF 3

REVISION





NOZZLE SCHEDULE				
NOZZLE DESCRIPTION		QTY	SERVICE	
N1 3" FLANG		1	INLET	
N2	N2 1-1/2" FNPT N3 4" FNPT		DISCHARGE	
N3			DOUBLE CONTAINMENT	
N4	2" FNPT	1	VENT	
N5	N5 2" FNPT		PLUGGED OVERFLOW	
N6	1" FNPT	1	CONTAINMENT TANK DRAIN	
N7	1/2" FNPT	1	CDA TO HMC-PMP-1A	
N8	1/2" FNPT	1	CDA TO HMC-PMP-1B	
N9	1/4" FNPT	1	CDA TO PD HMC-TNK-1-1	

- NOTES:

 1. MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION:

 A) TANKS TO BE FABRICATED FROM 3/4" THICK WHITE POLYPROPYLENE.

 B) ACCESS DOORS AND HATCHES TO BE 1/4" THICK
- CLEAR PVC
 C) ALL PIPING AND FITTINGS TO BE SCH 80 CPVC.
 D) HARDWARE TO BE 18-8 SS.
- ALL SURFACES TO BE SEALED WITH PTFE GASKET TAPE.
- SOME SUPPORTS NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY. ANCHOR BOLTS TO BE SIZED BY WASTECH, SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS.
- INSTALLATION, INTERCONNECTING PIPING AND WIRING SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS. INSTALLER TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE VENTILATION TO THE TANK.
- APPROXIMATE EQUIPMENT WEIGHTS:
- A) DRY WEIGHT: 510 LB
 B) OPERATING WEIGHT: 1110 LB
 C) MAXIMUM WEIGHT: 1250 LBS
 6. PRIMARY TANK VOLUME: 80 GAL
 CONTAINMENT TANK VOLUME: 110 GAL

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ENGINEERING MANAGER	SS	

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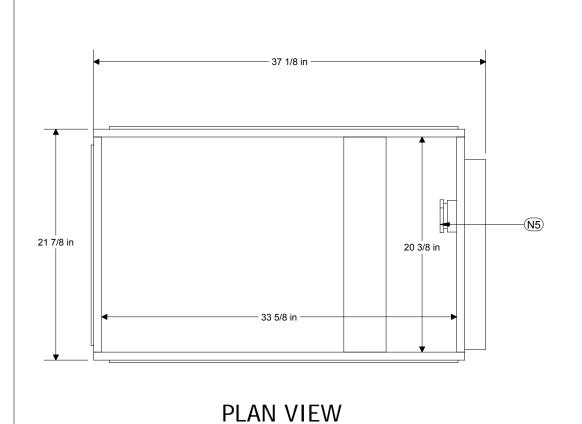


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CONCENTRATED HEAVY METAL PUMP LS (HMC-LS) MECHANICAL GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

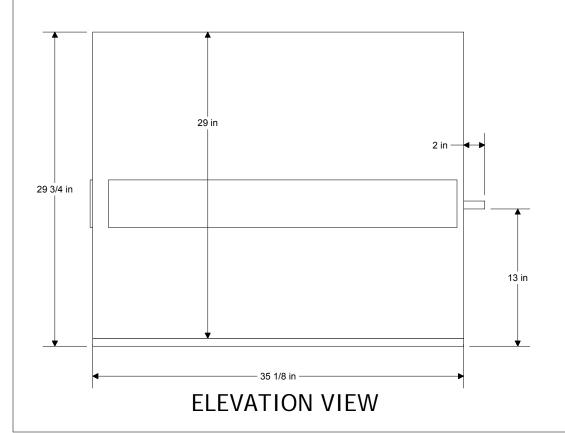
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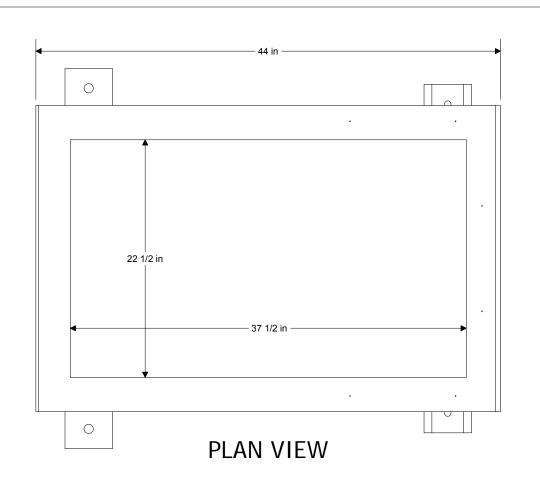
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PRIMARY TANK

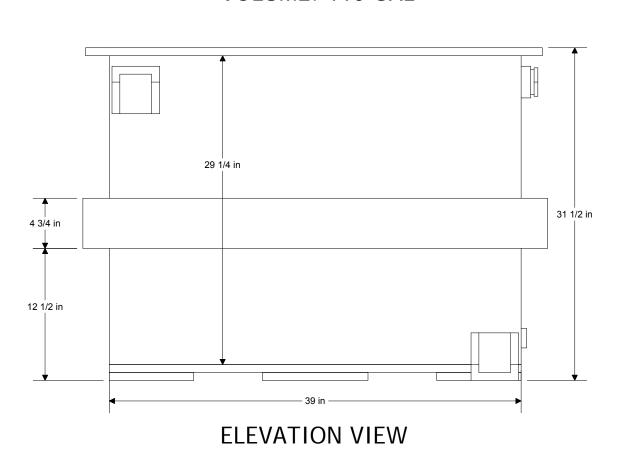
VOLUME: 80 GAL





CONTAINMENT TANK

VOLUME: 110 GAL



	NOZZLE SCHEDULE				
NOZZLE	NOZZLE DESCRIPTION		SERVICE		
N1	N1 3" FLANGE N2 1-1/2" FNPT		INLET		
N2			DISCHARGE		
N3	4" FNPT	1	DOUBLE CONTAINMENT		
N4	N4 2" FNPT N5 2" FNPT		VENT		
N5			PLUGGED OVERFLOW		
N6	1" FNPT	1	CONTAINMENT TANK DRAIN		
N7	N7 1/2" FNPT N8 1/2" FNPT		CDA TO HMC-PMP-1A		
N8			CDA TO HMC-PMP-1B		
N9	1/4" FNPT	1	CDA TO PD HMC-TNK-1-1		

- NOTES:

 1. MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION:

 A) TANKS TO BE FABRICATED FROM 3/4" THICK WHITE POLYPROPYLENE.

 B) ACCESS DOORS AND HATCHES TO BE 1/4" THICK CLEAR PVC

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 D) HARDWARE TO BE 18-8 SS.

 2. ALL SURFACES TO BE SEALED WITH PTFE GASKET TAPE.
- .. ALL SURFACES TO BE SEALED WITH PTFE GASKET TAPE.

 SOME SUPPORTS NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY. ANCHOR
 BOLTS TO BE SIZED BY WASTECH, SUPPLIED AND
 INSTALLED BY OTHERS.

 INSTALLATION, INTERCONNECTING PIPING AND WIRING
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- APPROXIMATE EQUIPMENT WEIGHTS:
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ENGINE	EERING MANAG	ER:	SS	

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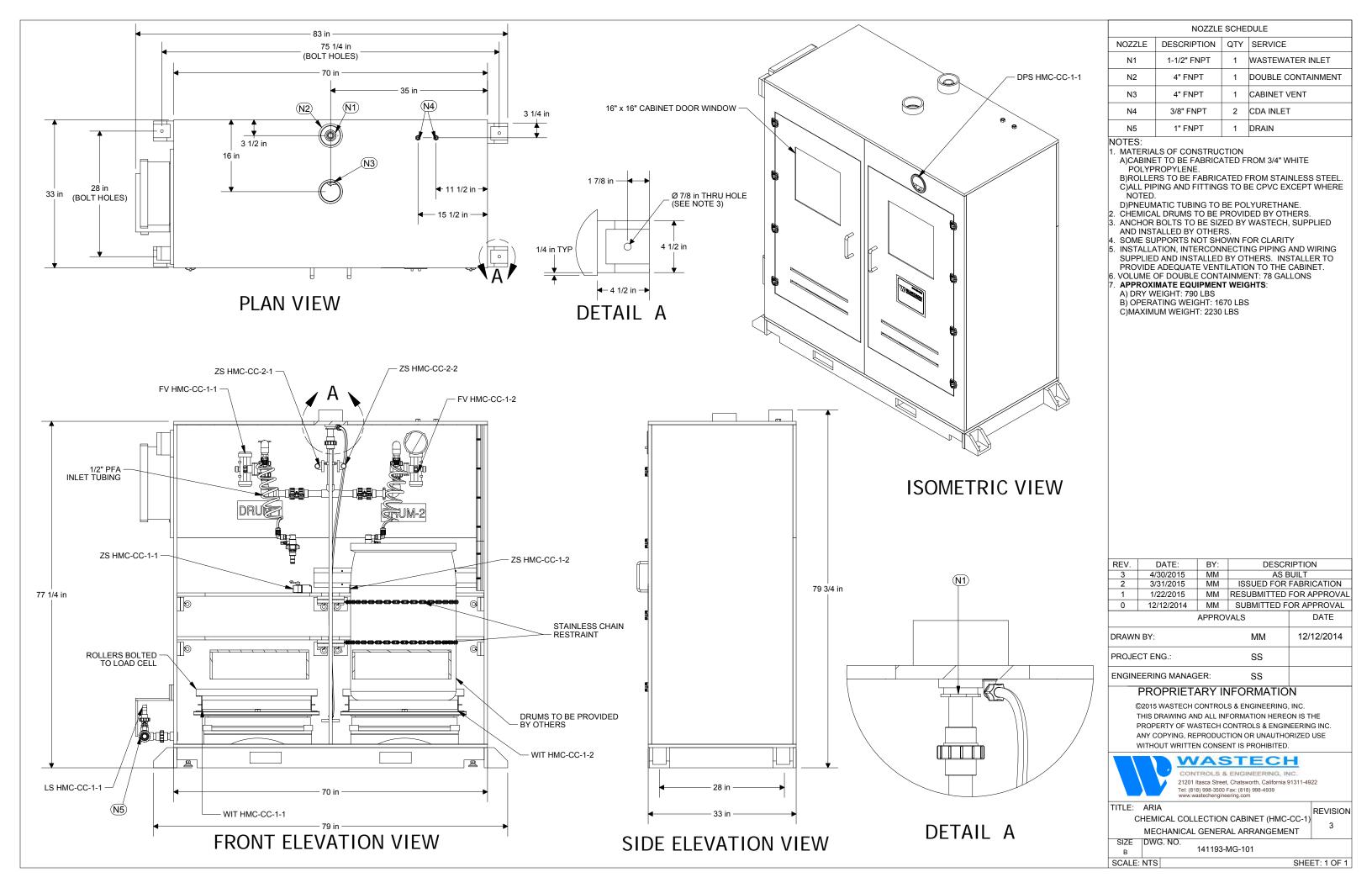
CONCENTRATED HEAVY METAL PUMP LS (HMC-LS)

MECHANICAL GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

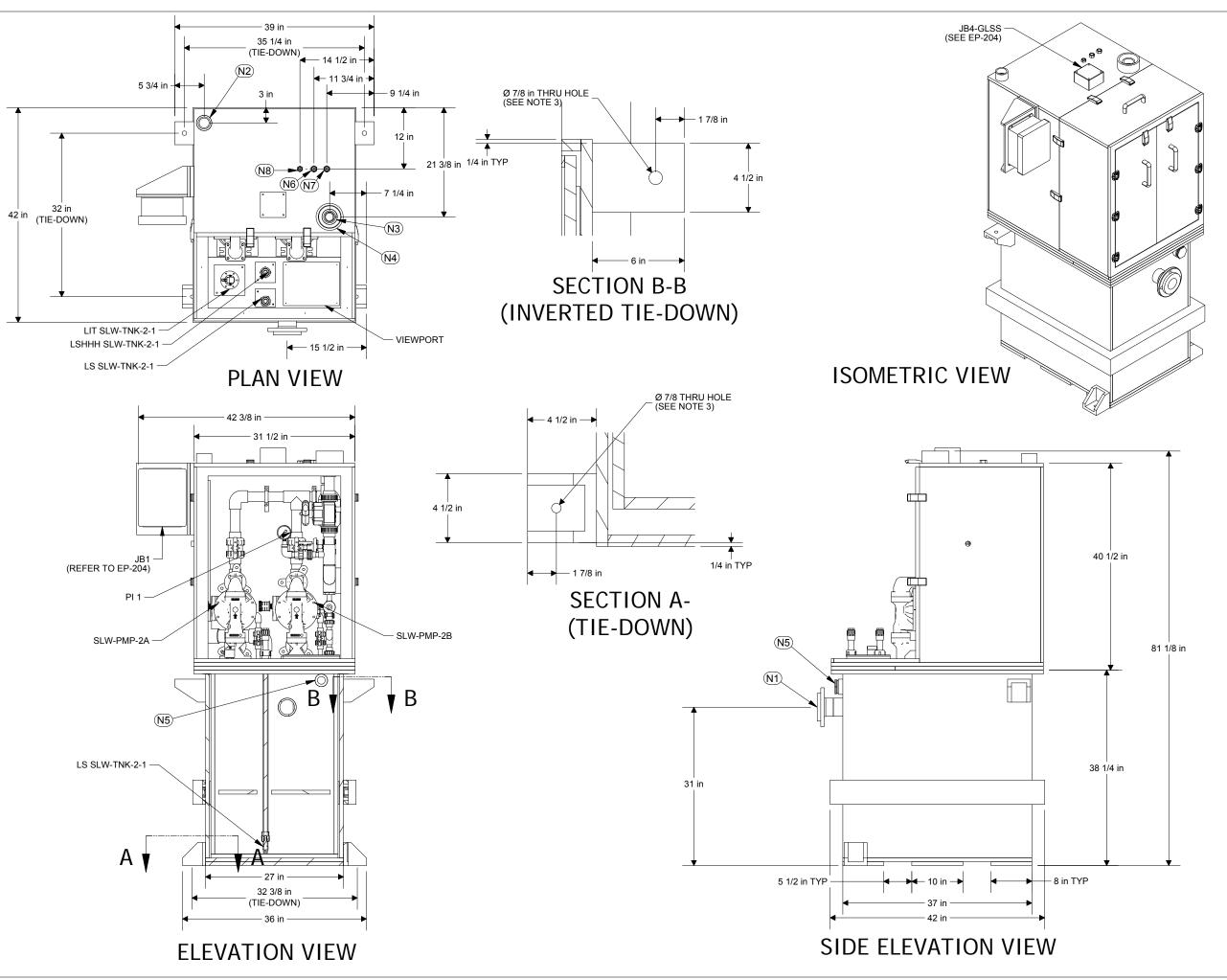
141193-MG-113

SHEET: 3 OF 3

<u>ATTACHMENT 6</u> COLLECTION CABINET (HMC-CC) INFORMATION



<u>ATTACHMENT 7</u> LIFT STATION (SLW-LS2) INFORMATION



NOZZLE SCHEDULE				
	NOZZLE	NOZZLE DESCRIPTION		SERVICE
	N1	3" FLANGE	1	INLET
	N2	2" FNPT	1	VENT
	N3	2" FNPT	1	PUMPED DISCHARGE
	N4	4" FNPT	1	DOUBLE CONTAINMENT
	N5	2" FNPT	2	PLUGGED OVERFLOW
	N6	1/2" FNPT	1	CDA TO SLW-PMP-2A
	N7	1/2" FNPT	1	CDA TO SLW-PMP-2B
	N8	1/4" FNPT	1	CDA TO PD SLW-TNK-2-1

NOTE

- 1. MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION:
- A) TANKS TO BE FABRICATED FROM 3/4" THICK WHITE POLYPROPYLENE.
- B) ACCESS DOORS AND HATCHES TO BE 1/4" THICK CLEAR PVC.
- C) ALL PIPING AND FITTINGS TO BE SCH 80 CPVC. D) HARDWARE TO BE 18-8 SS.
- ALL SURFACES TO BE SEALED WITH PTFE GASKET TAPE.
- BOLTS TO BE SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS.
- 4. INSTALLATION, INTERCONNECTING PIPING AND WIRING SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS. INSTALLER TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE VENTILATION TO THE TANK.
- 5. APPROXIMATE EQUIPMENT WEIGHTS:
 A) DRY WEIGHT: 620 LBS
 B) OPERATING WEIGHT: 1700 LBS
 C) MAXIMUM WEIGHT: 1885 LBS
- 6. TÁNK VOLUME: 142 GAL

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DRAWN BY:	MM	09/09/2014
PROJECT ENG.:	SS	
ENGINEERING MANAGER:	SS	

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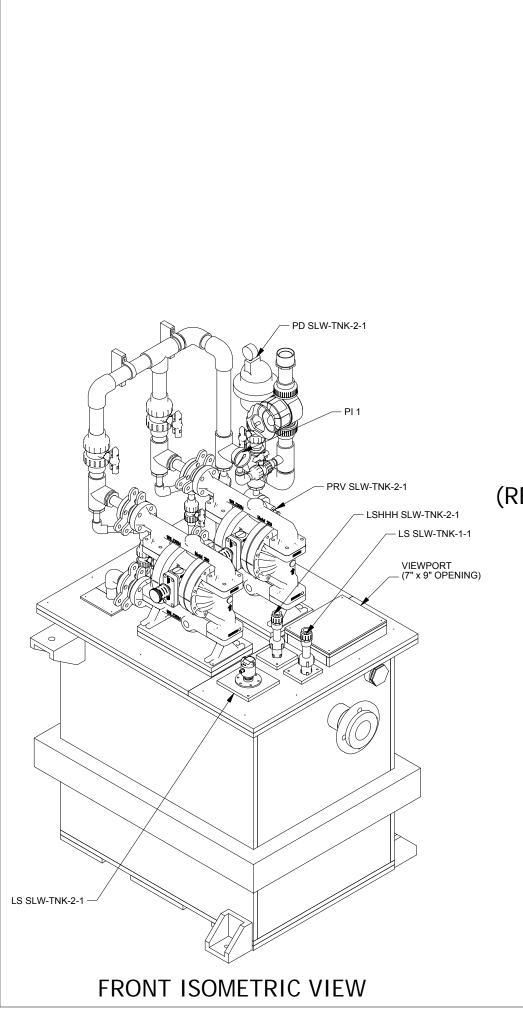
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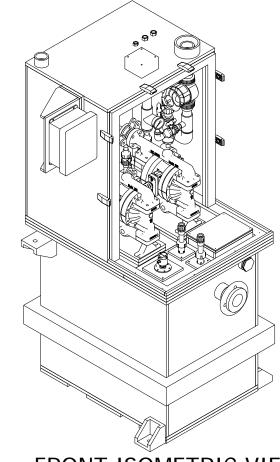
MECHANICAL GENERAL ARRANGEMENT
ZE DWG. NO.
141103 MG 211

B 141193-MG-211

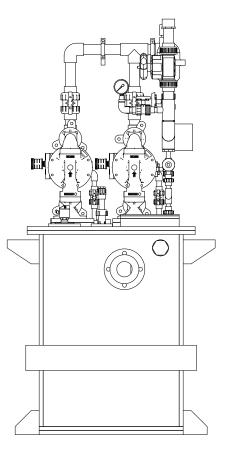
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REVISION

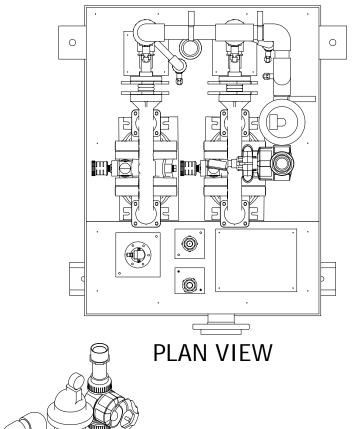


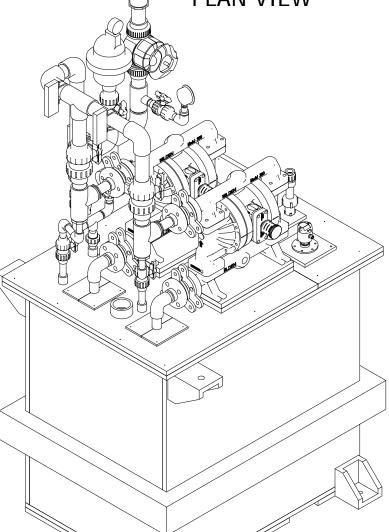


FRONT ISOMETRIC VIEW (REMOVABLE ENCLOSURE DETAIL)









REAR ISOMETRIC VIEW

NOZZLE SCHEDULE				
	NOZZLE DESCRIPTION		QTY	SERVICE
	N1	3" FLANGE	1	INLET
	N2	2" FNPT	1	VENT
	N3	2" FNPT	1	PUMPED DISCHARGE
	N4	4" FNPT	1	DOUBLE CONTAINMENT
	N5	2" FNPT	2	PLUGGED OVERFLOW
	N6	1/2" FNPT	1	CDA TO SLW-PMP-2A
	N7	1/2" FNPT	1	CDA TO SLW-PMP-2B
	N8	1/4" FNPT	1	CDA TO PD SLW-TNK-2-1

- MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION:
 A) TANKS TO BE FABRICATED FROM 3/4" THICK WHITE POLYPROPYLENE.
 B) ACCESS DOORS AND HATCHES TO BE 1/4" THICK
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 D) HARDWARE TO BE 18-8 SS.

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 APPROXIMATE EQUIPMENT WEIGHTS:
- A) DRY WEIGHT: 620 LBS B) OPERATING WEIGHT: 1700 LBS
- C) MAXIMUM WEIGHT: 1885 LBS 6. TANK VOLUME: 142 GAL

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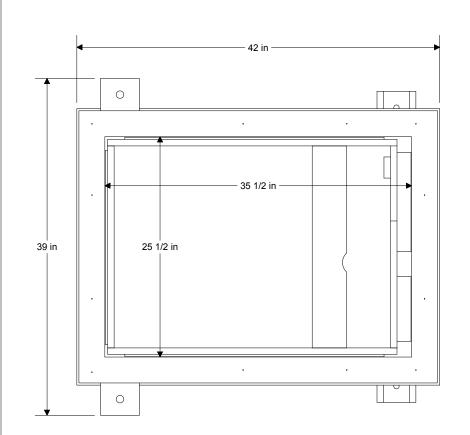


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GRINDER AREA LIFT STATION (SLW-LS2) MECHANICAL GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

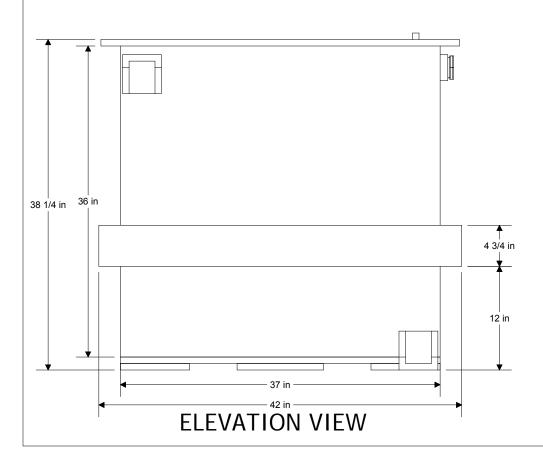
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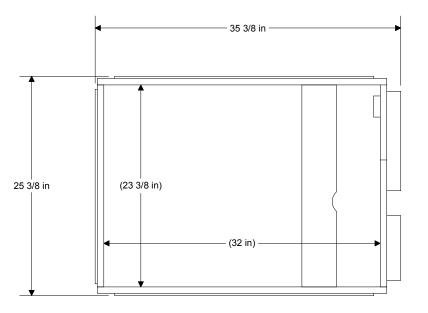
SHEET: 2 OF 3



PLAN VIEW

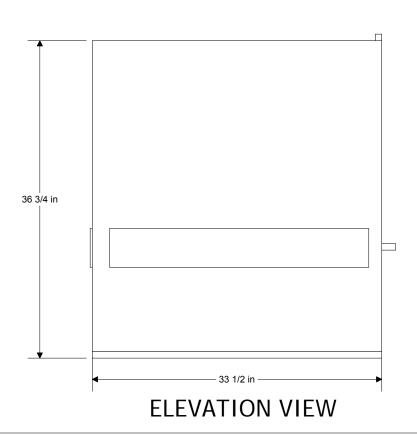
CONTAINMENT TANK VOLUME: 142 GAL





PLAN VIEW

PRIMARY TANK VOLUME: 116 GAL



_					
	NOZZLE SCHEDULE				
	NOZZLE DESCRIPTION		QTY	SERVICE	
	N1	3" FLANGE	1	INLET	
	N2	2" FNPT	1	VENT	
	N3	2" FNPT	1	PUMPED DISCHARGE	
	N4	4" FNPT	1	DOUBLE CONTAINMENT	
	N5	2" FNPT	2	PLUGGED OVERFLOW	
	N6	1/2" FNPT	1	CDA TO SLW-PMP-2A	
	N7	1/2" FNPT	1	CDA TO SLW-PMP-2B	
	N8	1/4" FNPT	1	CDA TO PD SLW-TNK-2-1	
	NOTEO				

- . MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION:
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REV. DATE: DESCRIPTION BY: 7/07/2015 MM REVISED AS BUILT 6/08/2015 AS BUILT 3/31/2015 ISSUED FOR FABRICATION 1/22/2015 MM RESUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL MM SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL 12/12/2014

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ENGINEE	RING MANAGER:	SS	

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GRINDER AREA LIFT STATION (SLW-LS2) MECHANICAL GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

141193-MG-213

SHEET: 3 OF 3 SCALE: NTS



HAZARDOUS WASTE TANK SYSTEM ASSESSMENT

ARIA Solvent Waste System

Santa Clara, CA

Prepared for:

Apple, Inc.

1 Infinite Loop Cupertino, California 95014

Prepared by:

TRC

10680 White Rock Road, Suite 100 Rancho Cordova, CA 95670

October 2022

HAZARDOUS WASTE TANK SYSTEM ASSESSMENT

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I. INTRODUCTION

This assessment is specifically for the Solvent Waste (SW) System at the Apple, Inc. (Apple) ARIA facility (Facility), located at 3250 Scott Boulevard in Santa Clara, California.

This assessment was performed in accordance with the requirements of Section 66265.192 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations (22 CCR 66265.192), and included a physical inspection of the tank system and an evaluation of secondary containment.

The SW System was originally assessed in 2015. Modifications to the SW System were completed in 2018 and the new components were assessed at that time. This is a 5-year reassessment per 22 CCR 66265.192(h)(1) to bring all systems at the facility onto the same assessment schedule.

II. PURPOSE

22 CCR 66265.192 requires that owners of a new hazardous waste tank system (subject to 22 CCR 67450.2 "Permit by Rule") to ensure that the tank system is adequately designed and constructed, and obtain and keep on file at the Facility a written assessment reviewed and certified by an independent, qualified, professional engineer, registered in California that attests to the tank system's integrity.

The written assessment shall determine that the tank system is adequately designed and has sufficient structural strength and compatibility with the waste(s) to be transferred, stored or treated to ensure that it will not collapse, rupture, or fail.

At a minimum, the assessment for an above-ground system shall include the following information: 1) design standard(s) according to which the tank and ancillary equipment have been constructed; 2) hazardous characteristics of the waste(s) to be handled; 3) foundation and seismic anchorage design.

All new tank systems shall be tested for tightness, and determined to be free of leaks before being placed in use.

In accordance with 22 CCR 66265.192(h)(1), the assessment is valid for a maximum period of five (5) years, and shall include all of the information described in 22 CCR 66265.192(k). The required assessment information is presented in the following Section III.

III. ASSESSMENT AND FINDINGS

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(1)

The tank system consists of the solvent waste pump lift station (SW-LS), solvent waste collection cabinet (SW-CC-1), a Solvent Waste Tank (SW-TNK-2) and ancillary piping. The lift station is a vertical rectangular tank constructed of stainless steel and has a primary tank capacity of 67 gallons. The Solvent Waste Tank is double-walled, with a primary tank constructed of stainless steel having a capacity of 1,700 gallons, and a secondary tank constructed of carbon steel having a capacity of 1,870 gallons.



22 CCR 66265.192(k)(2)

SW-LS

The solvent waste pump lift station tank is constructed of 12-ga. 316 stainless steel. Tank system structural design is in accordance CBC 2013 and ASCE 7-10. Ancillary piping, including containment piping, is Schedule 40 (SCH-40) stainless steel. See Figure 1 for pipe sizes. The lift station utilizes two (2) internal 1-hp stainless steel submersible pumps. A drawing of the tank, with dimensions, and collection cabinet (SW-CC-1) are included in Attachments 1 and 2, respectively.

SW-TNK-2

The solvent waste tank (primary) is constructed of 316L stainless steel. Tank system structural design is in accordance with UL142 (Standard for Steel Aboveground Tanks for Flammable and Combustible Liquids) and UL2085 (Standard for Protected Aboveground Tanks for Flammable and Combustible Liquids). Ancillary piping from SW-CC-1 is carbon-impregnated PFA Teflon inside 304SS stainless steel containment. Ancillary piping to the tanker suction connection point is 316SS stainless steel inside 304SS stainless steel containment. See Figure 2 for pipe sizes. The tank is filled using the lift station pumps described above. A drawing of the tank, with dimensions, is included in Attachment 4.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(3)

The solvent waste lift station, collection cabinet and associated ancillary piping were constructed in 2015. The solvent tank was constructed in June 2017 and installation of the tank and ancillary piping was completed in 2018.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(4)

The lift station tank (SW-LS) is double-walled and the space between the primary and secondary tank is equipped with a liquid sensor that would detect a leak from the primary tank. The lift station pit is equipped with a liquid sensor that would detect a leak from the tank or related ancillary piping.

The collection cabinet (SW-CC-1) containment is also constructed of stainless steel and is equipped with a liquid sensor that would detect a leak from the drums or elsewhere within the cabinet.

The solvent waste tank (SW-TNK-2) is double-walled and the space between the primary and secondary tank is equipped with a liquid sensor that would detect a leak from the primary tank.

Ancillary pipe is double-walled and sloped to drain to liquid sensors that would detect a leak in the primary pipe.

All automated systems, including liquid sensors for leak detection, have been tested and confirmed to operate as designed.



22 CCR 66265.192(k)(5)

The tank system is entirely above-ground and materials are not subject to corrosion.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(6)

The lift station tank, solvent waste tank and drums within the collection cabinet are equipped with ultrasonic level sensors to prevent overflow. All automated systems, including liquid level sensors and pump controls, have been tested and confirmed to operate as designed.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(7)

The lift station tank (SW-LS) is set within a secondary containment tank, also constructed of 12-ga. SCH-40 stainless steel, with a capacity of 115 gallons.

The collection cabinet (SW-CC-1) has a secondary containment capacity of 78 gallons.

The solvent waste tank (SW-TNK-2) is double-walled, with a secondary tank capacity of 1,870 gallons.

Ancillary pipe is double-walled and sloped to drain to liquid sensors that would detect a leak in the primary pipe. The sensor locations area also fitted with ports that would allow for collection of the leaked liquid.

Along with the leak detection systems described above, the secondary containment for the tank system meets the standards of 22 CCR 66265.192(j) and 22 CCR 66265.193.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(8)

The system generally handles solvent (approximately 5% isopropyl alcohol and other solvents in water) waste liquids generated from laboratory activities.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(9)

No structural damage or inadequate construction/installation items (cracks, punctures, or damaged fittings) were observed.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(10)

All ancillary pipe was leak tested using air-pressure, test results are included as Attachment 3.

The lift station and solvent waste tank were tested by the manufacturer prior to transport to the Facility.

22 CCR 66265.192(k)(11)

Based on the findings of this assessment, the tank system has an estimated remaining service life of approximately 20 years under existing conditions. The estimated remaining service life should be re-evaluated every five (5) years, in conjunction with the re-assessment in accordance with the requirements of 22 CCR 66265.192(h)(1).



IV. CERTIFICATION

ARIA Solvent Waste System October 2022

22 CCR 66265.192 requires that owners of a new hazardous waste tank system (subject to 22 CCR 67450.2 "Permit by Rule") ensure that the tank system is adequately designed and constructed, and obtain and keep on file at the Facility a written assessment reviewed and certified by an independent, qualified, professional engineer, registered in California that attests to the tank system's integrity.

The preceding written assessment has determined that the tank system is adequately designed and has sufficient structural strength and compatibility with the waste(s) to be transferred, stored or treated to ensure that it will not collapse, rupture, or fail. This assessment for an above-ground system considered the following: 1) design standard(s) according to which the tank and ancillary equipment have been constructed; 2) hazardous characteristics of the waste(s) to be handled; 3) foundation and seismic anchorage design.

The tank system was inspected on October 19, 2022. The visual inspection found none of the following to be in evidence: leaks, weld breaks, punctures, scrape of protective coatings, cracks, corrosion, structural damage or installation defects.

As required by 22 CCR 66265.192(k)(11), based on the findings of this assessment, I estimate that the new tank system has at least twenty (20) years of service life under current conditions. In accordance with 22 CCR 66265.192(h)(1), this assessment is valid for a maximum period of five (5) years and the tank system should be re-assessed at that time to obtain a new estimate of remaining service life.

Based on my assessment of the tank system, I can attest that the tank system has sufficient structural integrity, is acceptable for transferring, storing and treating the intended hazardous waste, and is suitably designed to achieve the requirements under 22 CCR 66265.192.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to be the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.



Stephen V. Huvane, P.E. Civil (CA) No. 52385

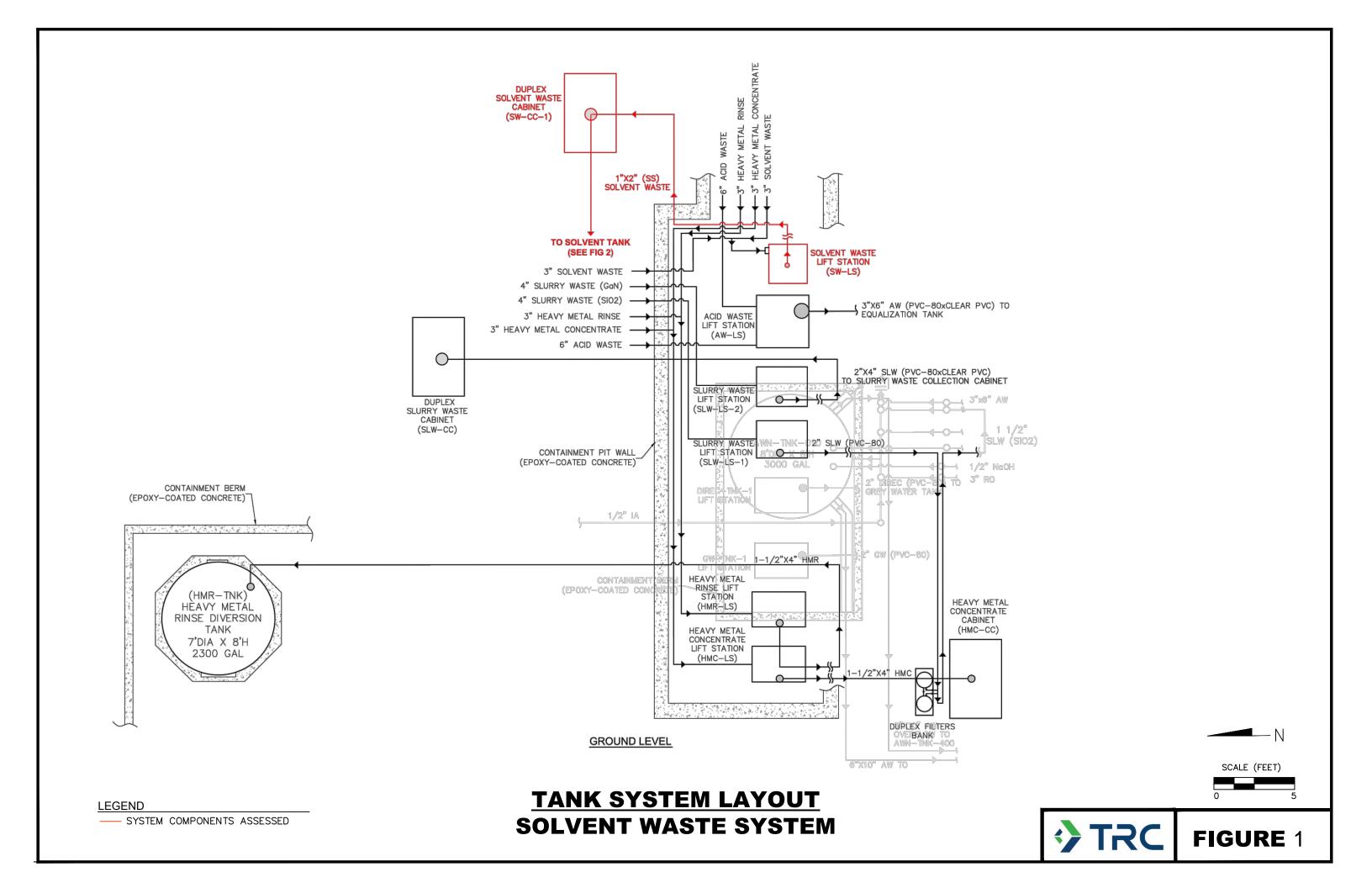


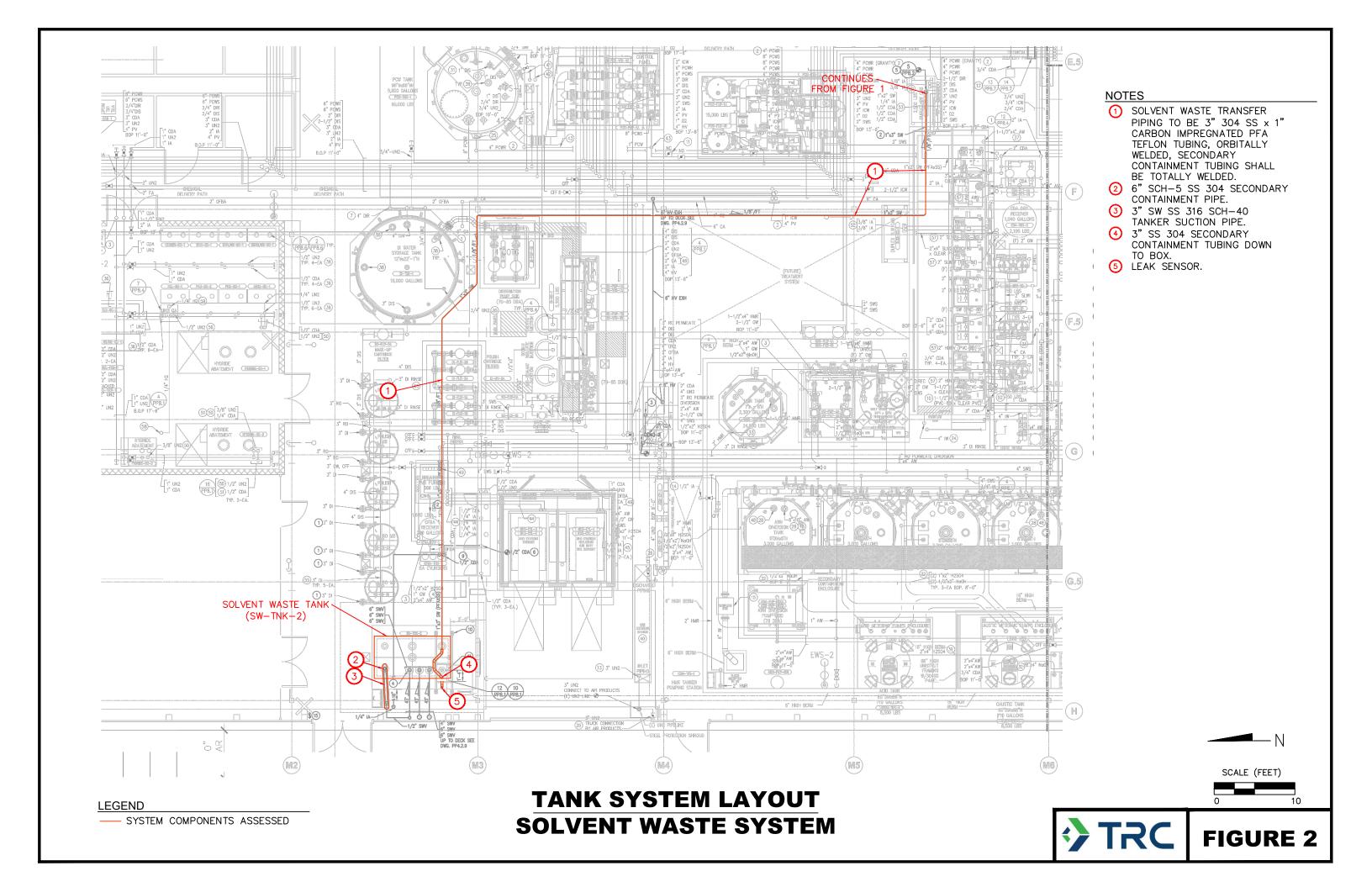
12-9-2022

Date









APPENDIX A

PHOTOGRAPHS

October 19, 2022





Solvent Waste Lift Station (SW-LS) and Ancillary Piping

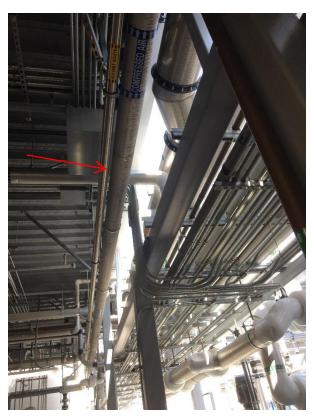


Solvent Waste Collection Cabinet (SW-CC)





Solvent Waste Collection Cabinet (SW-CC) and Ancillary Piping



Ancillary Piping (2018 photo)





Ancillary Piping (2018 Photo)



Ancillary Piping (2018 Photo)





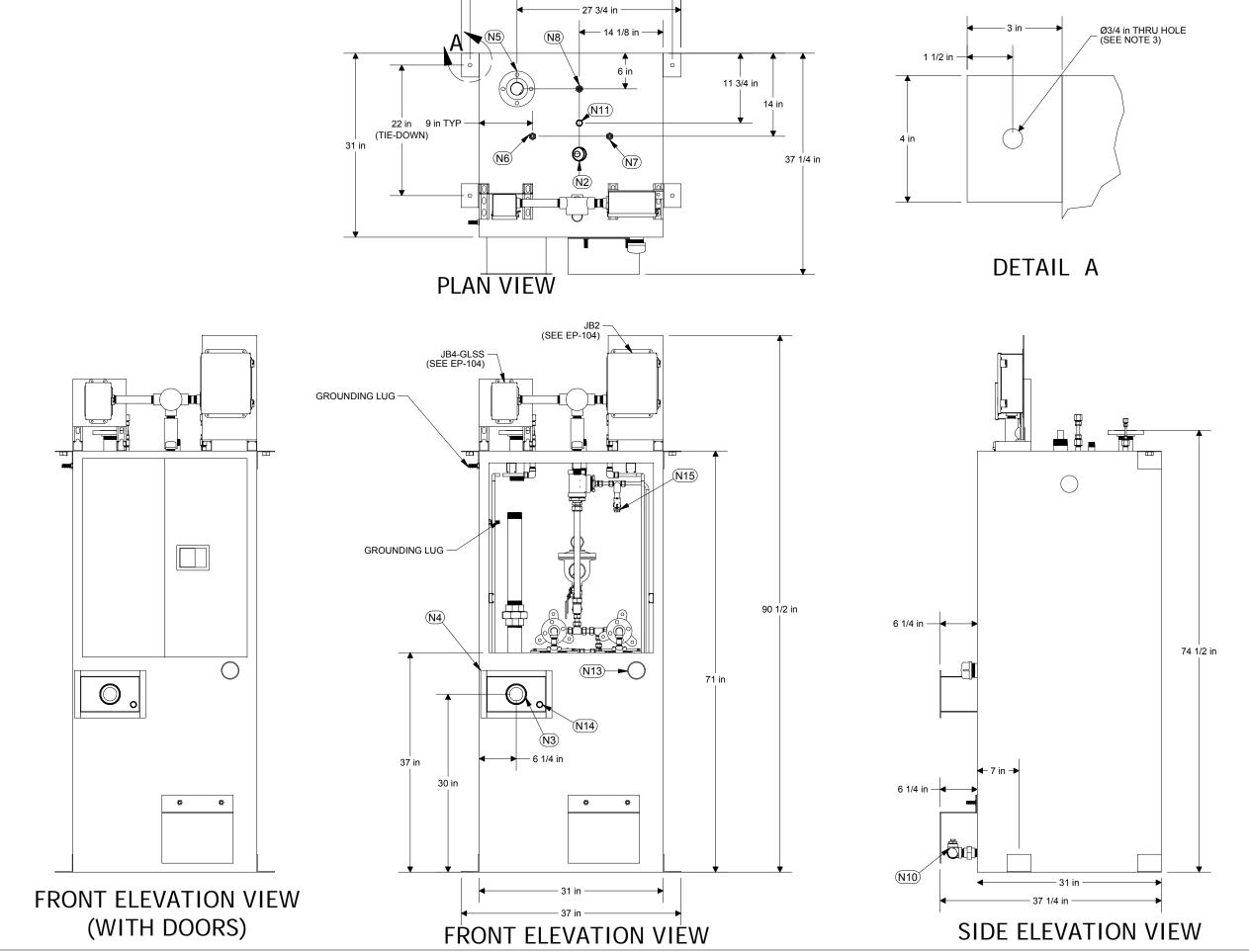
Solvent Waste Tank (SW-TNK-2) (2018 Photo)



Solvent Waste Tank Pumpout Cabinet (2018 Photo)



<u>ATTACHMENT 1</u> LIFT STATION (SW-LS) INFORMATION



34 1/8 in (TIE-DOWN)

		NOZ	ZLE S	CHEDULE				
	NOZZLE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	SERVICE				
ı	N1	1" TUBE	1	DISCHARGE CONNECTION				
	N2	2" MNPT	1	DOUBLE CONTAINMENT				
	N3	3" MNPT	1	INLET CONNECTION				
	N4	6" x 10" TROUGH	1	DOUBLE CONTAINMENT				
	N5	2" FLANGE	1	VENT CONNECTION				
	N6	3/8" FNPT	1	CDA SUPPLY TO SW-PMP-1A				
	N7	3/8" FNPT	1	CDA SUPPLY TO SW-PMP-1B				
	N8	1/4" FNPT	1	CDA SUPPLY TO PD SW-LS-1-				
	N9	2" FNPT	1	OVERFLOW (PLUGGED)				
	N10	1" FNPT	1	SECONDARY TANK DRAIN				
	N11	3/4" MNPT	1	FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEM				
	N12	1/2" TUBE	1	SECONDARY CONTAINMENT DRAIN				
	N13	2" MNPT	1	CABINET OVERFLOW				
	N14	3/4" MNPT	1	INLET CONTAINMENT DRAIN				
	N15	1/4" FNPT	1	CONTAINMENT DRAIN TEST PORT				
ı	NOTES:		•					

- AOTES.

 I. MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION:

 A) CABINET TO BE FABRICATED FROM 304 STAINLESS STEEL
- B) PRIMARY TANK TO BE FABRICATED FROM 12 GA 316 STAINLESS STEEL
- C) TANK LID AND ENCLOSURE FABRICATED FROM 10 GA 316 STAINLESS STEEL
- STAINLESS STEEL
 D) TIE-DOWNS FABRICATED FROM 1/4" THICK 316 STAINLESS STEEL
 E) ALL PRESSURIZED PIPING, TUBING, AND FITTINGS 316SS
- F) ALL NON PRESSURIZED PIPING, TUBING AND FITTINGS 316SS SCHED 10
- 3-1655 SCHEU TU

 2. INSTALLATION, INTERCONNECTING PIPING AND WIRING SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS. INSTALLER TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE VENTILATION TO SYSTEM.

 3. ANCHOR BOLTS TO BE SIZED BY WASTECH, SUPPLIED
- 3. ANCHOR BOLLS TO BE SIZED BY WAS IECH, SUPPLIED BY OTHERS.

 4. DIMENSIONS FOR REFERENCE ONLY. TOLERENCE ±2%

 5. APPROXIMATE EQUIPMENT WEIGHTS:

 A) DRY WEIGHT: 825 LBS

 B) OPERATING WEIGHT: 1420 LBS

 C) MAXIMUM WEIGHT: 1890 LBS

REV.	DATE:	BY:	DESCR	IPTION				
3	5/14/2015	MM	AS BUILT					
2	3/31/2015	MM	FABRICATION					
1	1/22/2015	MM	RESUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL					
0	12/12/2014	MM	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL					
		/ALS	DATE					

APP	DATE			
DRAWN BY:	MM	12/12/2014		
PROJECT ENG.:	SS			
ENGINEERING MANAGER:	SS			

PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

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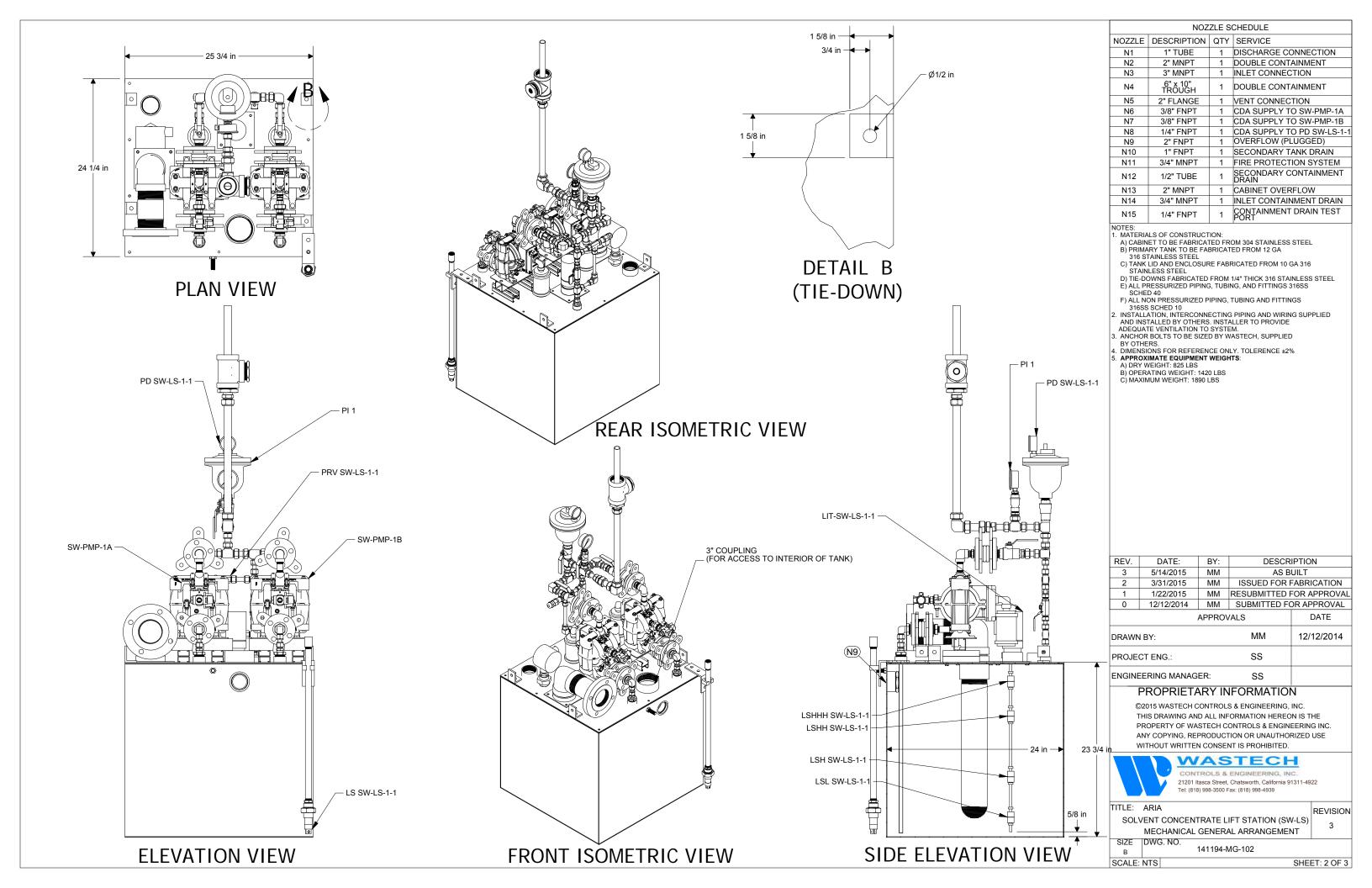
SCALE: NTS

21201 Itasca Street, Chatsworth, California 91311-4922 Tel: (818) 998-3500 Fax: (818) 998-4939

SOLVENT CONCENTRATE LIFT STATION (SW-LS) MECHANICAL GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

141194-MG-101

SHEET: 1 OF 3

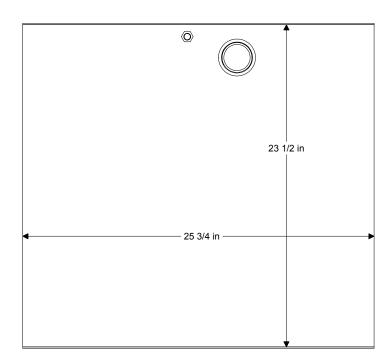


25 5/8 in -0 21 3/4 in 24 1/4 in 23 1/8 in

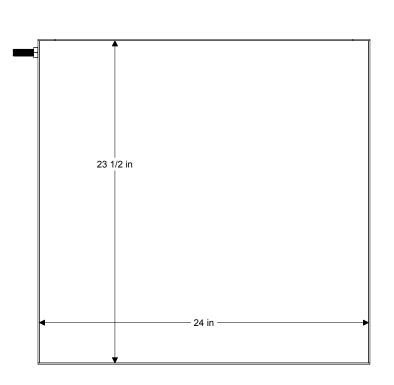
PLAN VIEW

TANK VOLUME: 67 GAL

CONTAINMENT VOLUME IN CABINET: 115 GAL



ELEVATION VIEW



SIDE ELEVATION VIEW

	NOZ	ZLE S	CHEDULE
NOZZLE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	SERVICE
N1	1" TUBE	1	DISCHARGE CONNECTION
N2	2" MNPT	1	DOUBLE CONTAINMENT
N3	3" MNPT	1	INLET CONNECTION
N4	6" x 10" TROUGH	1	DOUBLE CONTAINMENT
N5	2" FLANGE	1	VENT CONNECTION
N6	3/8" FNPT	1	CDA SUPPLY TO SW-PMP-1A
N7	3/8" FNPT	1	CDA SUPPLY TO SW-PMP-1B
N8	1/4" FNPT	1	CDA SUPPLY TO PD SW-LS-1-1
N9	2" FNPT	1	OVERFLOW (PLUGGED)
N10	1" FNPT	1	SECONDARY TANK DRAIN
N11	3/4" MNPT	1	FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEM
N12	1/2" TUBE	1	SECONDARY CONTAINMENT DRAIN
N13	2" MNPT	1	CABINET OVERFLOW
N14	3/4" MNPT	1	INLET CONTAINMENT DRAIN
N15	1/4" FNPT	1	CONTAINMENT DRAIN TEST PORT
		•	

- NOTES:

 1. MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION:

 A) CABINET TO BE FABRICATED FROM 304 STAINLESS STEEL

 B) PRIMARY TANK TO BE FABRICATED FROM 12 GA

 316 STAINLESS STEEL
- STAINLESS STEEL
 C) TANK LID AND ENCLOSURE FABRICATED FROM 10 GA 316
 STAINLESS STEEL
 D) TIE-DOWNS FABRICATED FROM 1/4" THICK 316 STAINLESS STEEL
 E) ALL PRESSURIZED PIPING, TUBING, AND FITTINGS 316SS
- C) ALL PINES STORED FIFTING, TUBING, AND TITTINGS 31053
 SCHED 40
 F) ALL NON PRESSURIZED PIPING, TUBING AND FITTINGS
 316SS SCHED 10
 2. INSTALLATION, INTERCONNECTING PIPING AND WIRING SUPPLIED
- AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS. INSTALLER TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE VENTILATION TO SYSTEM.

 3. ANCHOR BOLTS TO BE SIZED BY WASTECH, SUPPLIED BY CALLED
- BY OTHERS.

 DIMENSIONS FOR REFERENCE ONLY, TOLERENCE ±2%

- 6. DIMENSIONS FOR REFERENCE OILLY. IS
 6. APPROXIMATE EQUIPMENT WEIGHTS:
 A) DRY WEIGHT: 825 LBS
 B) OPERATING WEIGHT: 1420 LBS
 C) MAXIMUM WEIGHT: 1890 LBS

0	12/12/2014	MM	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL					
1	1/22/2015	MM	RESUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL					
2	3/31/2015	MM	ISSUED FOR FABRICATION					
3	5/14/2015	MM	AS BUILT					
REV.	DATE:	BY:	DESCRIPTION					

		DATE			
DRAW	N BY:		MM	12/12/2014	
PROJE	CT ENG.:		SS		
ENGIN	EERING MANAG	ER:	SS		

PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

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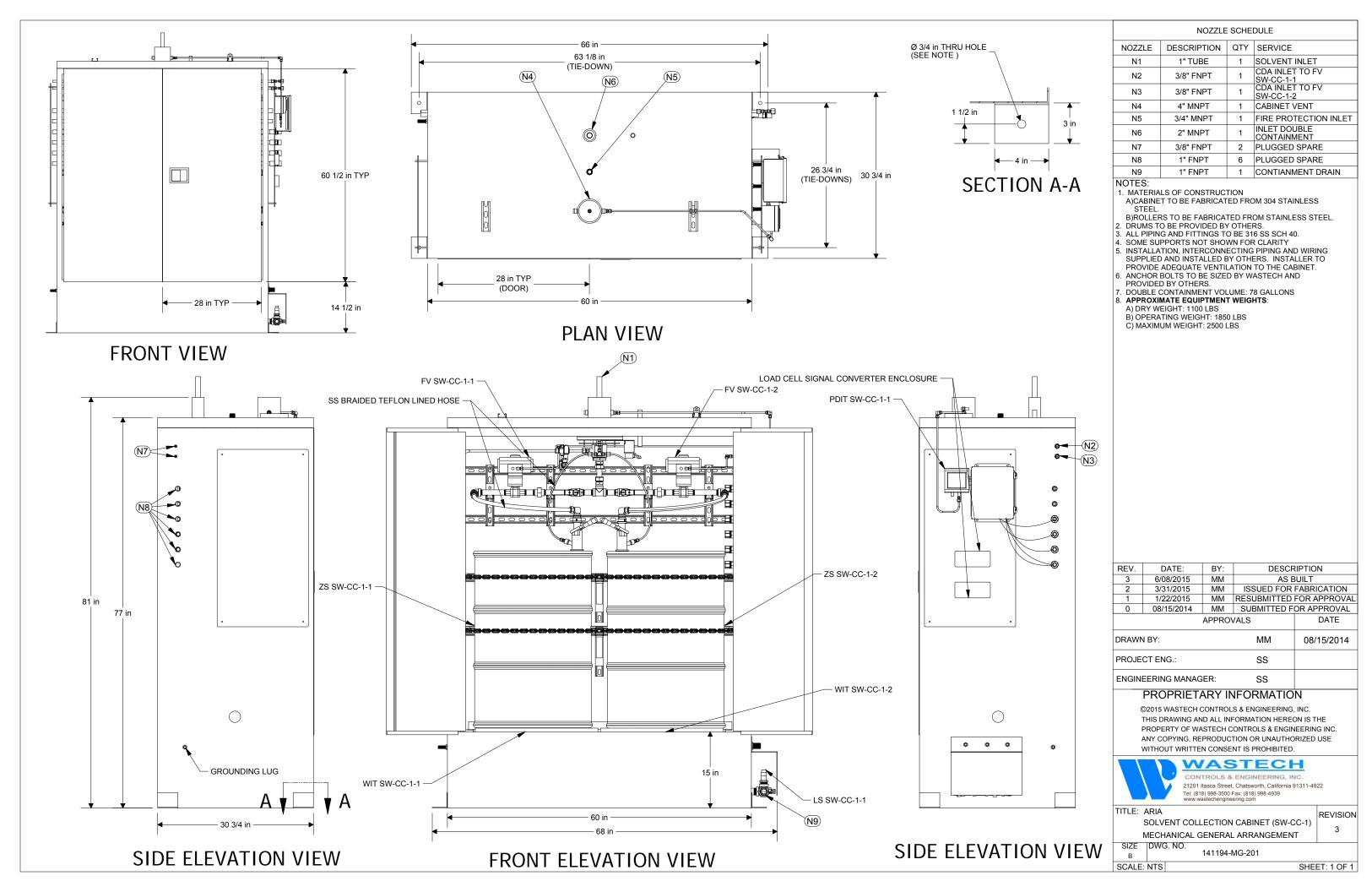


CONTROLS & ENGINEERING, INC. 21201 Itasca Street, Chatsworth, California 91311-4922

SOLVENT CONCENTRATE LIFT STATION (SW-LS) MECHANICAL GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

141194-MG-103 SHEET: 3 OF 3 SCALE: NTS

<u>ATTACHMENT 2</u> COLLECTION CABINET (SW-CC-1) INFORMATION



<u>ATTACHMENT 3</u> LEAK TEST RECORDS



PRESSURE TEST FORM

Brief Description of Test and Boundaries Drawing / Spool #: Solvent WHSTE primary From LIFT STATION TO ROllection EMBINET	P 1231 15 CONTINUE ON TEST						
Drawing / Spool #: Solvent waste primary From Lift STATION TO Rollection Cabinet							
FROM LIFT STATION TO ROllection CABINET							
Specification Title Section: Salveno WASTE PRIMARY							
	SOLVENT WASTE PRIMARY						
Allowable Pressure PSIG Change: PSIG							
Test Medium: Aik							
Point of Connection: LIFT STATION (IN TRENCH)	LIFT STATION (IN TRENCH)						
Point of Termination: collection casiweT							
Test Results							
Time Pressure Passed							
Date Start End Duration Start End (Yes / No)	Comments						
9/23/15 7:00 24 0. Yes/No							
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	rggord ourtrust						
Yes / No	MRT RJI						
Yes / No							
. Yes / No							
COMMENTS:							



PRESSURE TEST FORM

Project: 4	PIR'S					Tes	st No.: 60		
System: 50		PASTE	Job#:	33038	3Z-I	Da	te: 9 1231 15		
		Brief Des	scription o	f Test and	Boundari		FROM TEST	59	
Drawing / Sp	oool #:	1	FROM: LIFT STATION TO : Collection CABINET						
Specification	Title Section	on'	Solvent secondary WASTE LINE						
Allowable Pro Change:		. 204	Ø		-	SIG	PSI		
Test Medium	¢ .		nin						
Point of Con	nection:		LIFT STUTION						
Point of Tem	nination:	Co	collection engineT						
			Test	Results					
	T	Time	ime Pressure			Passed]	
Date	Start	End	Duration	Start	End	(Yes / No)	Comments		
9/23/15	7:00		24 406	6.		Yes / No			
9/25/18	0600	el orian	24 HRS.	NG.0	6 A	Yes / No			
1/185/17	704	11:42	734 M	N 5.8	5,8	Ves) No	PASSE A GE BALLEN SOLV	ENY MIET	
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						Yes / No	EN PMC-	= DAD m	
		3- 5							
COMMENTS	:								
			*					¥	
Completed B	-	Burl	20		4	Date:	9-23-15		

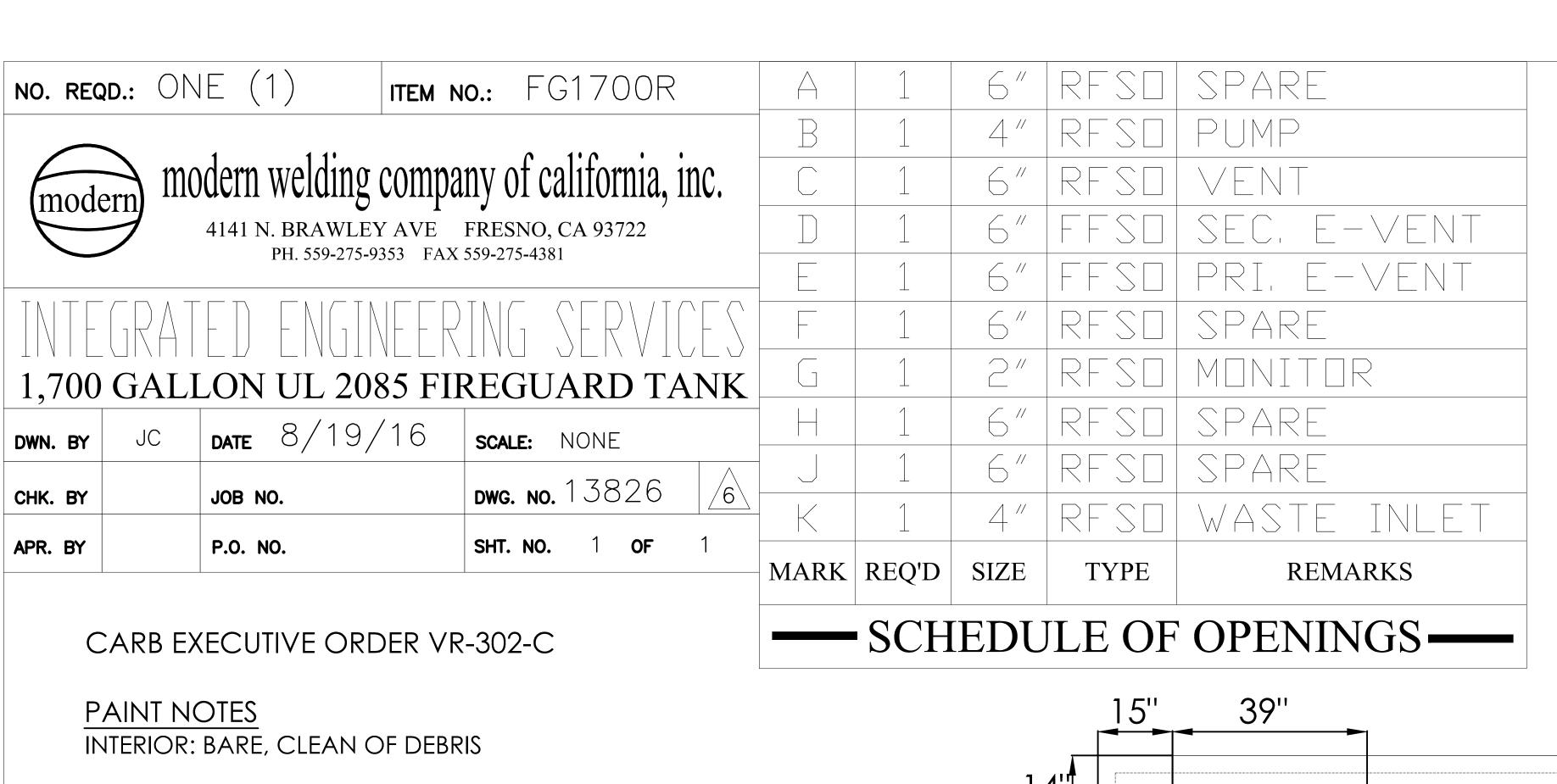
MULTIPLE SYSTEM PRESSURE RETENTION TESTS PAGE 1_ OF 1

TOOL: 1700 Gallon Solvent Waste Tank **CLIENT:** ARIA / Apple **CONTRACTOR:** Paragon Mechanical TEST LOCATION: ARIA - 3250 Scott Blvd. - Santa Clara / Outside Gas Pad **TEST DATE:** _7/21/2017 WORKING **START FINISH SYSTEM PASS FAIL** PRESSURE PRESSURE | TIME PRESSURE | TIME 3" Secondary Line: Witnessed pressure test from SW-CC-NA 7:00am 11:00am DM 5psi 5psi 1 to 1700 Solvent Waste Tank. 1" PFA Primary Line: Witnessed pressure test from SW-NA 100psi 100psi DM 7:00am 11:00am CC-1 to 1700 Solvent Waste Tank MEDIA Argon PNEUMATIC X HYDROSTATIC TYPE: TEST GAUGE: MAKE NA SERIAL # NA PSIG: NA **CALIBRATION DUE DATE:** NA SENSITIVITY: NA **COMMENTS: TEST WITNESSED BY:** Demar Mills **DATE:** 7/21/2017 TEST PERFORMED BY: PARAGON MECHANICAL **DATE:** 7/21/2017

MULTIPLE SYSTEM PRESSURE RETENTION TESTS PAGE 1_ OF 1

TOOL: 1700 Gallon Solvent Waste Tank **CLIENT:** ARIA / Apple **CONTRACTOR:** Paragon Mechanical TEST LOCATION: ARIA - 3250 Scott Blvd. - Santa Clara / Outside Gas Pad **TEST DATE:** 7/21/2017 WORKING **START FINISH SYSTEM PASS FAIL** PRESSURE | PRESSURE | PRESSURE TIME TIME Primary Tank: Witnessed pressure test from NA 1.5psi 7:00am 1.5psi 11:00am DM 1700 Gallon Solvent Waste Tank to Suction Line **Secondary Tank**: Witnessed pressure test from NA 1.5psi 7:00am 1.5psi 11:00am DM 1700 Gallon Waste Tank to vent Line PNEUMATIC X HYDROSTATIC MEDIA Argon TYPE: TEST GAUGE: MAKE NA SERIAL # NA PSIG: NA SENSITIVITY: NA CALIBRATION DUE DATE: NA **COMMENTS: TEST WITNESSED BY:** Demar Mills **DATE:** 7/21/2017 TEST PERFORMED BY: PARAGON MECHANICAL **DATE:** 7/21/2017

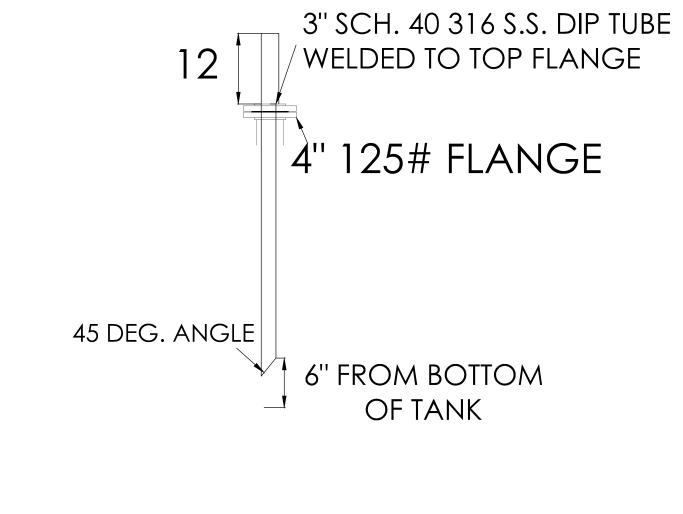
$\underline{\text{ATTACHMENT 4}}$ SOLVENT WASTE TANK (SW-TNK-2) INFORMATION



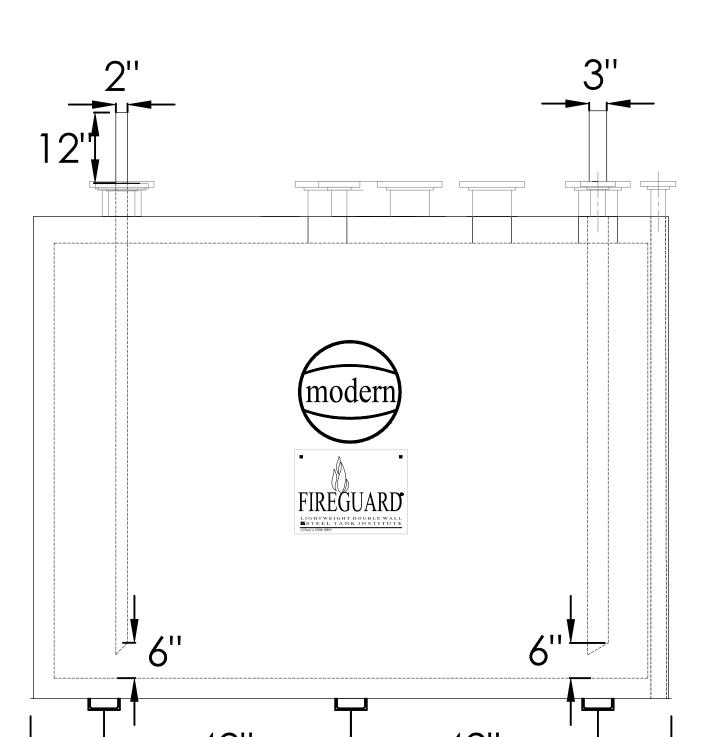


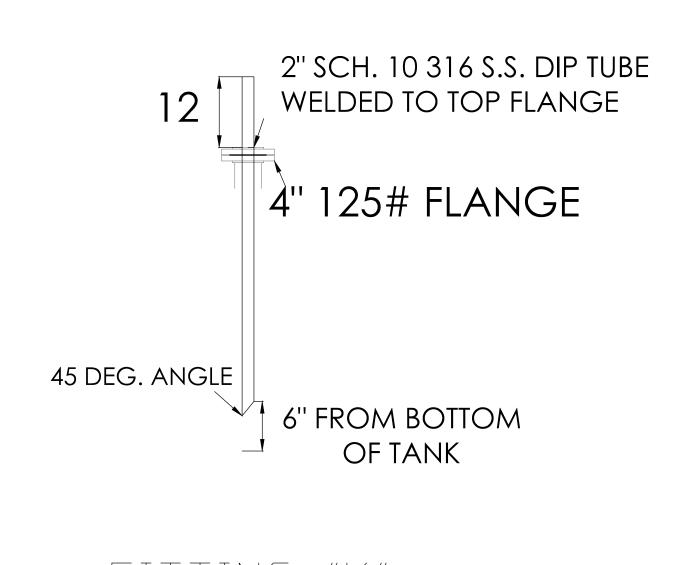
TANKS SHALL BEAR UL 2085 LABEL FOR "INSULATED SECONDARY CONTAINMENT ABOVEGROUND TANK FOR FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS".

ESTIMATED EMPTY TANK WEIGHT: 9,200#

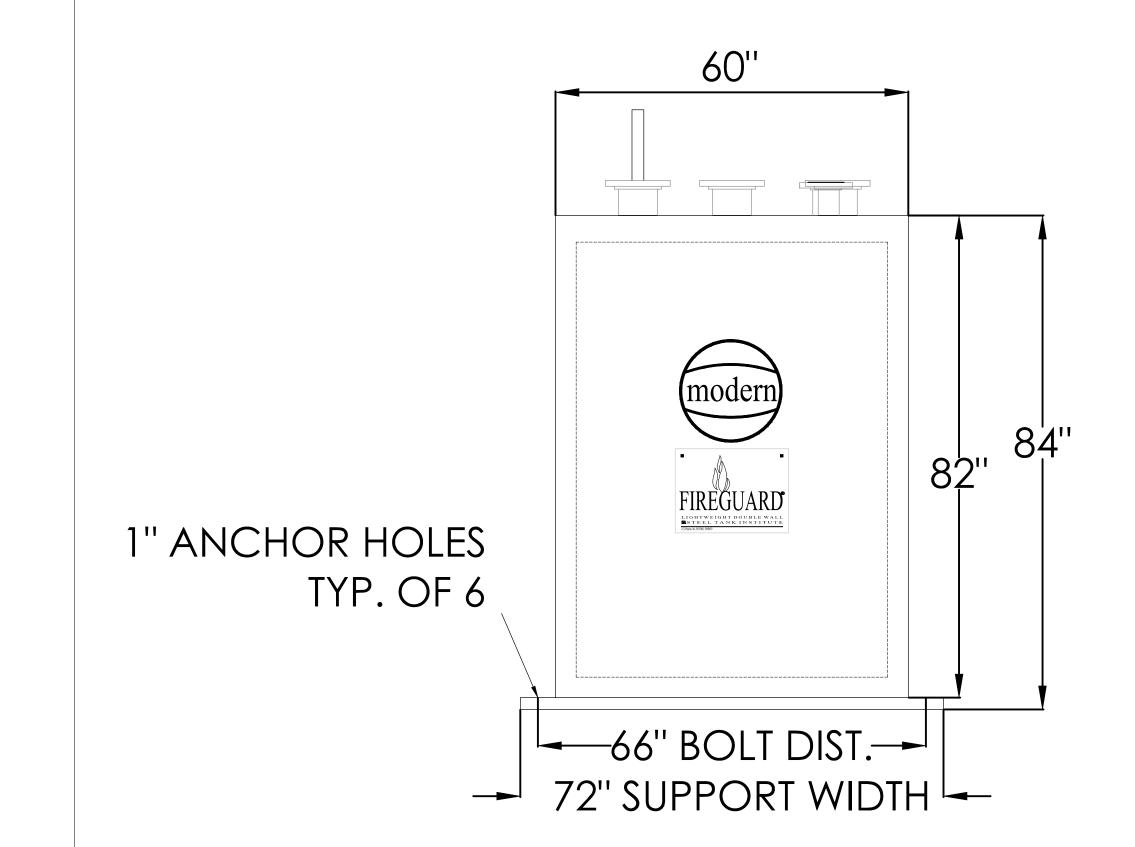


FITTING "B" DETAIL





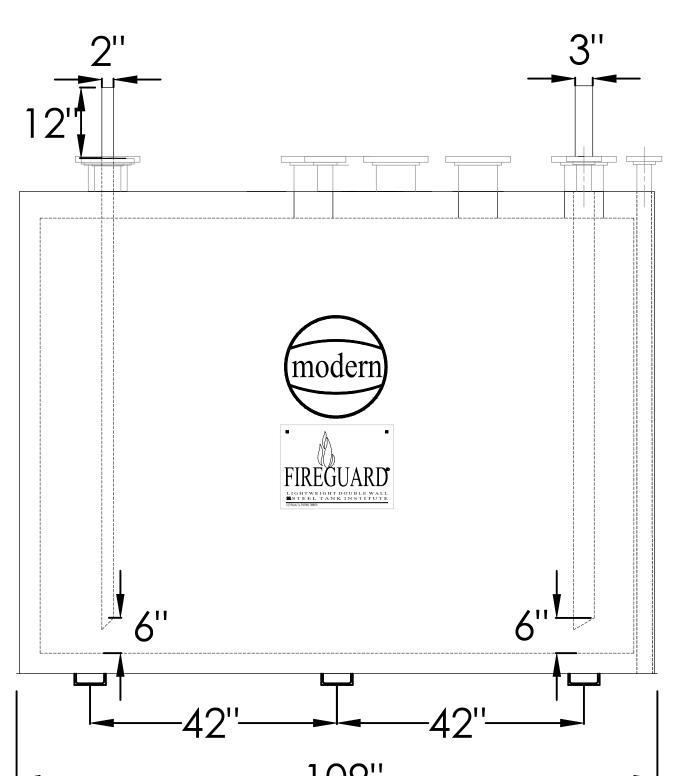
FITTING "K" DETAIL

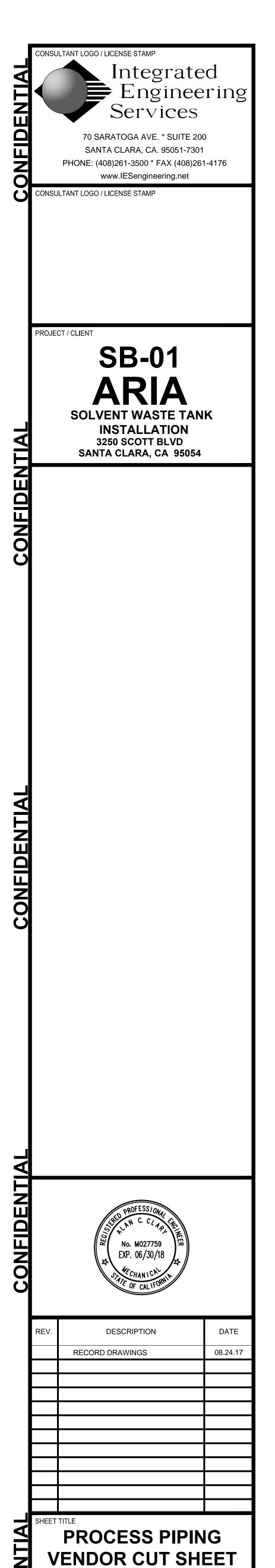


EXTERIOR: WHITE POLYURETHANE

OF 316L STAINLESS STEEL

NOTE: PRIMARY TANK AND OPENINGS





SW TANK

Form Approved. OMB No. 2050-0039

	ADISHIP						Form A	pproved. OME	No. 2050-0039			
_	se print or type. UNIFORM HAZARDOUS 1. Generator ID Number CARCO0278176	2. Page 1 of	3. Emergeno	y Response 888-78		4. Manifest 1	racking Num 456	<u>5900</u>	FLE			
	WASTE MANIFEST 5. Generators Name and Mailing Address One Apple Park Way M/S 319-5EH&S Cupertino, CA 95014 (408) 595-6513	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Generator's Sife Address (if different than mailing address) Apple, Inc. 3250 Scott Blvd., Suite 100 Santa Clera, CA 95054									
$\ \cdot\ $	Generators Phone:		U.S. EPA ID Number 1 CAR000070540									
Ш	Advanced Chemical Transport Inc./DBA ACTerwine		U.S. EPAID Number									
Н	7. Transporter 2 Company Name Clean Harbors Environmental		··· 	U.S. EPA ID Number								
	Designated Facility Name and Site Address Clean Harbors Aragonite, LLC 1600 N. Actus Road Aragonite, UT 84029						UTD981552177					
	Facility's Phone: 435-884-8100 9a. 9b. U.S. DOT Description (including Proper Shipping Name, Hazard Class, ID Number	ж,		10. Contair		11. Total Quantity	12. Unit Wt./Vol:	13. Was	te Codes			
	HM and Packing Group (if any)) 1. NOR-RCKA Hazardous Waste Solid (Activated Carl	bon)		No.	Type CF	Geometry		331				
GENERATOR			(93		630						
I GENE	2.											
	3.	·········										
							1 1					
	4.											
İ	14. Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information	Number	273002	Docum	igent #: DX	30249	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
	14. Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information 1) CH1986605 APCOO_1OO_3 (3 XCY	(8)										
	15. GENERATOR'S/OFFEROR'S CERTIFICATION: I hereby declare that the contents of it marked and labeled/placarded, and are in all respects in proper condition for transport a Exporter, I certify that the contents of this consignment conform to the terms of the attact I certify that the waste minimization statement identified in 40 CFR 262.27(a) (if I am a I	according to app ched EPA:Ackno	ent are fully and accurately described above by the proper shipping name, and are classified, packaged, pplicable international and national governmental regulations, if export shipment and I am the Primary newledgment of Consent. generator) or (b) (if I am a small quantity generator) or (b) (if I am a small quantity generator).									
	Generator's/Official a Printed/Typed Name ON, Bohalf of APPLE			//				Month	Day Year J 141 20			
N TN	16. International Shipments Import to U.S.	Export from	n U.S.	Port of e	phylickit:							
£	Transporter signature (for exports only): 17. Transporter Acknowledgment of Receipt of Materials	·		Sam io								
ORT	Transporter 1 Printed/Type0Tylame		erutengi	16				Month /Z_	Day Year _ 4 2 £			
TRANSPORTER	Transporter PrinterTyped Nam		Signature (/		Nonth	172			
<u> </u>	18. Discreparity		///			<u>'</u>	*****	16				
	18a. Discrepancy Indication Space Quantity Type			Residue		Partial R	ejection		Full Rejection			
ΤΥ –	18b. Alternate Facility (or Generator)		<u>Man</u>	ifest Referenc	e Number:	U.S. EPA IC	Number		<u> </u>			
FACIL	Facility's Phone:					1						
DESIGNATED FACILITY	18c. Signature of Alternate Facility (or Generator)					<u> </u>		Monti	Day Year			
	19. Hazardous Waste Report Management Method Codes (i.e., codes for hazardous waste t	treatment, dispo	osal, and recyc	ling systems)	1			<u> </u>	. t			
ă	HOUD 2	3	3.			4.						
$\ $	20. Designated Facility Owner or Operator: Certification of receipt of hazardous materials co			as noted in the	em 18a			Mar) Day Year			
$\left \right $	Printed/Typed Name	:	Signature			Z		Monti 【	18121			
냙	PA Form 8700-22 (Rev. 12-17) Previous editions are obsolete.			DE	SIGNATI	D FACILIT	Y TO EP	A's e-MANI	FEST SYSTEM			

Please print or type.

50#2105894546

AP15168

Form Approved, OMB No. 2050-0039

1	Įι	INIFORM HAZARDOUS	Generator ID Number	2.	Page 1 of 3. Em		e Phone	4. Manifes			2. ON B 140.	2000-0000		
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П	l	• • •	rk Way M/S 319-5EH&S			•	4 6.44	100						
Ш	٦	Cupertino, CA	95014		ı San	3250 Scott Blvd., Suite 100 Santa Clara, CA 95054								
	_	ene ator's Phone: (40) Transporter 1 Company Name	3) <u>595-6513</u>											
Ħ	ľ							U.S. EPA ID	N umber					
	L	Advanced Che	mical Transport Inc./DBA ACTen	VI/O				CAR000070540						
	ľ	Transporter 2 Company Name		<u></u>				U.S. EPA ID	Number			•		
Ш	Ц	LEAN HAM	SURS ENVERON M	ITNI	H , 90,	RVICE	-5	MAD 03932250						
	8.	. Designated Facility Name and	1 Site Address			····		U.S. EPA ID Number						
	l	Clean Harbors	Aragonite, LLC				·							
Н		11600 N. Aptu	s Road					U	TD98158	2177				
$ \cdot $	F	Aragonite, UT lacility's Phone:	04029 84.8100					i						
	Г		17-8-100 in (including Proper Shipping Name, Hazard Class, ID	Number		10.0		<u> </u>	т	т -				
Н		and Packing Group (if ar	ny))	rivumber,		10. Conta	т —	11. Total Quantity	12. Unit Wt./Vol.	1 L1 Wasie Lones				
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4						02		980		<u> </u>	——			
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	14	Special Handling Instructions	and Additional Information	raiget Num	nber 324405	<u> </u>		2000	<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>			
111		4) 014000000	APC-101-107 (2XC	Clact Mini	IUBY SZIPHUS	Docum	ent#: D3	30Z33						
		1) CH1986605	APC-101-102 (2) C	YB)										
			7	, •,										
	15	CENERATORISIOSESPOR	I'S CERTIFICATION: I horoby declare that the					 	 					
	'	marked and labeled/placard	t'S CERTIFICATION: I hereby declare that the conter led, and are in all respects in proper condition for trans	nts of this con isport accordin	signment are tully a to annlicable inte	ar o accurately de imational and nati	scribed above ional dovernm) by the proper strength one	ipping name If export sh	e, and are cla ir ment and l	Ssified, packa are the Prima	aged,		
		Exporter, I certify that the co	intents of this consignment conform to the terms of the	e attached EP	A Acknowledgmen	of Consent.			. II export an	it i i e i i a i e i	AIII LIIO FINIIG	³¹ y		
$\ \ \ $	_	I certify that the waste minim	nization statement identified in 40 CFR 262.27(a) (if I	am a large qu	ntity generator) or (b) (if I am a small quantity generator) is true.									
	G€	enerator's/Offeror's Printed/One	ed Name on Behalf of Apple	: #NC	Signature	//					nth Day	Year		
4			me loxa				^> ¾	\leq $ 1 \alpha$				21		
	16	International Shipments	Import to U.S.	□ Evr	ort from U.S.	Port of e	for Svitt							
Livi	Tr	ansporter signature (for exports				Date leavi		-						
es	17	. Transporter Acknowledgment o	of Receipt of Materials											
TRANSPORTER	Tra	insporter 1 Printed/Typed Nam			Signature	//			_	Moi	nth Day	Year		
<u>6</u> .		ſ	May has		1	[[-	4/N			1 1	1 Inc	121		
욁	Tra	ansporter 2 Printed/Typed Name			Signature					Moi	nth Day	Year		
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뒤	18	Discrepancy			1-10	- FOD	-		_		1 /5	14		
Tŀ	_													
	(0)	a. Discrepancy Indication Space	e Quantity	Гуре	[Residue		Partial Rej	ection		Full Reje	ction		
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<u>,</u>	10	Aliamata Essilla (O		·	M	ariifest Reference	Number:		,					
텖	ıöl	b. Alternate Facility (or General	(SOF)					U.S. EPA ID N	lumber					
FACILITY														
	_	cility's Phone:						<u>L</u>						
뗍	180	 Signature of Alternate Facility 	y (or Generator)							Mo	nth Day	Year		
ᇍ											İ			
DESIGNATED	19.	Hazardous Waste Report Man	agement Method Codes (i.e., codes for hazardous wa	aste treatmen	t, disposal, and rec	yding systems)								
삚[1.	LINUN	2.		3.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4.	<u> </u>					
, [1[040			<u> </u>									
	20.	Designated Facility Owner or 0	Operator: Certification of receipt of hazardous materia	als covered hv	the manifest excer	nt as noted in Item	18a	<u></u>			•			
		nterd Typed Name	The state of the s	00 10 10 by	Signature	A A	7			Mo	nth Day	Year		
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P4	<u>.</u>	m 8700-22 (Rev. 12-17) P	Previous editions are obsolete.				2					<u> 141</u>		
	-		realers commute the ansatisfier			DES	GNATED	FACILITY '	IO EPA	s e-MAN	iifest S	YSTEM		
							_							

Ple	ase pr	int or type.					Form	Approved. OMB No. 2050-003
1	UNIF	ORM HAZARDOUS WASTE MANIFEST (Continuation Sheet)	21. Generator ID Number CAD ESO 278176	22. Page	23. Manii	est Tracking Nu	in har	63 FLE
42 1041	24. G	enerator's Name APPAE //V C					•	
<i>.</i>	25. 1	Fersporter Company Name COMPANY Name	TZIANS POZTATTO RS IN HARBORS ENVIRONMENTAL	2 3 210		U.S. EPAID	112E	00181560
	26. T	ansporter 4 Company Name CLEA	N HARBORS ENVIRONMENTAL	- SENICE	: 5	U.S. EPA ID		7 27.50
	31. Waste Codes							
	НМ	and Packing Group (if any))		No.	Туре	Quantity	Wt./Vol.	31. Waste Codes
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	32. Sp	ecial Handling Instructions and Additional Informa	lon				i	
*	33. Tra	insporter Acknowledgment of Receipt of N	Aaterials					
TRANSPORTER		Typed Name	Signature				_	Month Day Year
OdS	34. Tra	insporter 4 Acknowledgment of Receipt of N	12xx					WAY Y
TRAK		Typed Name OI / I	Signature			•		Month Day Year
-	35. Dis	crepancy / hr/ Ncrb	awy	1_				11 29 21
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ğ								
DESIGNATED FACILITY	36. Ha	ardous Waste Report Management Method Code	is (i.e., codes for hazardous waste treatment, disposal, and rec	cycling systems)				
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岩				I			J	
PΑ	Form 8	1700-22A (Rev. 12-17) Previous editions ar	e obsolete.	DESI	GNATED	FACILITY	TO EPA'	s e-MANIFEST SYSTEN

AP15168

Form Approved, OMS No. 2050-0039

1	UNIF	ORM HAZARDOUS	1. Generator ID Nur	mber	2. Page 1 of 3.	. Emergency Response	e Phone	4 _ :	Tracking N	umber		2030-0039	
Н		ASTE MANIFEST		0278176_	1 1	888-78	85-7225	<u> </u>				FLE	
Н	5. Ger	erator's Name and Mailin	g Address		•	enerator's Site Address	(if different t						
		Apple, Inc.	de 1860 - 6460	540 CEU80		pple, Inc.							
$\ \cdot\ $	ļ	One Apple Pa Çupertino, CA	nk vvaly M/S. 95014	319-5EH&S	3.	250 Scott Blvo lanta Clara, C/	1, Suite	100					
	_	ator's Phone: (40) nsporter 1 Company Nam	3) 595-6513			en Rei Cieres, Ci		11 A FRILIS					
	0. IIai			and law (DDA ACT)				U.S. EPA ID					
	7. Tran	coorter 2 Company Nam	^	ont Inc./DBA ACTenviro				U.S. EPA ID		\R00007	<u>0540</u>		
	6	lean Ha	chos	Environmente	1 300	vires				932	295	50	
	8. Des	ignated Facility Name and		U.S. EPA ID		10-		-					
		Clean Harbors 11600 N. Aptu Aragonite, UT	s Road	TC		:		UTD981552177					
	Facility		84-8100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				,					
	9a. HM	9b. U.S. DOT Description and Pecking Group (if a		Shipping Name, Hazard Class, ID Number,		10. Contai No.	ners Type	11. Total Quantity	13. Wasie Lodes			25	
1		1-NON-RCRA H	AZARDOUS	WASTE, SOLID, (ACTIV	ATED		DM			331			
힏		CARBON)				01	LAM	420		· · · · ·		 	
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GENERATOR		2.]]	
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	14. Sp	ecial Handling Instruction	s and Additional Info	Project !	Vumber 3384	179 Docum	ent#: D4	12993		:			
		1) CH1986187	APC_40	TO VER OW	Inside	85.D4V	overp	aur)					
li													
	15. G	ENERATOR'S/OFFERO	R'S CERTIFICATION	N: I hereby declare that the contents of this	s consignment are	fully and accurately de	scribed above	e by the proper s	nipping name	a, ard are cia	ssified, pack	aged,	
	Đ	narked and labeled/placar	ded, and are in all re	espects in proper condition for transport acc	cording to applicabl	le internationat and nati							
				gnment conform to the terms of the attache dentified in 40 CFR 262.27(a) (if I am a larg			all quantity ge	nerator) is true.	_				
	Genen			half of Apple INC.	Signati	ire	2			Moi	,		
+		()Ma	روا ح	(A	<u></u>	10	\geq				202	122	
1	16. Inte	emational Shipments	Import to	U.S.	Export from U.S.	Port of or	ary/exit						
롣		oorter signature (for expor	-			Date leavi	ing U.S.:						
띮		nsporter Acknowledgmen orter 1 Printed/Typed far		ads	Ct	_ . · ·				Moi	nth Day	Year	
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→ TRANSPORTER INT'L	Transp	orter 2 Printe /Typed Na	Tie A/		Signati	ure 1		7		¥io		Year	
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<u>►</u>	18. Dis	screpancy	~₩~	ALVI CEDI							<u>v v v</u>		
	-	iscrepancy Indication Spa	ю По	Eb. True		Residue		Partial Re	iertian		Full Rej	ection	
		-	Cuani	lity Type		Kesīduē		raiuai Ke	pacuUII		1 6/11/0]	PORO!	
1	<u></u>	<u> </u>				Manifest Reference	e Number:						
Ĕ	18b. Al	Iternate Facility (or Gener	ator)			<u> </u>		U.S. EPA ID	Number			ļ	
ថ្ង								ı				ŀ	
18b. Alternate Facility (or Generator) Facility's Phone: 18c. Signature of Alternate Facility (or Generator) 19. Hazardous Waste Report Management Method Codes (i.e., codes for hazardous waste treatment, disposal, and recycling systems) 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 2. 3. 3.								<u> </u>		Me	onth Da	y Year	
ATE		g Siracurio (Col	., (50.0.00)							'"		· · · ·	
중	19. Ha	zardous Waste Report Ma	anagement Melhod (Codes (i.e., codes for hazardous waste trea	stment, disposal, a	nd recycling systems)	······			<u> </u>		-1	
SEC	1.	1		2.	3.	respans species		4,					
-	1	1040						<u>. </u>					
	20. De	signated Facility Owner o	r Operator: Certificat	tion of receipt of hazardous materials cover									
	Printed	Juped Name 1 (1 P)	Alalana		Signat	Brank	1				onth Day		
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WASTE MATERIAL PROFILE SHEET

Clean Harbors Profile No. CH1505500

CITY

A. GENERAL INFORMATION GENERATOR EPA ID #/REGISTRATION #

GENERATOR CODE (Assigned by Clean Harbors)

ADDRESS 3250 Scott Blvd

CUSTOMER CODE (Assigned by Clean Harbors) ADDRESS 1210 Elko Drive

CAR000278176

AP15168

AC20127

GENERATOR NAME:

CUSTOMER NAME:

Santa Clara

Sunnyvale

Apple inc.

STATE/PROVINCE

ZIP/POSTAL CODE

95054

PHONE: (408) 206-5377

ACT Environmental Services - Apple Inc STATE/PROVINCE ZIP/POSTAL CODE CA

94089

B. WASTE DESCRIPTION

WASTE DESCRIPTION: Mixed Flammable Liquids

PROCESS GENERATING WASTE:

PROCESS USING SOLVENT in

IS THIS WASTE CONTAINED IN SMALL PACKAGING CONTAINED WITHIN A LARGER SHIPPING CONTAINER?

C. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES (at 25C or 77F)

PHYSICAL STATE

SOLID WITHOUT FREE LIQUID

POWDER

MONOLITHIC SOLID

LIQUID WITH NO SOLIDS LIQUID/SOLID MIXTURE

% FREE LIQUID

% SETTLED SOLID

% TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLID

SLUDGE

GAS/AEROSOL

ASH DOINT OF (OC)

141 -200 (60-93)

> 200 (>93)

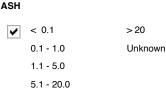
NUMBER OF PHASES/LAYERS								
V 1	2	3	TOP	0.00				
% BY V	OLUME (A	Approx.)	MIDDLE	0.00				
	() ,		BOTTOM	0.00				
ODOR								
	NONE		BOILII	NG POINT °F (°C)				
~	MILD			<= 95 (<=35)				
	STRONG	3		95 - 100 (35-38)				
Describe:				101 - 129 (38-54)				
				>= 130 (>54)				

VISCOSITY (If liquid present) COLOR 1 - 100 (e.g. Water) **VARIES** 101 - 500 (e.g. Motor Oil) 501 - 10,000 (e.g. Molasses) > 10,000 MELTING POINT °F (°C) **TOTAL ORGANIC** CARBON < 140 (<60) <= 1% 140-200 (60-93) 1-9% > 200 (>93) >= 10%

FLASH POINT F (C)	рн	
< 73 (<23)		<= 2
73 - 100 (23-38)		2.1 -
1 01 -140 (38-60)		7 (Ne

.1 - 6.9 (Neutral) 7.1 - 12.4 >= 12.5





BTU/LB (MJ/kg) < 2.000 (<4.6) 2,000-5,000 (4.6-11.6) 5,000-10,000 (11.6-23.2) > 10,000 (>23.2) Actual:

D. COMPOSITION (List the complete composition of the waste, include any inert components and/or debris. Ranges for individual components are acceptable. If a trade name is used, please supply an MSDS. Please do not use abbreviations.)

CHEMICAL	MIN	 MAX	UOM
1-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE	10.000000	 20.0000000	%
ACETONE	1.0000000	 2.0000000	%
BUTYL ACETATE	1.0000000	 2.0000000	%
DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE	0.0000000	 2.0000000	%
GLYCOL ETHER	1.0000000	 2.0000000	%
HYDROXYLAMINE RESINS	0.0000000	 1.0000000	%
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	20.000000	 40.0000000	%
METHANOL	0.0000000	 0.5000000	%
N-METHYL PYRROLIDONE	15.0000000	 15.0000000	%
PGMEA	1.0000000	 2.0000000	%

DOES THIS WASTE CONTAIN ANY HEAVY GAUGE METAL DEBRIS OR OTHER LARGE OBJECTS (EX., METAL PLATE OR PIPING >1/4" THICK OR >12" LONG, METAL REINFORCED HOSE >12" LONG, METAL WIRE >12" LONG, METAL VALVES, PIPE FITTINGS, CONCRETE REINFORCING BAR OR PIECES OF CONCRETE >3")?

YES NO

If yes, describe, including dimensions:

DOES THIS WASTE CONTAIN ANY METALS IN POWDERED OR OTHER FINELY DIVIDED FORM?

DOES THIS WASTE CONTAIN OR HAS IT CONTACTED ANY OF THE FOLLOWING; ANIMAL WASTES, HUMAN BLOOD, BLOOD PRODUCTS, BODY FLUIDS, MICROBIOLOGICAL WASTE, PATHOLOGICAL WASTE, HUMAN OR ANIMAL DERIVED SERUMS OR PROTEINS OR ANY OTHER

~ YES NO

NO

YES

I acknowledge that this waste material is neither infectious nor does it contain any organism known to be a threat to human health. This certification is based on my knowledge of the material. Select the answer below that applies:

The waste was never exposed to potentially infectious material. Chemical disinfection or some other form of sterilization has been applied to the waste.

YES NO YES NO YES NO

I ACKNOWLEDGE THAT THIS PROFILE MEETS THE CLEAN HARBORS BATTERY PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS. I ACKNOWLEDGE THAT MY FRIABLE ASBESTOS WASTE IS DOUBLE BAGGED AND WETTED.

YFS

W219

SPECIFY THE SOURCE CODE ASSOCIATED WITH THE WASTE.

G02

SPECIFY THE FORM CODE ASSOCIATED WITH THE WASTE.

NO



Clean Harbors Profile No. CH1505500

E. CONSTITUENTS

Are these values based on testing or knowledge?

Knowledge

Testing

If based on knowledge, please describe in detail, the rationale applied to identify and characterize the waste material. Please include reference to Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) when applicable. Include the chemical or trade-name represented by the MSDS, and or detailed process or operating procedures which generate the waste.

Process knowledge of laboratory operations

Please indicate which constituents below apply. Concentrations must be entered when applicable to assist in accurate review and expedited approval of your waste profile. Please note that the total regulated metals and other constituents sections require answers.

RCRA	REGULATED METALS	REGULATORY LEVEL (mg/l)	TCLP mg/l	TOTAL	UOM	NOT APPLI		
D004	ARSENIC	5.0				✓		
D005	BARIUM	100.0				~		
D006	CADMIUM	1.0				~		
D007	CHROMIUM	5.0				<u>~</u>		
D008	LEAD	5.0				▽		
D009	MERCURY	0.2				~		
D010	SELENIUM	1.0				······		
D011	SILVER	5.0				·····		
	VOLATILE COMPOUNDS			OTHER CONSTITUENTS		MAX	UOM	NOT
D018	BENZENE	0.5		o men oonom oen			00	APPLICABLE
D019	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	0.5		BROMINE				✓
D021	CHLOROBENZENE	100.0		CHLORINE				<u> </u>
D022	CHLOROFORM	6.0		FLUORINE				✓
D028	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	0.5		IODINE				<u>~</u>
D029	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	0.7		SULFUR				·····
D035	METHYL ETHYL KETONE	200.0		POTASSIUM				·····
D039	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.7		SODIUM				·····
D039	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	0.7		AMMONIA				
D040 D043	VINYL CHLORIDE	0.3		CYANIDE AMENABLE				·····
	. –			CYANIDE REACTIVE				
Dooo	SEMI-VOLATILE COMPOUNDS			CYANIDE TOTAL				·
D023	o-CRESOL	200.0		SULFIDE REACTIVE				·····
D024	m-CRESOL	200.0		JOEI DE REACTIVE				<u></u>
D025	p-CRESOL	200.0		HOCs		PCBs		
D026	CRESOL (TOTAL)	200.0		NONE		✓ NON	E	
D027	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	7.5		< 1000 PPM		< 50		
D030	2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	0.13		>= 1000 PPM		>=50	PPM	
D032	HEXACHLOROBENZENE	0.13				IF PCBS A	RE PRESEI	NT IS THE
D033	HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	0.5				WASTE RE		BY TSCA 40
D034	HEXACHLOROETHANE	3.0				CFR 761?		
D036	NITROBENZENE	2.0		I		YE	s 🗸	NO
D037	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	100.0						
D038	PYRIDINE	5.0						
D041	2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOL	400.0						
D042	2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	2.0						
	PESTICIDES AND HERBICIDE	S						
D012	ENDRIN	0.02						
D013	LINDANE	0.4						
D014	METHOXYCHLOR	10.0						
D015	TOXAPHENE	0.5						
D016	2,4-D	10.0						
D017	2,4,5-TP (SILVEX)	1.0						
D020	CHLORDANE	0.03						
D031	HEPTACHLOR (AND ITS EPOXIDE							
	TIONAL HAZARDS							
70011								

DOES THIS WASTE HAVE ANY UNDISCLOSED HAZARDS OR PRIOR INCIDENTS ASSOCIATED WITH IT, WHICH COULD AFFECT THE WAY IT SHOULD BE HANDLED?

✓ YES

NO (If yes, explain) Exposure to TMAH

CHOOSE ALL THAT APPLY

EXPLOSIVE DEA REGULATED SUBSTANCES **POLYMERIZABLE RADIOACTIVE**

FUMING

REACTIVE MATERIAL

OSHA REGULATED CARCINOGENS

NONE OF THE ABOVE

Report Printed On: Thursday, April 01, 2021 /WINWEB/Profile\Waste Profile.rdl



Clean Harbors Profile No. CH1505500

FR	EGULA	TORY:	STATI	IS							
F. R. ✓	YES	Ont	NO NO	USEPA HAZARDOUS \	WASTE?						
	. 20			D001 F003							
•	YES		NO	DO ANY STATE WAST	DO ANY STATE WASTE CODES APPLY?						
				135 214							
				Texas Waste Code	OUTS219H	•					\neg
	YES	~	NO	DO ANY CANADIAN PI	ROVINCIAL V	WASTE CODES APPLY	′?				
~	YES		NO				THOUT FURTHER TREA	TMENT PE	ER 40 CFR PART 2681)	_
				LDR CATEGORY: VARIANCE INFO:	This is s	ubject to LDR.					\dashv
	YES	•	NO	IS THIS A UNIVERSAL	WASTE?						_
	YES		NO	IS THE GENERATOR O	OF THE WAS	TE CLASSIFIED AS A	VERY SMALL QUANTITY	GENERA	TOR (VSQG) OR A ST	ATE EQUIVALENT	
	YES		NO	IS THIS MATERIAL GC	ING TO BE I	MANAGED AS A RCRA	EXEMPT COMMERCIAL	PRODUC	T, WHICH IS FUEL (40) CFR 261.2 (C)(2)(II))?	
	YES	V	NO	DOES TREATMENT OF					,	(-/(// //	
	YES		NO				METAL BEARING WAST	E PROHIB	ITION FOUND AT 40 (CFR 268.3(C)?	
~	YES		NO	DOES THIS WASTE CO							
	YES		NO	DOES THE WASTE CO	NTAIN GRE	ATER THAN 20% OF C	DRGANIC CONSTITUENT	S WITH A	VAPOR PRESSURE >	= .3KPA (.044 PSIA)?	
	YES	V	NO	DOES THIS WASTE CO	ONTAIN AN O	ORGANIC CONSTITUE	NT WHICH IN ITS PURE	FORM HAS	S A VAPOR PRESSUE	RE > 76.6 KPA (11.1 PSIA)?	
	YES	~	NO	IS THIS CERCLA REGI						,	
	YES	·	NO	IS THE WASTE SUBJE	,	,	NESHAP RUI ES?				
	0					HON) rule (subpart G)		ıticals produ	uction (subpart GGG)		
	YES	V	NO	_			VASTE STREAM CONTA	·			
	ILO	YES		NO Does the wast	e stream con	ne from a facility with or	ne of the SIC codes listed	under benz	ene NESHAP or is this	waste regulated under the benze	
		YES				· ·	waste is trom a cnemical r ility with Total Annual Ben			covery, or petroleum refinery proc	ess?
				TAB quantity for your fa			Megagram/year (1 Mg = 2		/ >10 Mg/year !		
				or this determination is: I				.,200 100)	Knowledge	Testing	
		Desc	cribe th	e knowledge :						Jan 9	
	G. DOT/	TDG II	NFORM	IATION							
DO	T/TDG F	PROPE	R SHI	PPING NAME:							
	UN1	1993,	WAST	E FLAMMABLE LIQ	UIDS, N.O.	S., (ISOPROPANOL	., ACETONE), 3, PG II	I			
Н.	FRANSF	ORTA	TION	REQUIREMENTS							
EST	IMATED) SHIP	MENT	FREQUENCY ONE T	IME 🗸 WE	EEKLY MONTHLY	QUARTERLY YEAR	LY OTHI	ER		
		V	_	NTAINERIZED			BULK LIQUID		BULK	SOLID	
				IS/SHIPMENT		GALLONS/SHIPMEN	T: 0 Min -0 Max	GAL.	SHIPMENT UOM:	TON YA	RD
)RAGE (NTAINEF			5					TONS/YARDS/SHIF	PMENT: 0 Min - 0 Max	
٠	POF	RTABLE 1	TOTE TAN	IK BOXICARTONI	CASE						
		SIC YARE	BOX	DRUM							
	OTH	ien:		DRUM SIZE: 27	₅ l				1		
1. 9	SPECIAL	L REQ	UEST								
	COMME			ESTS:							
INC	INERATI	ON ON	LY								
GEI	NERATOR	R'S CEF	RTIFICA	TION							
l ce san	rtify that I	am aut nitted a	horized t	to execute this document as sentative of the actual waste						ne best of my knowledge.I also certify the nority to amend the profile, as Clean Ha	
dee	ms neces	sary, to	reflect t	he discrepancy.							
	AU ⁻	THOR	ZED S	IGNATURE	NAN	ME (PRINT)		TITLE		DATE	
_						Alkhafaji	Oper	ations	<u>Man</u> ager	10/12/2021	
Т	his waste	profile	has bee	n submitted using Clean Har	oors' electronic	signature system.					

*40 CFR Sec. 264.12 required notice:

Report Printed On: Thursday, April 01, 2021

As required by Federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act regulations found in 40 CFR Part 264.12(b) and all equivalent State hazardous waste regulations, notice is hereby provided that all Clean Harbors facilities that may be used to treat, store, and /or dispose of the hazardous waste described on this waste profile have the appropriate permits and the capacity to manage these wastes.

Please note this profile must be submitted for re-evaluation if there has been a change in the waste generating process or when there have been changes in the chemical composition or physical characteristics of the material.



Clean Harbors Profile No. CH1505500

Addendum

D. COMPOSITION			
CHEMICAL	MIN	MAX	UOM
TETRAMETHYLAMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	1.00000 00	5.0000 000	%
WATER	50.0000 000	75.000 0000	%

G. DOT/TDG INFORMATION



WORLD OIL RECYCLING'S LABORATORY IS CERTIFIED BY THE CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORY ACCREDITATION PROGRAM (ELAP) CERT. # 2037

GENERATOR'S WASTE PROFILE WORKSHEET

		80 65 8	1 1 2 2 1 3 the line 1
GE	NERATOR'S INFORMATION		
A.	GENERATOR'S NAME Apple, Inc	В.	EPA ID#_CAR000278176
C,	GENERATOR'S ADDRESS 3250 Scott Blvd	D.	PHONE (108)990-5691
E.	CITY, STATE, ZIP Santa Clara, CA 95054		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
F.	GENERATOR CONTACT Sameei Alkhafaji	G.	TITLE Project Manager
H.	CUSTOMER NAME ACTENVIRO	1.	PHONE (408)-548-5050
J.	TRANSPORTER NAME ACTENVIRO	K.	PHONE (408-548-5050
Į.,	TRANSPORTER EPA ID# CAR000070540	M.	CONTACT 408-548-5050
	Water with columns (1 METHYL 2 DVDDOLIDONE	Acetone II	DA Putul Acctato N METHYL DVDDOLIDONE)
A.	NAME OF WASTE Water with solvents (1-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE,	Acetone, in	
В. С.	CALIFORNIA HAZARDOUS WASTE CODE NO 133		
C. D.	EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE CODE NO. NONE DESCRIBE PROCESS GENERATING WASTE STRIPPING I	PROCES	S USING SOLVENT in wafer fabrication
D.	IS THIS WASTE REGULATED UNDER THE BENZENE NESI		
	IF YES, IS BENZENE WASTE FROM A CHEMICAL MANUFA		
	BY-PRODUCT RECOVERY, OR PETROLEUM REFINERY PR		
Ē.	DOES THIS WASTE CONTAIN PCB'S?	100200	yes v no
F.	DOES THIS WASTE CONTAIN DIOXIN? (F020-F028)		yes v no
G.	DOES THIS WASTE CONTAIN SULFIDES OR CYANIDES?		yes v no
H.	DOES THIS WASTE CONTAIN PESTICIDES OR HERBICIDE	ES?	yesno
	(IF YES, IDENTIFY IN ITEMS A OR D ABOVE.)		
I.	DOES THIS WASTE CONTAIN SOLVENTS?		yes xxxxxxxno
	(IF YES, IDENTIFY IN ITEMS A OR D ABOVE.)		
J.	DOES THIS WASTE CONTAIN PLATING WASTE?		yesv no
K.	HAS THIS WASTE BEEN MIXED WITH RCRA LISTED WAST	TE?	
	(F, K, U OR P EPA WASTE CODES)		yesv no
L.	IF YOU HAVE MSDS FOR COMPONENTS IN THIS WAS		AAODO ATTA OUED []
M.	PLEASE ATTACHIF YOU HAVE CURRENT ANALYSIS OF THIS WASTE,		MSDS ATTACHED
141.	PLEASE ATTACH	C	HEMICAL ANALYSIS ATTACHED [
N.	PACKAGING / VOLUME ☐ BULK LIQUID ☑ DRUMS ☐ C		
	☑ GALLONS ☐ LBS. ☐ CUBIC YARDS PER: ☐ DA		ONTH QUARTER YEAR
GEN	ERATOR'S CERTIFICATION		OFFICE OF THE PARTY OF THE PART
REPF PROF TATIV CHAN	EBY CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ON THIS DOCUMENT, RESENTATION HAS BEEN COMMITTED BY ANYONE. I FURTHER CERTIFY FILE WERE TAKEN AND PRESERVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 40 CFR 261, FOR MY ACTUAL WASTE STREAM. I HEREBY AGREE TO NOTIFY WORLIGE IN ANY WAY. HORIZED SIGNATURE On behalf of Apple, Inc	THAT ANY , APPENDI)	SAMPLE(S) PROVIDED WITH THIS WASTE (1 AND ARE ACCURATE AND REPRESEN- CYCLING SHOULD THIS WASTE STREAM
			DATE 05 / 02 / 2022
PRIN	IT NAME AND TITLE Sameei Alkhafaji Project Manage	er .	



Creation Date 01-September-2009 Revision Date 18-January-2018 Revision Number 4

1. Identification

Product Name 2-Propanol

Cat No.: A426F-1GAL; A426P-4; A426S-4; A426S-20; A426S-200

CAS-No 67-63-0

Synonyms 2-Propanol; IPA; Isopropyl alcohol; Propan-2-ol; Isopropanol

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Importer/Distributor Fisher Scientific 112 Colonnade Road, Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6, Canada

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Manufacturer

Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3

Target Organs - Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Category 2

Target Organs - Kidney, Liver.

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Causes serious eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness and dizziness

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharges

Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	>95

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Obtain medical attention. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects Breathing difficulties. May cause central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high

vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea

and vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Cool closed containers exposed to fire

with water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Water may be ineffective

12 °C / 53.6 °F **Flash Point**

Method -Abel Closed Cup (BS 2000 Part 170, IP 170, AS/NZS 2106)

Autoignition Temperature 425 °C / 797 °F

Explosion Limits

12 vol % Upper 2 vol % Lower

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2) peroxides

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
2	3	0	N/A

Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological

Environmental Precautions

information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up Up

with inert absorbent material. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area. Keep container tightly Storage

closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Isopropyl alcohol			TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm		TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm	` ,	IDLH: 2000 ppm TWA: 400 ppm

mg/m³	mg/m³	(Vacated) TWA:	TWA: 980
STEL: 400 ppm	STEL: 500 ppm	980 mg/m ³	mg/m³
STEL: 984	STEL: 1230	(Vacated) STEL:	
mg/m ³	mg/m³	500 ppm	STEL: 1225
	Ŭ	(Vacated) STEL:	mg/m³
		1225 mg/m ³	J
		TWA: 400 ppm	
		TWA: 980	
		mg/m³	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles

Hand Protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove n	naterial	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Butyl r	ubber	> 480 minutes	0.5 mm	Permeation rate < 0.9
Nitrile	rubber	> 360 - 480 minutes	0.35 - 0.55 mm	μg/cm2/min
				As tested under EN374-3
				Determination of Resistance to
				Permeation by Chemicals

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Physical and chemical properties

Liauid

Physical State Appearance Odor **Odor Threshold**

Colorless Alcohol-like

No information available

7 1% aq. sol -89.5 °C / -129.1 °F

Melting Point/Range

Boiling Point/Range 81 - 83 °C / 177.8 - 181.4 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 12 °C / 53.6 °F

Method - Abel Closed Cup (BS 2000 Part 170, IP 170, AS/NZS 2106)

Evaporation Rate

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

 Upper
 12 vol %

 Lower
 2 vol %

 Vapor Pressure
 43 mmHg @ 20 °C

 Vapor Density
 2.1 @ 20 °C / 68 °F

Specific Gravity 0.785

SolubilityMiscible with waterPartition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availableAutoignition Temperature425 °C / 797 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo information available

Viscosity 2.27 mPa.s at 20 °C

Molecular Formula C3 H8 O
Molecular Weight 60.1

VOC Content(%) 100% (Organic Carbon (by mass) = 59.9 %) (EC/1999/13)

Refractive index 1.377 at 20 °C / 68 °F (ASTM D-1218)

Surface tension 22.7 mN/m at 20 °C / 68 °F

Coefficient of expansion 0.0009 / °C

Dielectric constant 18.6 at 20 °C / 68 °F

Heat of vapourisation 665 J/g

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Specific heat capacity} & 3 \text{ kJ/kg °C at } 20 \text{ °C / } 68 \text{ °F} \\ \textbf{Thermal conductivity} & 0.137 \text{ W/m °C at } 20 \text{ °C / } 68 \text{ °F} \\ \end{array}$

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Acids, Halogens, Acid anhydrides

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), peroxides

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Isopropyl alcohol	5840 mg/kg (Rat)	13900 mg/kg (Rat) 12870 mg/kg (Rabbit)	72.6 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

 Irritation
 Irritating to eyes and skin

 Sensitization
 No information available

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive EffectsNo information available.

Developmental EffectsNo information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system Central nervous system (CNS)

STOT - repeated exposure Kidney Liver

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and May ca

delayed

May cause central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may

cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

. Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Isopropyl alcohol	EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 72h	LC50: > 1400000 µg/L, 96h	= 35390 mg/L EC50	13299 mg/L EC50 = 48 h
	(Desmodesmus	(Lepomis macrochirus)	Photobacterium	9714 mg/L EC50 = 24 h
	subspicatus)	LC50: = 9640 mg/L, 96h	phosphoreum 5 min	
	EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 96h	flow-through (Pimephales		
	(Desmodesmus	promelas)		
	subspicatus)	LC50: = 11130 mg/L, 96h		
		static (Pimephales		
		promelas)		

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

Component	log Pow		
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05		

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1219
Proper Shipping Name Isopropanol
Hazard Class 3

Packing Group

II

TDG

UN-No UN1219

Proper Shipping Name ISOPROPANOL

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1219
Proper Shipping Name UN1219

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1219

Proper Shipping Name Isopropanol (Isopropyl alcohol)

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

International Inventories

	Component	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Γ	Isopropyl alcohol	Х	-	Х	200-661-7	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
Isopropyl alcohol	Part 1, Group A Substance Part 5, Individual Substances		

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Creation Date01-September-2009Revision Date18-January-2018Print Date18-January-2018

Revision SummaryThis document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align

with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS





Revision Date 04/04/2015 Print Date 10/29/2015

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name

Product Use Description

: Intermediate for electronic industry

Company

: EMD Performance Materials Corp.

An affiliate of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany

One International Plaza, Suite 300

Philadelphia, PA 19113

Telephone

: 1-888-367-3275

Emergency telephone number : 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

HMIS Classification

: Health hazard: 2

Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 0 PPE:X

NFPA Classification

: Health hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 3 Reactivity Hazard: 0 Special Hazards: NONE



GHS Classification

Hazard category, Hazard

: Flammable liquids, Category 3

class

Hazard category, Hazard

Eye irritation, Category 2A

class

Hazard category, Hazard

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3

class



B(4)
Substance No.:

Version 4.1

Revision Date 04/04/2015 Print Date 10/29/2015

GHS-Labelling

Symbol(s)

Signal word

: Warning

Hazard statements

Flammable liquid and vapour.
Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation, and drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No

smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

Response:

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsina.

IF exposed or if you feel unwell:

Get medical advice/ attention.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant

foam for extinction.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store in a closed container.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal

plant.





Revision Date 04/04/2015 Print Date 10/29/2015

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous ingredients

Component	CAS-No.	Weight percent
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	107-98-2	65 - 75
1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate	108-65-6	25 - 35
2-Methoxy-1-propanol acetate	70657-70-4	< 0.3

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid procedures

Inhalation : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while

removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with water at least 15

minutes. Get medical attention if eye irritation develops or

persists.

Ingestion : Keep respiratory tract clear. If conscious, drink plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Obtain medical attention.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable properties

Flash point

: 90 °F (32 °C)

Method: closed cup

Fire fighting

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide.

Further information

: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Cool containers/tanks with water spray.





Revision Date 04/04/2015 Print Date 10/29/2015

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Specific hazards during firefighting

: As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous

products of combustion (see section 10).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Environmental precautions

: Do not allow entry to drains, water courses or soil Prevent spreading by use of suitable barriers.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods for containment / Methods for cleaning up

: Wearing appropriate personal protective equipment, contain spill, ventilate area of spill or leak, remove all sparking devices or ignition sources, collect onto inert absorbent, and place in a

suitable container.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Handling

: Wash thoroughly after handling.

Keep container closed.

Avoid breathing vapors and contact with skin, eyes, and

clothing.

Use only with adequate ventilation and proper protective

eyewear, gloves, and clothing.

Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition

Take precautions against accumulation of electrostatic charge

Storage

Further information on storage conditions

: Store at appropriate temperature. See label for details.

Store in original container.

Transport and store under dry conditions tightly closed and

protected from heat and light.

May liberate flammable solvent vapors.





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SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Basis
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	107-98-2	TWA: 50 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL: 100 ppm	
		TWA: 100 ppm (360 mg/m3)	OSHA P0
		STEL: 150 ppm (540 mg/m3)	
		TWA: 100 ppm (360 mg/m3)	NIOSH REL
		ST: 150 ppm (540 mg/m3)	
1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate	108-65-6	TWA: 50 ppm	US WEEL

Engineering measures

Engineering measures : Handle only in a place equipped with local exhaust (or other

appropriate exhaust).

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety eyewear to protect against splashes.

Hand protection : Solvent-resistant gloves

Skin and body protection : Clothing suitable to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection : In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an

approved filter.

Respirator with filter for organic vapour Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection.

Hygiene measures : Observe the usual precautions when handling chemicals.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Form : Liquid

Color : Clear, colorless

Odor : Strong, characteristic odor.

Safety data

Flash point : 90 °F (32 °C)

Method: closed cup



B(4)

Substance No.: B(4)

Version 4.1

Revision Date 04/04/2015 Print Date 10/29/2015

Boiling point

: 255 °F (124 °C)

at 1,013 hPa

Method: DIN 51751

Vapour pressure

: ca. 10.5 Torr

at 68 °F (20 °C)

Method: calculated

Density

: 0.9326 g/cm3

at 68 °F (20 °C)

Water solubility

: The solvent is partially water soluble but the product forms two

layers.

VOC

: 933 g/l (Calculated value)

Loss on drying

: > 98 %

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid contact with streng oxidizing agents. Contact with

strong acids and bases may cause hydrolysis of product.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Hazardous decomposition products due to incomplete

combustion

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned

hydrocarbons (smoke).

Hazardous reactions

: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Chemical stability

: Stable under normal conditions.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data for

B(4)

Further information

: No toxicological testing was carried out on the preparation.

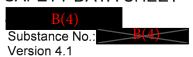
Data for 1-Methoxy-2-propanol (107-98-2)

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg

Species: rat





Revision Date 04/04/2015 Print Date 10/29/2015

Acute inhalation toxicity

: LC50: > 7559 ppm

Exposure time: 6 h

Species: rat

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50 Dermal: 13,000 mg/kg

Species: rabbit

Skin irritation

: Result: slight irritant effect - does not require labelling

Eye irritation

: Result: Mild eye irritation

Sensitisation

: Result: No evidence of sensitizing properties.

Data for 1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate (108-65-6)

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50: 8,532 mg/kg

Species: rat

Acute inhalation toxicity

: LC50: > 23.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 6 h

Species: rat

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg

Species: rabbit

Skin irritation

: Result: non-irritant

Eye irritation

: Result: Moderate eye irritation

Source: Supplier MSDS

Sensitisation

: Species: Guinea pig

Result: non-sensitizing

Toxicology Assessment

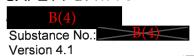
CMR effects

: Teratogenicity:

Oral and Inhalation developmental toxicity studies were conducted in pregnant rats and rabbits with PGMEA (1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate) containing approximately 2% beta isomer (cited in 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE OECD SIDS Report). No statistically significant effects were noted in developmental parameters at any of the dose levels tested (Oral study - up to 1,000 mg/kg/day and inhalation

study - up to 4000 ppm).





Revision Date 04/04/2015 Print Date 10/29/2015

Data for 2-Methoxy-1-propanol acetate (70657-70-4)

Acute inhalation toxicity **Toxicology Assessment** : Data refers to Beta Isomer

CMR effects

: Teratogenicity:

The beta isomer, 2-Methoxy-1-propanol acetate, was tested by itself for developmental/teratogenic effects in pregnant rats and rabbits. Developmental/teratogenic effects were observed in both species via the inhalation route of exposure. In rabbits, the effects only occurred in the highest dose group (545 ppm) in absence of any significant maternal toxicity. In rats, these effects were also only observed in the highest dose group, but in the presence of significant maternal toxicity, which placed the cause of the developmental effects in question. The No Observable Adverse Effect Level, NOAEL, for the inhalation exposures in rabbits with the pure beta isomer was determined to be 145 ppm, this equates to exposure of 1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate with a level of beta isomer > 2%. Since this Product formulation contains < 0.3% of the beta isomer, it is judged that exposure to this product formulation does not pose a reproductive hazard.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data for



Additional ecological information

: No ecological testing was carried out on the preparation.

Data for 1-Methoxy-2-propanol (107-98-2)

Ecotoxicity effects

Toxicity to fish

: LC50: 6,812 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Species: golden orfe

: LC50: 20,800 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Species: Fathead minnow

: LC50: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Species: rainbow trout

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

: EC50: > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Species: Daphnia magna





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Toxicity to algae

: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Species: Green algae

Toxicity to bacteria

: IC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Species: activated sludge

Elimination information (persistence and degradability)

Biodegradability

: 98 %

Data for 1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate (108-65-6)

Ecotoxicity effects

Toxicity to fish

: LC50: 100 - 180 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

: LC50: 161 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Species: Fish general (Pisces)

: NOEC: 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Species: Fish general (Pisces)

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50: > 500 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna

Toxicity to bacteria

: EC20: 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min Species: activated sludge

Elimination information (persistence and degradability)

Biodegradability

: Method: OECD 302 B

: The product is biodegradable.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Further information

: Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and

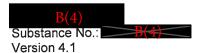
national regulations.

For disposal, this material is a flammable hazardous waste

under RCRA.

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Contaminated packaging

: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

RCRA hazardous waste

: RCRA number: D001

Yes -- If it becomes a waste as sold.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN number : 1993

Description of the goods : Flammable liquids, n.o.s.

: (1-Methoxy-2-propanol, 1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate)

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
Emergency Response : 128

Guidebook Number

Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA

UN number : 1993

Description of the goods : Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

(1-Methoxy-2-propanol, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
Environmentally hazardous : no

IMDG

UN number : 1993

Description of the goods : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(1-Methoxy-2-propanol, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Number 1 : F-E
EmS Number 2 : S-E
Marine pollutant : no
Environmentally hazardous : no

Additional data for transport : No Segregation Group





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SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Notification status

TSCA

: All components of this product are listed on the TSCA

Inventory.

DSL

: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL.

WHMIS Classification

: B2: Flammable liquid

Canadian PBT Chemicals

: This product does not contain any components on the DSL that

are classified as Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT)

under CEPA.

CERCLA Reportable

Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

Carcinogenicity

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen

by OSHA.

NTP

No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen

by NTP.

ACGIH

No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen

by ACGIH.

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

SARA 302 Reportable

Quantity

: This material does not contain any components with a SARA

302 RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances This material does not contain any components with a section

304 EHS RQ.

SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.





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Clean Air Act
Ozone-Depletion
Potential

This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

US. Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP)

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 12 (40 CFR 61).

US. Clean Air Act Section 112(r); Regulated toxic and flammable substances for Accidental Release Prevention - 40 CFR 68.130 (subpart F)

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F).

US. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final Volatile Organic Compunds (VOC) - 40 CFR part 60.489

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final VOC's (40 CFR 60.489).

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Substances listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 116.4A.

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Massachusetts Right To Know Components	:	1-Methoxy-2-propanol	107-98-2
Pennsylvania Right To	:	1-Methoxy-2-propanol	107-98-2
Know Components		1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate	108-65-6
New Jersey Right To	:	1-Methoxy-2-propanol	107-98-2
Know Components		1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate	108-65-6
California Prop. 65 Components	:	: This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other	

reproductive harm.





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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

This information is supplied under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200, and is offered in good faith based on data available to us that we believe to be true and accurate. For any sub-heading within any section not addressed herein, no relevant information is determined or applicable. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable to the material. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific context of the intended use and determine whether they are appropriate for that use. No warranty, express or implied, is made regarding the accuracy of this data, the hazards connected with the use of the material, or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. We assume no responsibility for damage or injury from the use of the product described herein. Data provided here are typical and not intended for use as product specifications.

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Sigma-Aldrich Inc.

3050 Spruce Street ST. LOUIS MO 63103

UNITED STATES

Telephone : +1 314 771-5765 Fax : +1 800 325-5052

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA) +1-703-

527-3887 CHEMTREC (International) 24

Hours/day; 7 Days/week

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225 Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302

Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332

Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 3), H311

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard (Category 3), H402 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard (Category 3), H412

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

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Hazard statement(s) H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H302 + H332Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Precautionary statement(s) Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No P210 smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P264 P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P271 P273 Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection. P280 P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish. P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

plant.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

P501

Synonyms :

Formula : Molecular weight : 161.39 g/molecular weight : 161.79 g/molecular weight : 1

Component	Classification	Concentration
$\times\!\!\times\!\!\times\!\!\times$		
	Flam. Liq. 2; Acute Tox. 4;	<= 100 %
	Acute Tox. 3; Aquatic	
	Acute 3; Aquatic Chronic	
	3; H225, H302, H332,	
	H311, H402, H412	

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal





For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Dry powder Dry sand

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do NOT use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), silicon oxides

Flash back possible over considerable distance., Container explosion may occur under fire conditions.

Combustible.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.





SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Use explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle under nitrogen, protect from moisture. Store under nitrogen. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Hydrolyses readily.

Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.





Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.4 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Camatril® (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M)

Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm

Break through time: 30 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail

sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance Form: liquid, clear

Colour: colourless

b) Odour No data available





c) Odour Threshold No data available

> 7.0 d) pH

point/freezing point

Melting point/range: -76.2 °C (-105.2 °F) at 1,013 hPa e) Melting

125 °C 257 °F Initial boiling point f) and boiling range

g) Flash point 11.4 °C (52.5 °F) - closed cup

h) Evaporation rate No data available No data available i) Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper explosion limit: 16.3 %(V) Upper/lower j) Lower explosion limit: 0.8 %(V) flammability or

explosive limits

19 hPa at 20 °C (68 °F) k) Vapour pressure

No data available Vapour density

0.774 g/mL at 25 °C (77 °F) m) Relative density

n) Water solubility insoluble

o) Partition coefficient: log Pow: 2.62 n-octanol/water

p) Auto-ignition 380.0 °C (716.0 °F) temperature

q) Decomposition No data available temperature

0.9 mm2/s at 20 °C (68 °F) -Viscosity r)

s) Explosive properties No data available Oxidizing properties No data available

Other safety information 9.2

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Hydrolyses readily.

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Ammonia is formed upon contact with water or humid air. Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids

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10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), silicon oxides

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 851 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 401)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 6 h - 10 mg/l

(OECD Test Guideline 403)

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - male and female - 547 - 589 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 402)

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Ames test S. typhimurium Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available



Additional Information

Repeated dose toxicity - Rat - male and female - inhalation (vapour)

RTECS: JM9230000

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish semi-static test LC50 - Danio rerio (zebra fish) - 88 mg/l - 96 h

(Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1.)

Toxicity to daphnia static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 80 mg/l - 48 h

and other aquatic invertebrates

(Directive 67/548/FEC Appear V. C.2.)

(Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.2.)

Toxicity to algae EC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) - 19.00 mg/l - 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d

Result: 15.3 % - Not readily biodegradable. (Directive 67/548/EEC Annex V, C.4.E.)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Other adverse effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.





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SECTION 14: Transport information

Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

DOT (US)

UN number: 1992 Class: 3 (6.1) Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Flammable liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (XXX Reportable Quantity (RQ):

IMDG

UN number: 1992 Class: 3 (6.1) EMS-No: F-E, S-D Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (XX

IATA

UN number: 1992 Class: 3 (6.1) Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s. (

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

1,1,1,3,3,3-CAS-No. Revision Date 2007-03-01

1,1,1,3,3,3-CAS-No. **Revision Date** 2007-03-01

New Jersey Right To Know Components

1,1,1,3,3,3-CAS-No. Revision Date 2007-03-01

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SECTION 16: Other information

Further information

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The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Sigma-Aldrich Corporation and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See www.sigma-aldrich.com and/or the reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

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Version: 6.1 Revision Date: 01/13/2020 Print Date: 08/29/2020







US version Page 1 of 9 August 1, 2014 B(4) 0.01-2.38% (C)

> Category Category 4

Category 1A

Category 1

SAFETY DATA SHEET

B(4) 0.01-2.38%

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: **B(4)** 0.01-2.38%

RECOMMEND USE: XXXXX

MSDS PREPARED BY: Safety & Environment Control Section,

JAPAN

SUPPLIER: CO., LTD.

SECTION: Manufacturing Technology Division, Safety Control Section

ADDRESS: 150 Nakamaruko, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki City, Kanagawa Prefecture 211-0012,

JAPAN

TELEPHONE NUMBER: +81-44-435-3000

FAX NUMBER: +81-44-435-3020

EMERGENCY RESPONSE: +81-44-435-3001

+81-44-435-3002

USA

SUPPLIER: XXXX

ADDRESS: 190 Topaz Street, Milpitas, California 95035, U.S.A.

TELEPHONE NUMBER: +1-408-956-9901

FAX NUMBER: +1-408-956-9995

EMERGENCY RESPONSE: +1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC for U.S.A.)

+1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC for international)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

GHS CATEGORY Acute toxicity oral Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation

> Specific target organ systemic toxicity following single exposure Category 1 Specific target organ systemic toxicity following repeated exposure Category 1

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

Precautionary pictograms:

Signal word: Danger

Hazard Statement:

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H370 Causes damage to organs (nervous system)

H372 Causes damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged

or repeated exposure

Precautionary Statements:

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Prevention

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face





US version Page 2 of 9 August 1, 2014

SDS: **B(4)** 0.01-2.38% (C)

protection.

Response P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or

doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED:Rinse mouth.Do NOT induce

vomiting.

P304+P340 IF INHALED:Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest

in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several

minutes.

Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. continue rinsing. P307+P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P314 Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately

all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage P405 Store locked up.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all national

and local regulations.

OSHA Regulatory State:

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Potential health effects:

Prolonged skin contact causes damage on the dermal tissue, for it contains basic substance. Eye contact causes irritation. It also may cause burnt, damage on eyesight, or loss of eyesight. Inhalation irritates trachea, lung, throat, or nose.

Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach and may cause severe and permanent damage.

Potential environmental effects:

See Section 12:ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE: Mixture

CHEMICAL NAME (GENERIC NAME): -----

SYNONYM (S): -----

INGREDIENT AND COMPOSITION:

INGREDIENTS wt% CHEMICAL FORMULA CAS NO. Tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide <2.38 N(CH₃)₄OH 75-59-2 Water >97.62 H₂O 7732-18-5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid statements

First aid for exposure to eyes:

Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Rinse eye balls and eyelids thoroughly with water.

Check pH of the lacrimal fluid with litmus papers, if possible, and rinse eyes until the pH becomes normal (neutral).

Start rinsing as soon as possible to rinse away the material thoroughly, since delay of start of rinsing or insufficient rinsing of the exposed eyes may result in loss of sight.

Immediately take the patient to a physician for examination and treatment.

First aid for exposure to skin:





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SDS: **B**(4) 0.01-2.38% (C)

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.

Rinse off the skin thoroughly and quickly as possible.

Delay of few seconds may increase injury.

First aid for inhalation:

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Loosen clothing and secure a clear respiratory airway.

Cover the body of the victim with blanket or the like to keep him/her warm and quiet.

If breathing has ceased apply artificial respiration using oxygen and a suitable mechanical device such as a bag and a mask.

Immediately take the patient to a physician for examination and treatment.

First aid for ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting.

(The risk increase by vomiting because it is corrosive)

If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Immediately take the patient to a physician for examination and treatment.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Prolonged skin contact causes damage on the dermal tissue, for it contains basic substance.

Eye contact causes irritation. It also may cause burnt, damage on eyesight, or loss of eyesight. Inhalation irritates trachea, lung, throat, or nose.

Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach and may cause severe and permanent damage.

Note to physicians

See Section 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media:

Proper extinguishing media should be used when fire breaks out in surroundings.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

It may decompose upon combustion or in high temperatures, forming carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides.

Fire fighting instructions:

Shut off fuel as much as possible.

Evacuate unnecessary personnel to safe area.

Foam should be effective for large fires.

When sprayed, water should be effective for cooling and protection of the fire fighters.

Protection of firefighters:

Fire fighters wear proper protective clothing and respiratory protection(SCBA).

Fight fire from protected location or safe distance.

Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.

Keep upwind of fire.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions:

Entry to non-involved personnel should be controlled around the leakage area by roping off, etc.

Evacuate the leeward personnel.

Ventilate the area.

Quickly shut off all ignition sources.

Equip extinguishers in case of ignition.

Wear proper protective clothings.

Do not touch any damaged container or spills without wearing appropriate protective equipment.





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B(4) 0.01-2.38% (C)

Environmental precautions:

If safety allows, stop flow at the source.

Prevent spilt solution from entering sewers, watercourses, rivers, or fields.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Avoid routing of material to water bodies or streams.

Avoid discharge to drains and to the environment.

When the leak is small, take up spills into an empty container by adsorbing them to dry soil or sand/paper/clothes and neutralize the residual liquid.

When the leak is large, stop the flow with soil or the like and then, channel the flow to a safe place to take up them as much as possible into an empty container by piping them up or by adsorbing them to dry sand or the like.

Neutralize then the residual liquid with an acid (such as diluted hydrochloric acid or diluted sulfuric acid).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Wear appropriate protective goggles, rubber gloves, protective clothing.

Avoid overflowing, spilling or scattering the material since this is a toxic and corrosive material.

Work from windward.

Evacuate unnecessary personnel to safe area.

Do not breathe mist or spray.

Use a local exhaust to avoid inhalation if vapor or aerosol will be generated.

Seal the container after handling.

Avoid contact with oxidizing agents or reductants.

Relieve internal pressure before opening the container.

Once frozen, defrosting will not bring an even solution.

Solution should not remain in pipings when it is not used.

Water facility should be installed at every place where the solution is used.

It should facilitate measures in case of adhesion or contact with eyes.

Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling.

Install safety shower and eye bath.

Be careful in handling the container, and protect it from damages.

Do not bring contaminated protective tools, such as gloves, to the lounge.

Be careful of personal health after handling.

Storage:

Keep the container sealed, and store in a dark place.

It might freeze when temperature decreases.

Store locked up.

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

Store away from incompatible materials such as oxidizing agents.

Use containers designated in the United Nations Regulations for Transport of Dangerous Goods.

Do not store or set together with acid, for this is basic.

OTHERS:

Follow all national and local regulations.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:

INGREDIENTS

ACGIH TLV Tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide None established

OSHA PEL None established

Engineering controls:





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SDS: **B(4)** 0.01-2.38% (C)

When handling, try to use closed apparatuses, equipment or partial ventilator.

Personal protective equipment (PPE):

Eye/face protection: Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible.

Skin protection: Wear appropriate protective clothing to minimize contact with skin. (Impervious protective clothing. Protective boots, Protective apron, etc)

Wear appropriate protective gloves (rubber gloves, alkali resistance)

Respiratory protection: Half or full facepiece respirator, self-contained breathing apparatus, supplied air respirator, etc.

Use respirators approved under appropriate government standards and follow local and national regulations.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid Color: Colorless

Odor: Characteristic odor
Odor threshold: No data available
pH: 13.2 (2.38%aq)

Melting point/freezing point: < 0.C

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available Flash point: Non-combustible Evaporation rate: No data available Flammability(solid, gas): No data available Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: No data available Vapour pressure: No data available Vapour density: No data available Relative density: 1.00(25°C) water Soluble. Solubility: Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water: No data available Auto-ignition temperature: Non-combustible Decomposition temperature: No data available

Viscosity: No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal

use.

Absorbs carbon dioxide from the air, and then degradation.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.

Chemical stability: Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid overheat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Acidic chemicals, oxidizing agents and reductants. Hazardous decomposition products: ammonia, oxides of nitrogen, alcohol, amines

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (Only data for each component is available.)

Tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide

Acute toxicity (oral): LD50: 34 50 mg/kg[rat]
Acute toxicity (dermal): LD50: 112 mg/kg[rat]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Corrosive [rabbit] Category 1

Serious eye damage/irritation: Category 1

Respiratory sensitization : No relevant information found. Skin sensitization: No relevant information found.





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SDS: B(4) 0.01-2.38% (C) No relevant information found.

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Carcinogenicity:

No carcinogenic effects were noted in OSHA, EPA, EU, NTP, IARC, and ACGIH. Reproductive toxicity:

No relevant information found.

STOST-single exposure:

STOST-repeated exposure:

Asp ration hazard:

Category 1 (nervous system)

Category 1 (nervous system)

No relevant information found.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (Only data for each component is available.)

Tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide

Ecotoxicity

Daphnia acute toxicity: 48hEC50: 3 mg/L[Daphnia magna]

Persistence and degradability: Readily biodegradable

Bioaccumulative potential: No relevant information found. Mobility in soil: No relevant information found.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

RCRA Hazardous waste ID: #D002

First neutralize with acid, then treat it with activated sludge using common bacteria being cultivated for more than few weeks.

All excess material must be collected and transferred to a professional waste disposal company. Carefully review information in - **7.HANDLING & STORAGE**.

Comply with all national and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT):

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Tetramethylammonium hydroxide, solution

HAZARD CLASS: 8 (Corrosives)
IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN1835

PACKING GROUP: III

Keep away from incompatibilities and all sources of ignition.

Follow all national and local regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

<U.S. REGULATION>

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

Each individual component of the subject product is listed on TSCA Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances.

Section 4(e) - ITC Priority Testing List: Not regulated

Section 5(a)(2) - Chemicals with Significant New Use Rules (SNURs): Not regulated

Section 6 - Restricted Substances: Not regulated

Section 8(d) - Health and Safety Reporting: Not regulated

Section 12(b) - Export Notification: Not regulated

CERCLA(Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act)

Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities: Not regulated

SARA Title III (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act):

302 Extreme Hazardous Substances (EHS): Not regulated

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Acute Health: Yes Chronic Health: No

Fire: No





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SDS: **B**(4) 0.01-2.38% (C)

Pressure: No Reactive: No

313 Toxic Chemical (TC): Not regulated

DEA (Drug Enforcement Administration) Not regulated DHS (Department of Homeland Security)Not regulated

<STATE REGULATIONS>
CALIFORNI PROPOSITION 65: Not regulated.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA RATINGS:

HEALTH=3, FIRE=0, REACTIVITY=0(SCALE 0-4)

REFERENCE:

- 1. HSDB
- 2. RTECS
- 3. The Dictionary of Substance and Their Effects (The Royal Society of Chemistry)
- 4. Material Safety Data Sheet (of the raw material manufacturer)
- 5. Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law: Applicable

CREATION DATE: August 1, 2014

REVISION DATE:

The information contained herein is based on current knowledge and experience; no responsibility is accepted that the information is sufficient or correct in all cases. Users should consider these data only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use and disposal of these materials and the safety and health of employees and customers and the protection of the environment.





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SDS: B(4) (C)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

B(4)

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: B(4)

RECOMMEND USE: XBX

MSDS PREPARED BY: EHS Division,

JAPAN

SECTION: EHS Division

ADDRESS: 150 Nakamaruko, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki City, Kanagawa Prefecture 211-0012,

JAPAN

TELEPHONE NUMBER: +81-44-435-3000

FAX NUMBER: +81-44-435-3020

EMERGENCY RESPONSE: +81-44-435-3001

+81-44-435-3002

USA

SUPPLIER: AMERICA, INC.

ADDRESS: 4600 N.E. Brookwood Parkway, Hillsboro Oregon 97124, U.S.A.

TELEPHONE NUMBER: +1-503-693-7711

FAX NUMBER: +1-503-693-2070

EMERGENCY RESPONSE: +1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC for U.S.A.)

+1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC for international)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

GHS CATEGORY Category

Flammable liquids No Classification

Acute toxicity (oral)

Acute toxicity (dermal)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Category 1

Specific target organ systemic toxicity following single exposure

Category 1

Specific target organ systemic toxicity following single exposure

Category 2

Specific target organ systemic toxicity following repeated exposure Category 1





US version Page 2 of 12 June 13, 2017 SDS: **B(4)**

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

Precautionary pictograms:





Signal word: Danger

Hazard Statement:

H301 Toxic if swallowed

H311 Toxic in contact with skin H315 Causes skin irritation

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H370 Causes damage to organs (nervous system)

H371 May cause damage to organs (central nerve system)

H372 Causes damage to organs (nervous system),

through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection.

Response P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED:Immediately call a POISON CENTER

or doctor/physician.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. continue rinsing.

P309+P311 IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P314 Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P361 Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage P405 Store locked up.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all national and local regulations.

OSHA Regulatory State:

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.





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Potential health effects:

Prolonged skin contact causes damage on the dermal tissue, for it contains basic substance.

Eye contact causes irritation. It also may cause burnt, damage on eyesight, or loss of eyesight.

Inhalation irritates trachea, lung, throat, or nose.

Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach and may cause severe and permanent damage.

Potential environmental effects:

See Section 12:ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE: Mixture

CHEMICAL NAME (GENERIC NAME): -----

SYNONYM (S): -----

INGREDIENT AND COMPOSITION:

INGREDIENTS	wt%	CHEMICAL FORMULA	CAS NO.
Dimethylsulfoxide	55~65	(CH ₃) ₂ SO	67-68-5
Glycol ether	20~30	Trade Secret	Trade Secret
Glycol	5~15	Trade Secret	Trade Secret
Tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide	1~3	N(CH ₃) ₄ OH	75-59-2

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid statements

First aid for exposure to eyes:

Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Rinse eye balls and eyelids thoroughly with water.

Check pH of the lacrimal fluid with litmus papers, if possible, and rinse eyes until the pH becomes normal (neutral).

Start rinsing as soon as possible to rinse away the material thoroughly, since delay of start of rinsing or insufficient rinsing of the exposed eyes may result in loss of sight.

Immediately take the patient to a physician for examination and treatment.

First aid for exposure to skin:

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.

Rinse off the skin thoroughly and quickly as possible.

Delay of few seconds may increase injury.

First aid for inhalation:

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Loosen clothing and secure a clear respiratory airway.

Cover the body of the victim with blanket or the like to keep him/her warm and quiet.

If breathing has ceased apply artificial respiration using oxygen and a suitable mechanical device such as a bag and a mask.





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Immediately take the patient to a physician for examination and treatment.

First aid for ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting.

(The risk increase by vomiting because it is corrosive)

If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Immediately take the patient to a physician for examination and treatment.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Prolonged skin contact causes damage on the dermal tissue, for it contains basic substance.

Eye contact causes irritation. It also may cause burnt, damage on eyesight, or loss of eyesight. Inhalation irritates trachea, lung, throat, or nose.

Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach and may cause severe and permanent damage.

Note to physicians

See Section 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media:

Dry sand, foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical powder extinguisher.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

It may decompose upon combustion or in high temperatures, forming carbon oxides, sulphur oxides.

Fire fighting instructions:

Shut off fuel as much as possible.

Dry chemical or carbon dioxide should be used for small fires.

Evacuate unnecessary personnel to safe area.

Foam should be effective for large fires.

When sprayed, water should be effective for cooling and protection of the fire fighters. However, use of water may expand the fire.

Protection of firefighters:

Fire fighters wear proper protective clothing and respiratory protection(SCBA).

Fight fire from protected location or safe distance.

Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.

Keep upwind of fire.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions:

Entry to non-involved personnel should be controlled around the leakage area by roping off, etc.

Evacuate the leeward personnel.

Ventilate the area.





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Quickly shut off all ignition sources.

Equip extinguishers in case of ignition.

Wear proper protective clothings.

Do not touch any damaged container or spills without wearing appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental precautions:

If safety allows, stop flow at the source.

Prevent spilt solution from entering sewers, watercourses, rivers, or fields.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Avoid routing of material to water bodies or streams.

Avoid discharge to drains and to the environment.

When the leak is small, take up spills into an empty container by adsorbing them to dry soil or sand/paper/clothes and neutralize the residual liquid.

When the leak is large, stop the flow with soil or the like and then, channel the flow to a safe place to take up them as much as possible into an empty container by piping them up or by adsorbing them to dry sand or the like.

Neutralize then the residual liquid with an acid (such as diluted hydrochloric acid or diluted sulfuric acid).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Wear appropriate protective goggles, rubber gloves, protective clothing.

Avoid overflowing, spilling or scattering the material since this is a toxic and corrosive material.

Work from windward.

Evacuate unnecessary personnel to safe area.

Use only in the well-ventilated area.

Do not breathe mist or spray.

Use a local exhaust to avoid inhalation if vapor or aerosol will be generated.

Seal the container after handling.

Shut off all sources of ignition.

Avoid contact with oxidizing agents or reductants.

The electric facility should be explosion proof.

Ground.

When moving the solution through pipings, ground the metallic part of the apparatuses, pipings and containers to prevent generation of electrostatic charges.

Pay attention to ventilation. This vapor is heavier than air, and easily stays at low position.

Do not use direct heater or immersion heater for hearing, and watch out when fire is used.

Relieve internal pressure before opening the container.

Solution should not remain in pipings when it is not used.

Water facility should be installed at every place where the solution is used.

It should facilitate measures in case of adhesion or contact with eyes.





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SDS: B(4) (C)

Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling.

Install safety shower and eye bath.

Be careful in handling the container, and protect it from damages.

Do not bring contaminated protective tools, such as gloves, to the lounge.

Be careful of personal health after handling.

Storage:

Keep the container sealed, and store in a dark place.

Store locked up.

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

Store away from incompatible materials such as oxidizing agents.

Use containers designated in the United Nations Regulations for Transport of Dangerous Goods.

Do not store or set together with acid, for this is basic.

Keep away all sources of ignition.

Do not overheat.

Do not let it evaporate without a reason.

Store in well-ventilated area.

OTHERS:

Follow all national and local regulations.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:

INGREDIENTS	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Dimethylsulfoxide	None established	None established
Glycol ether	10ppm(IFV):Inhalable fraction and vapor	None established
Glycol	None established	None established
Tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide	None established	None established

Engineering controls:

When handling, try to use closed apparatuses, equipment or partial ventilator.

Personal protective equipment (PPE):

Eye/face protection: Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible.

Skin protection: Wear appropriate protective clothing to minimize contact with skin. (Impervious protective clothing. Protective boots, Protective apron, etc.)

Wear appropriate protective gloves (rubber gloves, alkali resistance)

Respiratory protection: Half or full facepiece respirator, self-contained breathing apparatus, supplied air respirator, etc.

Use respirators approved under appropriate government standards and follow local and national regulations.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES





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SDS: B(4) (C)

Physical State: Liquid

Color: Yellowish brown
Odor: Characteristic odor
Odor threshold: No data available
pH: No data available
Melting point/freezing point: No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: 104 °C

Evaporation rate: No data available Flammability(solid, gas): No data available Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: No data available Vapour pressure: No data available Vapour density: No data available Relative density: 1.04 (25°C) water: Soluble. Solubility: Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water: No data available No data available Auto-ignition temperature: Decomposition temperature: No data available Viscosity: No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal

use.

Absorbs carbon dioxide from the air, and then degradation.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.

Chemical stability: Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid overheat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Acidic chemicals, oxidizing agents and reductants.

Hazardous decomposition products: Up on heating (or burning), toxic gasses

(w.g., nitrogen oxide, sulfur oxide cyanide) are formed.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (Only data for each component is available.)

Dimethyl sulfoxide

Acute toxicity (oral): LD50: 17400~28300 mg/kg[rat]

Acute toxicity (dermal): LD50: 40 g/kg[rat]
Acute toxicity (inhalation): LD50: > 2.9 g/kg[rat]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Mild [rabbit]
Serious eye damage/irritation: Mild [rabbit]

Respiratory sensitization: No relevant information found.





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Skin sensitization: No relevant information found.

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Ames Test:Negative,

Carcinogenicity:

No carcinogenic effects were noted in OSHA, EPA, EU, NTP, IARC, and ACGIH.

Reproductive toxicity:

STOST-single exposure:

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

Glycol ether

Acute toxicity (oral): LD50: 5080~9600 mg/kg[rat]
Acute toxicity (dermal): LD50: > 2000 mg/kg[rat]

LD50: 2764~4120 mg/kg[rabbit]

Acute toxicity (inhalation): LC50:> 18 ppm[rat]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Mild [rabbit]
Serious eye damage/irritation: Severe [rabbit]

Respiratory sensitization : No relevant information found.

Skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs..

Germ cell mutagenicity:

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative.

Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity:

No carcinogenic effects were noted in OSHA, EPA, EU, NTP, IARC, and ACGIH.

Reproductive toxicity:

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

However, body weights of newborn animals were decreased.

STOST-single exposure: May cause damage to central nerve system

STOST-repeated exposure: No relevant information found. Aspiration hazard: No relevant information found.

Glycol

Acute toxicity (oral): LD50: 22 g/kg[mouse],

LD50: 20 g/kg[rat]

Acute toxicity (dermal):

Skin corrosion/irritation:

No relevant information found.

Serious eye damage/irritation:

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

Germ cell mutagenicity: Ames Test:Negative,

Carcinogenicity:





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SDS: B(4) (C)

No carcinogenic effects were noted in OSHA, EPA, EU, NTP, IARC, and ACGIH.

Reproductive toxicity:

STOST-single exposure:

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

Tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide

Acute toxicity (oral): LD50: 34~50 mg/kg[rat] Acute toxicity (dermal): LD50: 112 mg/kg[rat]

Skin corrosion/irritation: Corrosive [rabbit] Category 1

Serious eye damage/irritation: Category 1

Respiratory sensitization:

Skin sensitization:

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

Carcinogenicity:

No carcinogenic effects were noted in OSHA, EPA, EU, NTP, IARC, and ACGIH.

Reproductive toxicity:

STOST-single exposure:

STOST-repeated exposure:

Category 1 (nervous system)

Category 1 (nervous system)

Aspiration hazard:

No relevant information found.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (Only data for each component is available.)

Dimethyl sulfoxide

Ecotoxicity

Fish acute toxicity: 4 daysLC50: 34 g/L[Pimephales promelas]

Persistence and degradability: Lower Biodegradable Bioaccumulative potential: Not accumulated,

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:-1.35

Mobility in soil : No relevant information found.

Glycol ether

Ecotoxicity

Fish acute toxicity: 96hrLC50: 1300 mg/L[Lepomis macrochirus]

Daphnia acute toxicity: 48hrEC50:> 100 mg/L[Daphnia magna]

Algae growth inhibition(acute): 96hrEC50:> 100 mg/L[Scenedesmus]

Fish chronic toxicity:

Daphnia chronic toxicity:

Algae growth inhibition(chronic):

Persistence and degradability:

Bioaccumulative potential:

No relevant information found.

No relevant information found.

Biodegradable (BOD:92%)

Aqueous solubility =1000000mg/L

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:1





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Mobility in soil : No relevant information found.

Glycol

Ecotoxicity

Fish acute toxicity: No relevant information found.

Persistence and degradability: Readily biodegradable

Bioaccumulative potential: No relevant information found. Mobility in soil: No relevant information found.

Tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide

Ecotoxicity

Daphnia acute toxicity: 48hEC50: 3 mg/L[Daphnia magna]

Persistence and degradability: Readily biodegradable

Bioaccumulative potential: No relevant information found. Mobility in soil: No relevant information found.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

RCRA Hazardous waste ID: Not regulated

All excess material must be collected and transferred to a professional waste disposal company for incineration.

Carefully review information in - 7.HANDLING & STORAGE.

Comply with all national and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT):

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Corrosives liquid, n.o.s. (Tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide)

HAZARD CLASS: 8 (Corrosives)
IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN1760

PACKING GROUP: III

Keep away from incompatibilities and all sources of ignition.

Follow all national and local regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

<U.S. REGULATION>

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

Each individual component of the subject product is listed on TSCA Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances.

Section 4: Not regulated

Section 5(a)(2) - Chemicals with Significant New Use Rules (SNURs): Not regulated





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June 13, 2017

SDS: B(4) (C)

Section 6 - Restricted Substances: Not regulated

Section 8(d) - Health and Safety Reporting: Not regulated

Section 12(b) - Export Notification: Not regulated

CERCLA(Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act)

Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities: Not regulated SARA Title III (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act):

302 Extreme Hazardous Substances (EHS): Not regulated

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Flammable liquids

Acute toxicity (oral)

Acute toxicity (dermal)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Specific target organ systemic toxicity following single exposure

Specific target organ systemic toxicity following repeated exposure

313 Toxic Chemical (TC): Not regulated

DEA (Drug Enforcement Administration): Not regulated **DHS (Department of Homeland Security):** Not regulated

<STATE REGULATIONS>

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: Not regulated.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA RATINGS:

HEALTH=2, FIRE=1, REACTIVITY=0(SCALE 0-4)

SDS STATUS:

Revised section 1&15.

REFERENCE:

- 1. HSDB
- 2. RTECS
- 3. The Dictionary of Substance and Their Effects (The Royal Society of Chemistry)
- 4. Safety Data Sheet (of the raw material manufacturer)
- 5. Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law: Applicable

CREATION DATE: July 31, 2015 REVISION DATE: June 13, 2017

The information contained herein is based on current knowledge and experience; no responsibility is accepted that the information is sufficient or correct in all cases. Users should consider these data only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use and disposal of these materials and the safety and health of employees and customers and





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the protection of the environment.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revised on: 8/12/2016

Section 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier:

Product Name:

Common Names:

Product Code:

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

For use in adhesive resins, flavors, fragrances, solvents and degreasing agents.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer: Florida Chemical Company Address: 351 Winter Haven Blvd., NE

Winter Haven, FL 33881-9432

1-863-294-8483 (9:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. Eastern Time Zone)

E-mail: <u>info@floridachemical.com</u> Website: www.floridachemical.com

Emergency telephone number

For emergencies in U.S. call Chemtrec anytime at 1-800-424-9300 Outside U.S. call Chemtrec Collect at 1-703-527-3887

Only Representative (EU only): ENVIRON Netherlands; Sue Bullock

Phone: +44 113 245 7552

Email Address: sbullock@environcorp.com

Member State of Responsible Person: United Kingdom

Section 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

In accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No. 1272 / 2008

GHS Category Codes and Hazard Classes:

2.6 - Flam. Liq. 3: H226 – Highly Flammable Liquid

3.10 - Asp. Haz. 1: H304 – May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

3.2 - Skin Irrit. 2: H315 – Causes skin irritation

3.4 S - Skin Sens. 1: H317 – May cause an allergic skin reaction

4.1 C - Aqu. Chron. 1: H410 – Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Label elements

In accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No. 1272 / 2008

Signal Word: Danger

GHS Pictograms	Hazard Statements	Precautionary Statements
GHS02	H226 Flammable Liquid and Vapor	P210 – Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking. P273 – Avoid release into the environment.
	H304 May Be Fatal if Swallowed and Enters Airways	P280 – Wear protective gloves and use eye protection.
		P301 + P310 – IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER, doctor or physician.
GHS08	H315 Causes Skin Irritation	P302 + P352 – IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P331 – Do NOT induce vomiting.
GHS07	H317 May Cause an Allergic Skin Reaction	P331 – Do Not induce vorniting. P332 + P313 – If skin irritation occurs: Seek medical advice.
GHS09	H410 Very Toxic to Aquatic Life with Long Lasting Effects	P501 – Dispose of contents and their containers in accordance with regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Hazards: Contact with eyes may cause redness or irritation.

Section 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

 Component
 CAS #
 EC #
 % by Wt.

 Orange, sweet, ext.
 8028-48-6
 232-433-8
 100.0%

ECHA Registration #: 01-2119493353-35-0008

Section 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General information: As with any chemical, employees should thoroughly wash hands with soap and water after handling this material. If health disorder happens, call for medical help immediately. Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Eye Contact: Remove any contact lenses at once. Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash affected area with copious amounts of soap and water. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

Inhalation: If symptoms of overexposure are experienced, move to fresh air.

Ingestion: Seek medical attention immediately. DO NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water. DO NOT offer water or anything to drink that might cause vomiting. DO NOT administer anything by mouth to an unconscious person. DO NOT leave victim unattended.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin irritation and skin sensitization. The product may be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Inhalation may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory tract.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of ingestion do not induce vomiting. DO NOT administer anything by mouth to an unconscious person. DO NOT leave victim unattended.

Section 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, foam or dry chemical. Caution: Carbon dioxide will displace air in confined spaces and may create an oxygen deficient atmosphere.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Water.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not use water with full jet to prevent fire spreading. In case of fire, the following can be released: carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO₂), smoke, soot.

Advice for firefighters

Vapors may be irritating to eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full fire-fighting turnout gear.

Special hazards: Product contains combustible organic ingredients. Fire may produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion

Additional information: Cool endangered receptacles with water spray. Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Product is slippery when spilled. Isolate the hazard area. Deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage. Keep away from drains, surface- and ground-water and soil. Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system. Do not allow to enter sewers, surface or ground water.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dike spill area and cap leaking containers as necessary to prevent further spreading of spilled material. Absorb spilled liquid with suitable material such as dirt or sand. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use equipment rated for use around combustible materials. Place in appropriate disposal container. Oil soaked rags may spontaneously combust; place in appropriate disposal container.

References to other sections: None

Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Use personal protection equipment as mentioned under "exposure controls/personal protection". Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect against electrostatic charges. Open container slowly to release pressure caused by temperature variations. Do not allow this material to come in contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged contact with skin. Use in well-ventilated areas. Do not breathe vapors. Drum lining may occasionally chip and fall to the bottom of container; product should be filtered or strained before blending or repackaging. As with any chemical, employees should thoroughly wash hands with soap and water after handling this material.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Product may be packaged in phenolic-lined steel containers or fluorinated plastic containers. Store in a well ventilated area with proper sprinkler/fire deterrent system. Storage temperature should not exceed the flash point for extended periods of time. Store away from oxidizing agents. Keep container closed when not in use. Air should be excluded from partially filled containers by displacing with nitrogen or carbon dioxide. Do not cut, drill, grind or weld on or near this container; residual vapors may ignite.

Specific end use(s)

No further relevant information available.

Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Exposure Guidelines

AGW (Germany): 110 mg/m³, 20 ppm, 2 (II); DFG, Sh, Y

AIHA Standard: 8h TWA=30 ppm

Engineering Controls: Normal room ventilation is usually adequate. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentration below any regulated limits. Keep away from sparks and flames.

Exposure Controls

General protective and hygienic measures: Use personal protective equipment depending on concentration and amount of hazardous substance. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of the work. Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

Eye/Face Protection: Tightly sealed goggles according to EN 166:2001

Skin Protection: Preventative skin protection by use of skin-protection agents is recommended. Use protective gloves. Material of gloves: The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material cannot be calculated in advance and has to be checked prior to the application. Penetration time of glove material: >480 minutes at layer thickness of 0.425 mm (Sol-Vex (37-695) from Ansell).

For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable: Nitrile rubber, NBR (e.g. following product: Sol-Vex (37-695) from Ansell). As protection from splashes gloves made of the following materials are suitable: PVC Gloves.

Respiratory Protection: Suitable respiratory protection: Filter class A2 (brown colour). Use the rules for application of respiratory protection systems.

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Clear Liquid Color: Water-white

Odor: Very low orange aroma Physical State: Liquid at 20°C (68°F)

Relative pH: N/A

Boiling Point: 176 °C (348.8 °F) Melting Point: -96 °C (-141 °F)

Specific Gravity 0.835 - 0.845 at 25°C (77°F) Refractive Index: 1.471 - 1.474 at 20°C (68°F)

Optical Rotation: +102.00 to +105.00° at 25°C (77°F)

Vapor Pressure: < 2 mmHg at 20°C (68°F)

Vapor Density: 4.7 (Air = 1)

Decomposition Temperature: N/A

Viscosity: 0.923 cP at 25°C (77°F)

Flash Point (Closed Cup): >43°C (>109°F)
Flammable Limits: 0.7% LEL; 6.1% UEL
Auto ignition Temperature: 237°C (459°F)
Solubility in Water: Immissible

Solubility in Water: Immiscible Evaporation Rate: 0.2 (BuAc=1)

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Kow=4.23 (for B(4)

Other information: None listed.

Note: These properties represent a typical sample of the product, but actual values may vary. Certificates of Analysis and Specification Sheets are available upon request.

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Minimal hazard

Chemical stability

Stable

Possibility of hazardous reactions

BHT, an antioxidant, can be added to prevent oxidation. Avoid long-term exposure to air. If storing partially-filled containers, fill headspace with an inert gas such as nitrogen or carbon dioxide.

Conditions to avoid



Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents and strong acids, including acidic clays, peroxides, halogens, vinyl chloride, and iodine pentafluoride.

Hazardous decom osition products

Oxides of B(4) which can result from improper storage and handling, are known to cause skin sensitization. No decomposition if stored properly.

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Acute effects

has been shown to have low oral toxicity ($LD_{50}>2$ g/kg) when tested on rats and showed low dermal toxicity ($LD_{50}>5$ g/kg) when tested on rabbits. The product may be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. An LC50 is not established. Inhalation may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory tract. The product is a skin irritant. The product may cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Chronic effects

This product is not classified for repeated dose toxicity. This product is not classified as a carcinogen by IARC or U.S. ACGIH, NTP or OSHA. This product has not been shown to produce genetic changes when tested on bacterial or animal cells. This product does not contain known reproductive or developmental toxins.

Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, skin and eye contact

Symptoms:

Skin irritation and skin sensitisation. The product may be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Inhalation may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory tract.

Target organs: Eyes, respiratory system and skin

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

According to the official classification this product may be very toxic to aquatic life. However, due to the physical properties of the product (density and volatility) it will not remain in the environment for an extended period of time.

LC50 (fish and daphnia) = 0.1 to 1 mg/L (per REACH dossier)

Persistence and degradability

B(4) is classified as readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

The geometric mean of three redicted BCF for B(4) is 683, i.e. BCF < 2000 L/kg. Consistently the Log Kow is below 4.5.

Mobility in soil

Citrus extractives volatilize rapidly. Citrus extractives are expected to volatilize from soil or water to the air and oxidize to carbon dioxide in the presence of sunlight.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

is readily biodegradable, and with a predicted BCF of 683 L/kg. All aquatic EC50/LC50 are higher than 0.1mg/L, therefore B(4) should not be considered environmentally toxic (the official classification includes H410 for long lasting effects on the a uatic toxicity and hence, at least for the time being the substance shall be classified as such).

Other adverse effects: None listed.

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Recycling is strongly preferred to disposal or burning. If disposing, please do so in accordance with official regulations in your area. Keep in mind that this product should not be disposed along with household garbage. Do not allow this product to reach any sewage waste system, as it may be detrimental to aquatic life. European waste catalogue: e.g. 02 03 03 wastes from solvent extraction.

Recommendation: Empty contaminated packaging thoroughly. Packaging may be recycled or repurposed after thorough and proper cleaning. Note that this packaging may not be cleansed and disposed of in the same manner as the product.

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Moistened solids (e.g. cloth, pulp, filter panels, binger) can be burnt after consulting with the waste disposal facility operator and the pertinent authorities and adhering to the necessary technical regulations. *European waste catalogue*: e.g. 15 02 02 Filter and absorption materials contaminated with hazardous agents.

Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number

US DOT/ADR/RID: UN2319 (primary), UN1169 (alternate), UN1993 (alternate) IMDG: UN2319 (primary), UN1169 (alternate), UN1993 (alternate) IATA/ICAO: UN2319 (primary), UN1169 (alternate), UN1993 (alternate)

UN proper shipping name

US DOT, ADR/RID, IMDG, IATA/ICAO: UN2319 – Terpene Hydrocarbons, N.O.S. UN1169 – Extracts, Aromatic, Liquid UN1993 – Flammable Liquid, N.O.S.

Transport hazard class: 3



Label: 3 Flammable Liquid, Symbol fish and tree

Label/Placard: exception §173.150(f) applies (US DOT only)

Packing Group: III

Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant **Special precautions for user** none listed

EMS Number: F-E, S-E

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out (attached as Annex).

General information: If a health disorder occurs, receive medical attention immediately. Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

After inhalation: Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor. In case of unconsciousness, place patient stably in side position for transportation.

After skin contact: immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water.

After swallowing: Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

Applicable CAS numbers:

8028-48-6 Oran e, sweet, extract

5989-27-5 B(4) , (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene

94266-47-4 Citrus terpenes, citrus ext

68647-72-3 Terpenes and terpenoids, sweet orange oil

68608-34-4 Terpenes and terpenoids, citrus oil

Proposition 65

Proposition 65 chemicals are not expected to be found in this product at levels above those naturally present in their agricultural source. Proposition 65 exempts listed naturally occurring chemicals from an obligation to provide a warning or label.

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

This product was produced with Good Manufacturing Practices. It is a by-product of citrus, entirely of natural origin, and to the best of our knowledge contains no artificial flavors, sulfites, nitrites, or pesticide residue exceeding tolerances established by the U.S. FDA. It has not been adulterated or misbranded. It does NOT contain lead, cadmium, mercury, or hexavalent chromium or come in contact with these chemicals since it is a citrus derived essential oil produced by steam/vacuum distillation. Further, it is packaged in food grade containers with inert liners that do NOT contain lead, cadmium, mercury, or hexavalent chromium. It does NOT



contain and is NOT manufactured with any of the Class I or II ozone-depleting substances listed under the United States Clean Air Act of 1990.

Legend

ACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

AIHA – American Industrial Hygiene Association

BHT - Butylated Hydroxytoluene

CAS # - Chemical Abstracts Service

CFR - United States Code of Federal Regulations

DOT – United States Department of Transportation

EC# - European Commission (aka EINECS, European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency

FDA - United States Food and Drug Administration

GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

GRAS - Generally Recognized as Safe

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA – International Air Transport Association

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization

IMDG – International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

NFPA – National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH – United States National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP - United States National Toxicology Program

OSHA – United States Occupational Health and Safety Administration

RID - Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail

TWA -Time Weighted Average

Caution: The user should conduct his/her own experiments and establish proper procedures and control before attempting use on critical parts.

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Prepared by Florida Chemical Company Technical Team



Rev: 12-Aug-16





SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name

Product Use Description : Intermediate for electronic industry

Company : EMD Performance Materials Corp.

An affiliate of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany

One International Plaza, Suite 300

Philadelphia, PA 19113

Telephone : 1-888-367-3275

Emergency telephone number : 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

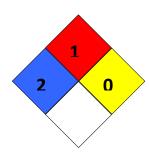
HMIS Classification : Health hazard: 2

> Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 PPE:X

NFPA Classification : Health hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 1

Reactivity Hazard: 0 Special Hazards: NONE



GHS Classification

Hazard category, Hazard : Acute toxicity, Category 4, Oral

class

Hazard category, Hazard Acute toxicity, Category 4, Dermal



SAFETY DATA SHEET B(4)

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class

Hazard category, Hazard

class

Hazard category, Hazard

class

Hazard category, Hazard

class

Skin Irritation, Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1

Reproductive toxicity, Sub-category 1B

GHS-Labelling

Symbol(s) :







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful in contact with skin.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention**:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

Keep only in original container.

Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on

this label).

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

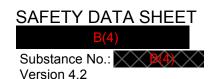
Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal:





Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous ingredients

Component	CAS-No.	Weight percent
1,2-Propanediol	57-55-6	50 - 60
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	40 - 45
Tetramethylammonium hydroxide	75-59-2	< 4

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid procedures

Inhalation : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while

removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact : Remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with water at least 15

minutes. Get medical attention if eye irritation develops or

persists.

Ingestion : Keep respiratory tract clear. If conscious, drink plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Obtain medical attention.

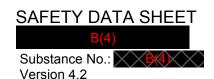
SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable properties

Flash point : $> 200 \, ^{\circ}\text{F} \, (> 93 \, ^{\circ}\text{C})$

Fire fighting





Suitable extinguishing media : Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide.

Further information : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment. Cool containers/tanks with water spray.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: As the product contains combustible organic components, fire

will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous

products of combustion (see section 10).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Environmental precautions : Do not allow entry to drains, water courses or soil

Prevent spreading by use of suitable barriers.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods for containment /

Methods for cleaning up

: Wearing appropriate personal protective equipment, contain spill, ventilate area of spill or leak, remove all sparking devices

or ignition sources, collect onto inert absorbent, and place in a

suitable container.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Handling : Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Do not get on skin or clothing.

For personal protection see section 8.

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

: Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

Avoid shock and friction.

Storage

Further information on : Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated



storage conditions place.

May liberate combustible solvent vapors.

Store at appropriate temperature. See label for details.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Basis
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	TWA: 10 ppm	US WEEL
1,2-Propanediol	57-55-6	TWA: 10 mg/m3	

Engineering measures

Engineering measures : Handle only in a place equipped with local exhaust (or other

appropriate exhaust).

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety eyewear to protect against splashes.

Hand protection : Solvent-resistant gloves

Skin and body protection : Clothing suitable to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection : In the case of dust or aerosol formation use respirator with an

approved filter.

Respirator with combination filter for vapour/particulate (EN

141)

Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection.

Hygiene measures : Observe the usual precautions when handling chemicals.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Form : liquid



SAFETY DATA SHEET B(4) Substance No.:

Revision Date 04/02/2015 Print Date 12/29/2015

Color : light yellow

dark amber

Odor : musty

Safety data

Version 4.2

Flash point : $> 200 \, ^{\circ}\text{F} \, (> 93 \, ^{\circ}\text{C})$

Vapour pressure : app. 0.2 Torr

Density : 1.035 g/cm3

Water solubility : completely miscible

VOC : 1,000 g/l

Loss on drying : > 96 %

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid : Avoid contact with oxidizing agents.

Avoid contact with strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Hazardous decomposition products due to incomplete

combustion

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned

hydrocarbons (smoke).

Hazardous reactions : Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data for B(4)

Further information : No toxicological testing was carried out on the preparation.



SAFETY DATA SHEET B(4) Substance No.: Version 4.2

Revision Date 04/02/2015 Print Date 12/29/2015

Data for N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (872-50-4)

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral: 3,605 mg/kg

Species: rat

Source: Supplier MSDS

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: > 5.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Species: rat

Source: Supplier MSDS

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal: 5,000 mg/kg

Species: rat

Source: Supplier MSDS

Skin irritation : Species: rabbit

Result: Skin irritation Method: Draize Test Source: Supplier MSDS

Eye irritation : Species: rabbit

Result: Eye irritation Method: Draize Test Source : Supplier MSDS

Data for 1,2-Propanediol (57-55-6)

Acute oral toxicity : LD50: 30,000 mg/kg

Species: rat

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: > Saturation

Species: rat

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50: > 10,000 mg/kg

__ Species: rat

Data for 25% Tetramethylammonium hydroxide (75-59-2)



SAFETY DATA SHEET B(4) Substance No.: Version 4.2

Revision Date 04/02/2015 Print Date 12/29/2015

Acute oral toxicity : LD50: 136 mg/kg

Species: rat

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50: 25 mg/kg

Species: Guinea pig

Skin irritation : Result: Corrosive

Classification: Corrosive

Eye irritation : Result: corrosive

Classification: Corrosive

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data for B(4)

Additional ecological

information

: No ecological testing was carried out on the preparation.

Data for N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (872-50-4)

Ecotoxicity effects

Toxicity to fish : LC50: > 500 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Species: Salmo gairdneri static Source : Supplier MSDS

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h

> Species: Daphnia magna Method: DIN 38412 T.11 Source : Supplier MSDS

Toxicity to algae : EC50: > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Species: Green algae Method: DIN 38412 T.9 Source: Supplier MSDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET Substance No.: Version 4.2

Revision Date 04/02/2015 Print Date 12/29/2015

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50: > 600 mg/l

Exposure time: 0.5 h

Species: activated sludge, industrial

Method: ISO 8192

Elimination information (persistence and degradability)

Biodegradability : aerobic BOD in % of theoretical OD

Result: Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

73 %

Method: OECD 301C; ISO 9408; 92/69/EEC, C.4-F

Source: Supplier MSDS

Data for 1,2-Propanediol (57-55-6)

Ecotoxicity effects

Toxicity to fish : LC50: 50,000 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50: > 4,850 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates

Data for 25% Tetramethylammonium hydroxide (75-59-2)

Ecotoxicity effects

Toxicity to fish : LC50: 35.1 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other : LC50: 55.6 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

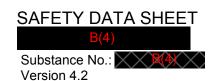
Toxicity to algae : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Species: Scenedesmus subspicatus

Method: OECD 201





Elimination information (persistence and degradability)

Biodegradability : Readily biodegradable.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Further information : Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and

national regulations.

This product would be considered a hazardous waste under RCRA due to high pH unless neutralized prior to disposal.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

RCRA hazardous waste : RCRA number: D002

Yes -- If it becomes a waste as sold.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Not restricted

IATA

UN number : 1835

Description of the goods : Tetramethylammonium hydroxide, solution

Class : 8
Packing group : III
Labels : 8
Environmentally hazardous : no

Additional data for transport : PASSENGER AIRCRAFT SHIPMENT OF CONTAINERS

>2.5L NOT PERMITTED. CARGO AIRCRAFT ONLY!, CARGO AIRCRAFT SHIPMENT OF CONTAINERS >5L NOT

PERMITTED.

IMDG

UN number : 1835

Description of the goods : TETRAMETHYLAMMONIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

Class : 8 Packing group : III





Substance No.: Revision Date 04/02/2015
Version 4.2 Print Date 12/29/2015

Labels : 8 EmS Number 1 : F-A EmS Number 2 : S-B

Marine pollutant : no Environmentally hazardous : no

Additional data for transport : 18 - Alkalis

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Notification status

TSCA : All components of this product are listed on the TSC

Inventory.

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL.

WHMIS Classification : D1A: Very Toxic Material Causing Immediate and Serious Toxic

Effects

D2B: Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects

E: Corrosive Material

Canadian PBT Chemicals : This product does not contain any components on the DSL that

are classified as Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT)

under CEPA.

CERCLA Reportable

Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

Carcinogenicity

IARC No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen

by OSHA.

NTP No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen

by NTP.

ACGIH No component of this product present at levels greater than or





equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

SARA 302 Reportable

Quantity

: This material does not contain any components with a SARA

302 RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances

: This material does not contain any components with a section

304 EHS RQ.

SARA 313: The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III,

Section 313:

SARA 313 Components : 1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone 872-50-4

Clean Air Act

Ozone-Depletion

Potential

This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

US. Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP)

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 12 (40 CFR 61).

US. Clean Air Act Section 112(r); Regulated toxic and flammable substances for Accidental Release Prevention - 40 CFR 68.130 (subpart F)

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F).

US. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final Volatile Organic Compunds (VOC) - 40 CFR part 60.489

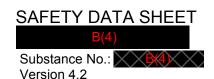
The following chemical(s) are listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final VOC's (40 CFR 60.489):

1,2-Propanediol 57-55-6

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Substances listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 116.4A.





This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Massachusetts Right To : 1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone 872-50-4 **Know Components** Pennsylvania Right To : 1,2-Propanediol 57-55-6 **Know Components** 1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone 872-50-4 **New Jersey Right To** : 1,2-Propanediol 57-55-6 **Know Components** 1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone 872-50-4 Tetramethylammonium hydroxide 75-59-2

California Prop. 65 Components WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive

harm.

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone 872-50-4

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

This information is supplied under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200, and is offered in good faith based on data available to us that we believe to be true and accurate. For any sub-heading within any section not addressed herein, no relevant information is determined or applicable. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable to the material. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific context of the intended use and determine whether they are appropriate for that use. No warranty, express or implied, is made regarding the accuracy of this data, the hazards connected with the use of the material, or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. We assume no responsibility for damage or injury from the use of the product described herein. Data provided here are typical and not intended for use as product specifications.

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1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier:
General Use:
Product Description:

Revision and Date:

Revision O, October 30, 2006

Aqueous Organic Blend

Post-Etch Residue Remover

MANUFACTURER
Technology, Inc.
2520 Barrington Court

Hayward, CA 94545-1133

(510) 784-9105

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS

(800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC

24 hours/day, 7 days/week

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Wt.% CAS Registry #

2-(2-Aminoethoxy) Ethanol Proprietary 929-06-6 Hydroxylamine Proprietary 7803-49-8 Catechol Proprietary 120-80-9

EXPOSURE LIMITS 8 hrs. TWA (ppm)

2-(2 Aminoethoxy) Ethanol None None None Hydroxylamine None None None 0.05
Catechol None 5 (Skin) None

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Yellow-Orange to Reddish-Orange liquid with an amine odor. Causes burns. May cause allergic skin reaction.



DuPont Electronic Technologies



POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

INHALATION

May cause respiratory tract irritation. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause difficulty in breathing, headache, nausea, vomiting, drowsiness, cyanosis, and lung damage.

EYE CONTACT

Causes burns.

SKIN CONTACT

Causes burns. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause allergic skin reaction in some people.

INGESTION

Swallowing this material causes burns to mouth, throat, and stomach.

TARGET ORGANS

Skin, eyes, liver, kidney, blood, stomach, lungs, and central nervous system

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

Overexposure may aggravate existing cardiovascular or respiratory conditions, blood disorders, or dermatitis.

CARCINOGENICITY

National Toxicology Program (NTP): Not listed

IARC Monographs: Contains catechol which is listed as (2B)

OSHA: Not listed

ACGIH: Contains catechol which is listed as (A3)

POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

None have been identified.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION

Remove to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Consult a physician.

EYE CONTACT

Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Have eyes examined and treated by a physician.

SKIN CONTACT

Immediately flush skin with water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. If redness or irritation occurs, seek medical attention.

INGESTION

Do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention. Maintain an open airway. Administer artificial respiration if necessary. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Evacuation of stomach contents should be done by means least likely to cause aspiration, such as gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flashpoint and Method >212°F (>100°C)/Seta Flash

Closed Cup ASTM 3278

Flammable Limits in Air

% by volume

Lower: Not available Upper: Not available

Autoignition Temperature 644-662°F (340-350°C)

Extinguishing Media Water spray, foam, carbon dioxide, dry

chemical

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Toxic vapors may be given off at high temperatures.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

Use water spray to cool containers and fire exposed surfaces. Shut off fuel to fire if possible to do so without hazard.

FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT

Wear full protective clothing with self-contained positive pressure breathing apparatus. If there is potential for skin exposure to ▼▼▼™, see Section 8 of this MSDS.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS

Carbon monoxide, NOx, Ammonia

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Evacuate area and keep personnel upwind. Cut off any source of ignition and ventilate the spill area. Contain spill with absorbent material. Transfer absorbent and other contaminated materials to a UN approved HDPE covered and vented container for disposal. Consult with Federal, State, and local regulatory agencies to determine acceptable clean-up levels. Comply with Federal, State, and local regulations on reporting releases. Wipes and absorbent materials that are used to clean up small spills must be saturated with water before disposal into HDPE drums. Not doing so may cause smoldering and presents a fire hazard. Solid materials contaminated with the should be segregated from other wastes, especially flammable and combustible wastes.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE TEMPERATURE

Storage in a dry, well-ventilated area at 27° to 120° F (-3° to 49° C) is recommended. Storage at temperatures down to -20oC will not damage the product and is not expected to cause any safety concerns.

GENERAL

Keep in original vented containers.

Keep away from strong oxidizing agents, acids, and ketones.

Prevent skin and eye contact.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

PERSONAL PROTECTION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

No respiratory protection is required when this material is handled under proper ventilation, such as a wet bench or fume hood. If proper ventilation is not available, use a NIOSH approved full-face respirator with canisters or cartridges specifically approved for ammonia. Whenever cartridges or canister respirators are used, ensure the frequent changing of the filter element. Use a supplied air respirator when in doubt of the atmospheric concentration. Consult 29 CFR 1910.134 regarding use of respirators.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

Take all precautions to prevent skin contact. Wear Nitrile, Neoprene or Latex clothing and gloves, and chemical resistant boots when there is a probability of liquid contact.

EYE / FACE PROTECTION

Wear chemical goggles or use chemical goggles under face shield when there is a probability of liquid contact.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Vapor Pressure:Not availableFreezing Point:Not availableVapor Density:>1 (Air = 1)Appearance:Yellow-orange to

Reddish-orange

Specific Gravity: 1.05-1.12 Boiling Range 230-430°F (110-221°C)

Evaporation Rate: <1 (Butyl Acetate=1) Odor: Amine Solubility in Water: Complete Physical State: Liquid

pH: 11.5-12.5

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

GENERAL

This product is stable at normal temperatures and conditions of storage.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Iron and heavy metal salts, strong oxidizing agents, acids and ketones

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

Carbon monoxide, NOx, Ammonia

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not normally occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INHALATION

 LC_{50} , rat (4 hr): >1.74 mg/l, the highest attainable concentration.

EYE CONTACT

Vapors cause irritation, based on human experience.

DATA FOR TM (CONT.):

SKIN CONTACT

LD₅₀, rabbit: 1264 mg/kg, harmful, cyanosis was noted. Considered corrosive from *in vitro* assay results. Primary irritation index: 4.6/8.0, moderately irritating. Skin sensitizer in quinea pigs.

INGESTION

LD₅₀, rat: 576 mg/kg, harmful, cyanosis was noted.

GENOTOXICITY

Not mutagenic in bacterial cells in culture.

TARGET ORGANS

Skin, eyes, liver, kidneys, blood, stomach, lungs, respiratory tract, spleen, and central nervous system

DATA FOR 2-(2-AMINOETHOXY) ETHANOL, A COMPONENT OF ✓ ✓ ∴:

EYE CONTACT

FHSA score >80/110, severely irritating

TARGET ORGANS

Eyes and Skin

DATA FOR HYDROXYLAMINE, A COMPONENT OF MINISTRAL

EYE CONTACT

Moderately irritating

SKIN CONTACT

Occupational exposure has been associated with dermatitis. Reported to be a skin sensitizer. Can cause the formation of methemoglobin and produce cyanosis.

GENOTOXICITY

Hydroxylamine and its salts have been tested in a number of short-term assays using cells in culture, insects, or plants. A mixture of positive and negative results has been found.

TARGET ORGANS

Skin, eyes, respiratory tract, blood, and spleen

DATA FOR HYDROXYLAMINE, A COMPONENT OF ► (CONT.):

CHRONIC TOXICITY

Drinking water study (rat, sulfate salt, 24 months):

LOAEL = 0.2-0.4 mg/kg, the lowest doses tested

Increased incidence of spleen tumors, hyperplasia in the spleen, increased spleen weights, hemolytic anemia, and hemosiderin storage in tissues noted.

DATA FOR CATECHOL, A COMPONENT OF **X B**(1) **X M**:

INHALATION

Occupational exposure has been associated with chronic inflammation of the upper respiratory tract.

EYE CONTACT

Corrosive

SKIN CONTACT

Irritation and sensitization have been reported in humans.

GENOTOXICITY

Tests for point mutations in isolated cells that involve direct effects on DNA have been negative when performed by standard EPA acceptable protocols. Some test for chromosomal effects have been positive. Studies that looked for direct effects on DNA in the rat stomach were negative. The results suggest that catechol does not affect DNA directly.

TARGET ORGANS

Liver, kidneys, blood, stomach, lungs, and central nervous system

CHRONIC TOXICITY

Dietary study (rat, 104 weeks):

LOAEL = 1600 ppm in diet (~80 mg/kg)

Decreased body weights, increased relative liver weights, stomach hyperplasia, and benign stomach tumors noted; malignant stomach tumors and stomach ulcers also found at 8000 ppm in diet (~400 mg/kg). Evidence suggests that doses too low to cause stomach toxicity will not produce tumors.

Dietary study (mouse, 96 weeks):

LOAEL = 8000 ppm in diet (~1200 mg/kg), the only dose tested Decreased body weights, increased relative liver weights, stomach hyperplasia, and benign stomach tumors noted.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data are available for ► Data for the components are summarized below.

DATA FOR 2-(2-AMINOETHOXY) ETHANOL, A COMPONENT OF BOX M:

FATE

Bioconcentration in aquatic organisms, adsorption to suspended solids, and evaporation not expected to be important processes in water. Expected to biodegrade rapidly, with a half-life for ultimate biodegradation of weeks. Predicted to leach readily in soil, with negligible adsorption. In air, removal expected rapidly by reaction with hydroxyl radicals, with a half-life of less than 2 hr.

AQUATIC TOXICITY

Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. 48 hr EC/LC₅₀ Fathead minnow: 1-10 mg/L, toxic 72 hr EC/LC₅₀ Algae: 0.72 mg/L, very toxic.

DATA FOR HYDROXYLAMINE, A COMPONENT OF TIME:

FATE

Rapidly oxidized to nitrates and broken down to nitrous oxide and ammonia in water. Nitrites formed by many bacteria in soil. Converted to oximes by reaction with carbonyl groups.

AQUATIC TOXICITY

48 hr EC/LC₅₀ Daphnia magna: 1.62 mg/L, toxic 48 hr EC/LC₅₀ Fathead minnow: 1-10 mg/L, toxic 72 hr EC/LC₅₀ Algae: 0.72 mg/L, very toxic

DATA FOR CATECHOL, A COMPONENT OF SINCE

FATE

Biodegradation demonstrated under anaerobic conditions. Expected to undergo direct and indirect photolysis. Not expected to adsorb to sediments, evaporate, or bioconcentrate. Should be partially ionized in water and moist soils. Expected to be highly mobile in soils. Not expected to evaporate or hydrolyze in soils. Will exist mainly as vapor in air, where photodegradation is expected with a half-life of 0.6 days.

AQUATIC TOXICITY

96 hr LC₅₀ Fathead minnow: 3.5 mg/L, toxic,

96 hr LC₅₀ Sand shrimp: >44 mg/L, no more than harmful.

96 hr LC₅₀Rainbow trout: 8.9 mg/L, toxic

When green algae were exposed to catechol for 1 to 14 days, growth was inhibited at concentrations of 20 mg/L.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHODS

Consult 40 CFR, Parts 261 and 268, State, and local regulations for guidance on disposal of this product. Incineration at a facility with appropriate permits or authorizations is the recommended method of disposal. Spent should be segregated from ketones and gamma butyrolactone. Wipes and absorbent materials that are used to clean up small spills must be saturated with water before disposal into HDPE drums. Not doing so may cause smoldering and presents a fire hazard. Solid materials contaminated with should be segregated from other wastes, especially flammable and combustible wastes. For transportation of spent was only vented drums of HDPE or plastic lined steel drums.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Empty containers retain product residue. Observe all hazard precautions. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flames, Do not distribute, make available, or reuse empty containers except for storage and shipment of original product. Remove all hazardous product residue, and puncture or otherwise destroy empty containers before disposal. Consult 40 CFR, Parts 261 and 268 for guidance on disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT/IMO/ICAO/IATA

Proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC,

N.O.S. (CONTAINS 2-(2-AMINOETHOXY)

ETHANOL)

Hazard Class 8

Identification number UN 3267

Packing group II

Labels required Corrosive IMDG page number Not available

XB4X™ cannot ship via air due to the vented cap.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

Components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

PROPOSITION 65

WARNING. This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)

311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute, chronic

313

This product contains catechol at an upperbound concentration of 5% which is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of

1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE RESPONSE COMPENSATION AND LIABILITY ACT)

Not reportable

We recommend that you contact local authorities to determine if there may be other local reporting requirements.

OTHER INFORMATION 16.

Because the health effects from exposure to Not have not been fully evaluated, exposure should be kept to the lowest level possible. This material is for industrial use and should only be used under the supervision of a technically qualified individual.

LABEL INFORMATION

NFPA CODES

Health 3 Fire 1 Reactivity 0

Specific Hazard Corrosive

REVISION SUMMARY

Rev. O Revision of label

Prepared by: Steven C. Dawson, CIH

Manager, Industrial Hygiene & Health

The information included in this document is taken from sources, or based on data believed to be reliable and given in good faith. No warranty is made, however, as to the absolute correctness of any of this information, or that additional or other measures may not be required under particular conditions. The data in this Material Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process. Please refer to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 for guidance in the use of this information.